

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended | June 30, 2015



NORTHERN
ARIZONA
UNIVERSITY

Included as an Enterprise Fund of the State of Arizona

2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended June 30, 2015

Flagstaff, Arizona
Prepared by the Comptroller's Office



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Introductory Section



A Message from the President



After a full year on my journey as NAU's president, I continue to be optimistic about the university's standing and confident about what the future will bring.

This is a university that is coming of age at a time of rapid change in higher education, blossoming with growth and new capabilities. We are setting our sights even higher as our accomplishments point the way to institutional excellence.

NAU welcomed a record number of students in the fall, including its largest freshman class ever. That means our annual economic impact in Arizona increased by \$30 million since last year. Overall, NAU contributes nearly \$2 billion to the Arizona economy.

As the economy in Arizona continues its gradual recovery, NAU contributes in other ways. Of the tens of thousands of jobs Arizona is projected to add, a significant proportion encompasses STEM fields. NAU's enrollment growth in STEM programs has expanded rapidly in the last 10 years, tracking well with the state's workforce needs.

To ensure the continued vitality of enrollment and workforce trends, NAU has invested in an extensive network of support for first-year students, streamlined processes and structures to enhance organizational effectiveness, and implemented new technologies to integrate student services and advance our capabilities in course scheduling.

At the same time that we have opened spectacular new facilities, such as the Science and Health building, we have also expanded our digital footprint in online courses and programs in order to be even more accessible and flexible.

We have also welcomed new leaders who are coalescing into a visionary team that is focusing on the most essential functions required for the university to maintain its momentum and prepare for an energetic move forward.

Throughout all these changes, our students are at the center of all we do and all we hope to do. One of the most fulfilling aspects of being a high-performing university is knowing we serve our students well. Their success is more than a goal—it's a value, along with access, and quality, and the excellence of their experience. What we achieve with students clearly influences the progress of this state. Their contributions to Arizona's prosperity will become our legacy.

Thank you for your interest and support of Northern Arizona University. We face many challenges while fulfilling our mission but we will always succeed by working with our partners and the community.

Rita Cheng
President

Letter of Transmittal



October 30, 2015

To President Cheng, Members of the Arizona Board of Regents, and the Northern Arizona University community:

We are respectfully submitting the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Northern

Arizona University for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The report includes the financial statements for the year as well as other useful information to help ensure the University's accountability to the public.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the information and for the completeness and fairness of its presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the University's management. We believe the information is accurate in all material respects and fairly presents the University's financial position, revenues, expenses, and other changes in net position. We believe our system of internal controls is sound and sufficient to disclose material deficiencies in controls to the auditors and the audit committee and to provide management with reasonable, although not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. Because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements, and provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded from unauthorized use or disposition.

The University's CAFR is intended to fulfill the State of Arizona Transparency Law, Arizona Revised Statutes §41-725. Additionally, federal guidelines and certain bond covenants require that the University's accounting and financial records be subject to an annual independent audit. The University's annual audit is performed by the State of Arizona Office of the Auditor General. The reports resulting from the audit are shared with University management, the

Arizona Board of Regents (ABOR), ABOR Audit Committee and the ABOR Business and Finance Committee. The audit of the University's federal financial assistance programs is performed by the Office of the Auditor General in conjunction with the statewide Single Audit. The independent auditors' report can be found in front of the Financial Section wherein the auditors' opinion on the fair presentation of the financial statements is an unmodified opinion.

The CAFR is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using the guidelines as recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). The CAFR includes Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), along with other required supplementary information and all disclosures necessary for the reader to gain a broad understanding of the University's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Profile of the University

The University is a fully-accredited, four-year degree-granting institution of higher learning (Carnegie Classification: Doctoral, Public, High Research), supported by the State and governed by ABOR. The University's fiscal year 2015 fall semester total headcount was 27,715. Headcount was comprised of 23,845 undergraduate and 3,870 graduate students. The University emphasizes undergraduate education while offering graduate programs leading to master's and doctorate degrees in selected fields. ABOR governs Northern Arizona University as well as the other two public universities in the State. ABOR is comprised of twelve members that include appointed, ex-officio, and student regents. The Governor appoints and the Arizona Senate confirms the eight appointed regents to staggered eight-year terms as voting members of

ABOR. The Governor and Superintendent of Public Instruction serve as ex-officio voting members while they hold office. Two student regents each serve two-year terms, the first year as a nonvoting board member and the second as a voting member.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds belonging to the University and its component units. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the University implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. GASB Statement No. 68 revises existing guidance for the financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It will also improve information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. GASB Statement No. 71 amends Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability.

