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| **Round 1:** |
| **Question: Types of Financial Aid**  |
| **Answer 1: Scholarships** |
| **Explanation:** Money to support a student’s education that does not have to be paid back. Scholarships are awarded on the basis of academic, athletic, or other types of achievements. |
| **Answer 2: Grants** |
| **Explanation:** Money from the US Government to support a student’s education that does not have to be paid back. Pell grants are awarded to US citizens and legal residents on the basis of financial need and timeliness of completing the FAFSA. |
| **Answer 3: Work Study** |
| **Explanation: T**he opportunity for college students to work part-time jobs (often on the campus of the school they attend) to earn money to pay educational expenses. Students receive compensation in the form of a paycheck, much like a traditional job.  |
| **Answer 4: Student Loans** |
| **Explanation** Money a student borrows to help pay for college, which must be paid back.  |
| **Answer 5: Parent Plus Loans** |
| **Explanation:** A PLUS Loan is a student loan offered to parents of students enrolled at least half-time, or graduate and professional students, at participating and eligible post-secondary institutions. The original, now obsolete, meaning of the acronym was "Parent Loan for Undergraduate Students". |

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| **Round 2:** |
| **Question: Things to consider when calculating the cost of college** |
| **Explanation**: All of these items make up the “total cost of attendance” for college. Financial aid is offered based on the total cost of attendance. These costs should be considered when you contemplate how you will pay for college.  |
| **Answer 1: Tuition** |
| **Answer 2: Books** |
| **Answer 3: Housing** |
| **Answer 4: Meals** |
| **Answer 5: Transportation** |
| **Answer 6: Fees** |

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| **Round 3:** |
| **Question: HS courses & number of years required for admission into AZ Universities** |
| **Explanation**: Although your HS graduation requirements look different from the ones listed, it is important to know that if you are considering attending an Arizona university you must also meet these requirements so you do not have deficiencies.  |
| **Answer 1: 4 Yrs.- Math** |
| **Answer 2: 4 Yrs.- English** |
| **Answer 3: 3 Yrs.- Lab Science** |
| **Answer 4: 2 Yrs. - Social Science** |
| **Answer 5: 2 Yrs.- Foreign Language**  |
| **Answer 6: 1 Yr.- Fine Arts or CTE** |

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| **Round 4:** |
| **Question: Types of post-secondary institutions** |
| **Answer 1: Public University**  |
| **Explanation**: A postsecondary school that is primarily funded by taxpayers / public funds. The University of Arizona, NAU, ASU, Mohave Community College, Arizona Western College, Northland Pioneer College, Yavapai College, are examples of public institutions in Arizona. |
| **Answer 2: Private University** |
| **Explanation**: A postsecondary school that does not directly receive funds from the government/taxpayers to operate. The money students pay, and donations, are used to operate the school. Private colleges may be “for-profit” or “not-for-profit.” **For-Profit** institutions offer a service (education) in order to make money. Examples of these institutions in Arizona include: University of Phoenix, Grand Canyon University, Carrington College, and the Art Institute of Phoenix. **Not-For-Profit** institutions also offer a service (education) but their goal is not to make money but to achieve their stated mission. Examples of not-for-profit schools include Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Prescott College, Harvard, and Yale. |
| **Answer 3: Community College (Junior College)** |
| **Explanation**: A public postsecondary institution that offers courses to the residents in the surrounding area. Students may attend community colleges to obtain Associate’s degrees or technical certificates, or may take courses there towards a bachelor’s degree, before transferring to a four–year university (2+2 pathway). Students can also take courses to enhance their skills in an area, or just for fun. |
| **Answer 4: Technical/Trade School** |
| **Explanation**: A general term used for a college that provides mostly employment-preparation skills for trained labor, such as welding, and culinary arts. These programs generally take no more than two years to complete. Examples include the Le Cordon Bleu Institute, UTI, and DeVry. Many Technical Schools are for-profit. These are different than **Polytechnic Institutes** which offer bachelor’s, masters and doctoral degrees in the science and engineering fields, such as California Polytechnic and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. |
| **Answer 5: Military Academy** |
| **Explanation**: A military academy or service academy is an educational institution which prepares candidates for service in the officer corps of the army, the navy, marine corps, air force or coast guard. |