The University is classified as a state instrumentality per Internal Revenue Code Section 115. Fiscal responsibility for the University remains with the State of Arizona. The University is considered a part of the reporting entity for the State's financial reporting purposes and is included in the State's CAFR. The financial reporting entity for NAU's financial statements is comprised of the University and two component units. The University's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB reporting requirements. The component units include the NAU Foundation and Northern Arizona Capital Facilities Finance Corporation. The component units are non-profit, tax-exempt organizations. The NAU Foundation is a discretely presented component unit and the Northern Arizona Capital Facilities Finance Corporation is a blended component unit, based on the nature and significance of their relationship to the University.

The University is responsible for controlling

its budget and using its resources to fulfill its educational, research, and public service mission. It is also responsible for planning, developing, and controlling budgets and expenses within authorized allocations in accordance with University, ABOR, state, and federal policies and procedures. The University maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for capital projects.

History

The University was established in 1899 as Northern Arizona Normal School, with 33 students and a single building. In 1925, the State Legislature changed the institution's status from a normal school to a four-year, degree-conferring college, granting the Bachelor of Education. The same year, the name of the school was changed to Northern Arizona State Teachers College. In 1929, the name was changed to Arizona State Teachers College at Flagstaff. The name was changed again in 1945 to Arizona State College at Flagstaff when majors leading to the Bachelor of Arts and the Bachelor of Science degrees were added. Effective May 1, 1966, the institution was designated a University by the State Legislature and was given its present name. Graduate work at the University began in 1937, with a program leading to the Master of Arts in Education degree. In 1954, ABOR authorized the granting of the Educational Specialist degree and, in 1955, the Master of Arts and Master of Science degrees. Approval for programs leading to the Doctor of Philosophy and the Doctor of Education degrees was given in 1968. In 1973, the first doctoral students were graduated.

For over 100 years, the University's philosophy has been to preserve a friendly campus atmosphere and to maintain close student-faculty relationships through quality teaching in the classroom and through faculty guidance for each individual student. The University's Mission Statement embodies a number of themes and goals which provide guidance for University programs. These include goals to be a learning-centered University with a deep commitment to student success and high expectations for student achievement; provide responsive educational pro-

grams to State citizens wherever they live and work; further the environmental, economic, social, and cultural vitality of our communities through collaborative stewardship of place; advance the internationalization of the University to prepare students for global citizenship; create a culture of inclusion that contributes to a rich learning experience and helps prepare students for engaged social responsiveness in a global environment; become the nation's leading University serving Native Americans and to exemplify an innovative, effective, and accountable learning community.

Economic Condition

As reported by the Arizona Department of Administration Employment Forecast, released in February, 2015, the Office of Employment and Population Statistics within the Arizona Department of Administration is forecasting gradual gains in nonfarm employment in Arizona for the 2015-2016 time period. An over-the-year gain of 56,600 nonfarm jobs is expected in 2015 and 63,100 in 2016, representing growth of 2.2 percent in 2015 and 2.4 percent in 2016 across the State of Arizona. The overall employment situation in Arizona continues to improve. This is consistent with improvement seen in many economic indicators including population growth.

Arizona's year over year average nonfarm employment growth rate exceeded the national average in both 2013 and 2014. While the U.S. has recovered all the jobs shed since the prerecession peak, Arizona has recovered approximately 73.9 percent of jobs lost as of December, 2014. The recovery is expected to continue in Arizona. All eleven major sectors are expected to grow in 2015 and 2016.

There are several factors supporting Arizona's economic growth, including continued improvement in real Gross Domestic Product (GDP), real personal income, employment, and retail sales. There is a continuation of private sector employment gains. Household net worth and U.S. exports continue to increase. The residential real estate market has shown improvement. Some factors that could further dampen the growth of the local economy include

disposable income increases offset by constrained budgets for a large majority of households. Population growth has been below the growth rate observed historically, limiting the additional demand for goods and services. Compared to prior recessions, the weak employment recovery is in large part due to lack of new construction. However, the economic fundamentals continue to improve.

The University will continue to provide excellent teaching, research, and public service endeavors for students, citizens, and other constituents. Management has taken action to restructure and reduce the operating budget while protecting the academic foundation as much as possible. NAU remains committed to sound financial and budgetary planning, protection and enhancement of its endowed and physical assets, as well as its observance of compliance and control standards.

Planning and Major Initiatives

Northern Arizona University's mission focus is to provide an outstanding undergraduate residential education strengthened by research, graduate and professional programs, and sophisticated methods of distance delivery and innovative new campuses and programs throughout the state. The University's strategic goals are aligned with ABOR directions to promote student learning and success, advance educational attainment in Arizona, expand research, and impact Arizona.