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| **Round 5:** |
| **Question: Way to lower the total cost of college** |
| **Answer 1: Rent/Buy Used Books** |
| **Explanation**: **Renting books** either from your local college bookstore or from an online site, such as Amazon, can drop the cost of a textbook to a fraction of what buying them would be. **Buy Used Books:** Since the class, you are taking is most likely not “new,” you can also look into buy books that other students might have read and used in a session prior. This again can make the cost of the book come down significantly. |
| **Answer 2: Transportation** |
| **Explanation**: Being able to carpool, walk, bike or bus to classes not only saves on the cost of gas but it can also save you from having to pay for a very costly parking pass.  |
| **Answer 3: Live at Home/Roommates** |
| **Explanation**: **Living at Home:** Although this is not always an option for all students, living at home is a great way to save on living cost if you can. **Roommates:** If you do choose to live off campus, renting with roommates can be a great way to lower the overall cost of renting and utilities.  |
| **Answer 4: Start at a community college** |
| **Explanation**: This is not always the best option for all students, but can be a great way to get pre-requisites done prior to attending a university.  |
| **Answer 5: Dual Enrollment in HS** |
| **Explanation**: Depending on availability and if you meet the requirements, you can gain college credit in HS through taking offered dual enrollment courses.  |
| **Answer 6: High GPA/Merit Scholarships** |
| **Explanation**: Many colleges and community colleges offer scholastic merit scholarships that can be used to pay for the cost of attending college.  |

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| **Round 6:** |
| **Question: Things to consider when choosing a post-secondary institution** |
| **Answer 1: Clubs and Organizations** |
| **Explanation**: Part of the college experience is getting involved. Look at what the school offers and how you can get involved.  |
| **Answer 2: Housing Options** |
| **Explanation**: Knowing what housing and other resources the school offers can play a big role in if the campus is a “good” fit for you.  |
| **Answer 3: Financial Aid Package** |
| **Explanation**: The amount of may you are awarded at one school is not going to be the same at another. Consider how your financial aid will impact your financial future once you have graduated.  |
| **Answer 4: Courses of Study** |
| **Explanation**: Look at what is offered and if the programs match up to your career pathway plan.  |
| **Answer 5: Academic Support** |
| **Explanation**: Even the best students need support at times. Look at what academic supports are offered and how you can utilize them.  |
| **Answer 6: Class Size** |
| **Explanation**: Being in a class of 250 or 25 is a reality for many campuses. Consider how class sizes will impact you as a learner.  |
| **Answer 7: Cost** |
| **Explanation**: The cost of attendance for a school can be a big factor for consideration of a college. Don’t forget to factor in your financial package when you look at the cost of attendance.  |
| **Answer 8: Location** |
| **Explanation**: Let’s face it, not everyone wants to leave home and go to college. Think about where your comfort level lies with how far away from home you are willing to go.  |

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| **Round 7:** |
| **Question: Why is it important for HS seniors to apply for FAFSA**  |
| **Answer 1: My GEAR UP Coordinator said it is** |
| **Explanation**: Your Coordinator has a goal to help prepare you for post-secondary pathways. Part of this is helping you understand what options you have financially. Remember your Coordinator is always happy to help as you prepare for all of your post-secondary endeavors.  |
| **Answer 2: Determines eligibility for loans** |
| **Explanation**: The FAFSA take all of the information you provide and helps generate a financial package that could possibly offer you subsidized and/or unsubsidized loans, which can help cover the cost of college.  |
| **Answer 3: Determines eligibility for grants** |
| **Explanation**: Since grants are FREE money, the FAFSA is a way to determine who qualifies and how much can be awarded based on individual need.  |
| **Answer 4: Determines eligibility for work study** |
| **Explanation**: Working on campus can offer great flexibility with your school schedule and allow you to help pay for college expenses. The FAFSA uses your information to know what you qualify for and how much can be awarded to you.  |
| **Answer 5: Other scholarships may require it** |
| **Explanation**: Many scholarships have a “need” based requirement and use the FAFSA as a guide to determine who has the need.  |

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| **Round 8:** |
| **Question: Famous Alumni from AZ Universities**  |
| **Answer 1: Pat Tillman- ASU**  |
| **(Graduated with a degree in Marketing)** |
| **Answer 2: Barry Bonds- ASU**  |
| **(Graduated with a degree in Criminology)** |
| **Answer 3: Kourtney Kardashian- U of A**  |
| **(Graduated with a degree in Theater Arts)** |
| **Answer 4: Rob Gronkowski- U of A**  |
| **(Attended 3 years before being drafted into the NFL.)** |
| **Answer 5: Kristen Wig- U of A**  |
| **(Attended 3 Years- Majored in Art)** |
| **Answer 6: Savanah Gutherie- U of A**  |
| **(Graduated Cum Laude with a degree in Journalism)** |
| **Answer 7: Jimmy Kimmel- ASU**  |
| **(Attend 2 years- no degree) Has honorary degree from UNLV** |
| **Answer 8: David Spade- ASU**  |
| **( Graduated with a degree in Business)** |