The record breaking class of 2019 was chosen from over 30,000 applicants. The 4,341 new, full time freshmen students hail from all 15 Arizona counties, 43 states and 14 countries. More than 25 percent graduated in the top 10 percent of their class. Students who will be the first in their families to graduate from a four-year college comprise almost 43 percent of the class. In extracurricular activities over their last year in high school, 71 percent participated in volunteer work/community service; 94 percent played a sport or exercised weekly; and 72 percent participated in student clubs.

Northern Arizona University is working closely with Northern Arizona Healthcare to create the THRIVE

partnership through a grant funded by the Flinn Foundation. Through THRIVE, the two organizations are conducting research in the areas of population and community health, precision and personalized medicine, and translational and biomedical health. The diverse populations of northern Arizona are the focus of the partnership. Specifically, researchers hope to identify the cultural and transitional barriers faced by discharged cardiac patients in order to reduce those barriers, improve the overall aftercare and reduce re-admission rates.

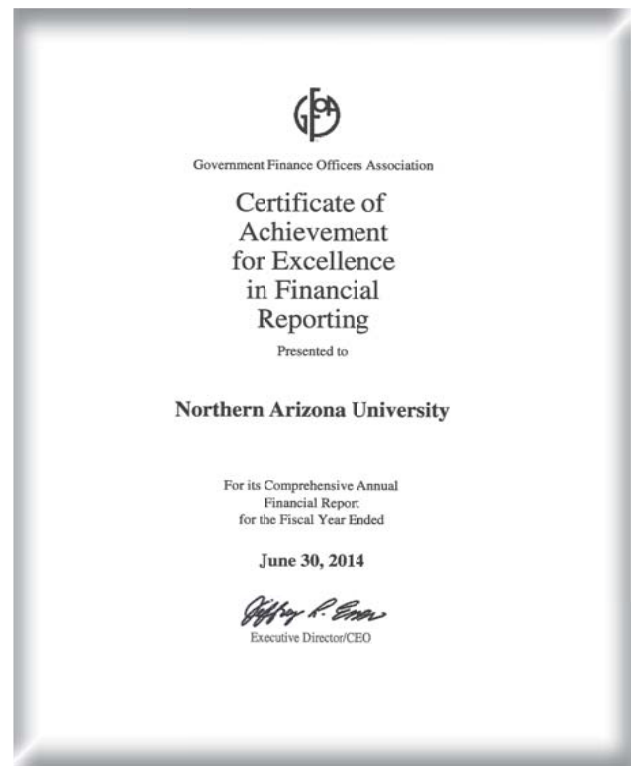
In order to accommodate our growing student population, construction on a new Science and Health building with updated lab and classroom space has been completed and has opened to students this fall. The Student and Academic Services building will be opening in January, 2016 which will help streamline services for students. Construction on the new Aquatic and Tennis Complex is well underway and will open in December. These, among other projects, directly address needs for renovating or replacing aging facilities and accommodating a larger student population.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Northern Arizona University for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the second consecutive year that NAU has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, NAU had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report in a timely manner would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Financial Accounting



Services Office and other University administrators, faculty and staff. We wish to thank all departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. In addition, the State of Arizona Office of the Auditor General provided invaluable assistance.

Jennus L. Burton
Vice President for Finance and Administration

Arizona Board of Regents

as of June 30, 2015

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS

Honorable Doug Ducey
Governor of Arizona

Honorable Diane Douglas
Superintendent of Public Instruction

APPOINTED MEMBERS

Jay Heiler, *Chair*

Greg Patterson, *Vice Chair*

Ram Krishna, *Secretary*

Mark Killian, *Treasurer*

LuAnn Leonard

Rick Myers

Bill Ridenour

Ron Shoopman

Jared Gorshe, *Student Regent*

Mark Naufel, *Student Regent*

Executive Administration

as of June 30, 2015

Rita Cheng

President

Joanne Keene

Executive Vice President and Chief of Staff

Jennus L. Burton

Vice President for Finance and Administration

Lisa Campos

Vice President for Intercollegiate Athletics

Christy Farley

Vice President for Government Affairs and Business Partnerships

Bjorn Flugstad

Vice President for Planning and Institutional Research

Mason Gerety

Vice President for University Advancement

William Grabe

Vice President for Research

Laura Huenneke

Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs

Fred Hurst

Senior Vice President for Extended Campuses

Jane Kuhn

Vice President for Enrollment Management and Student Affairs

Mark Neumayr

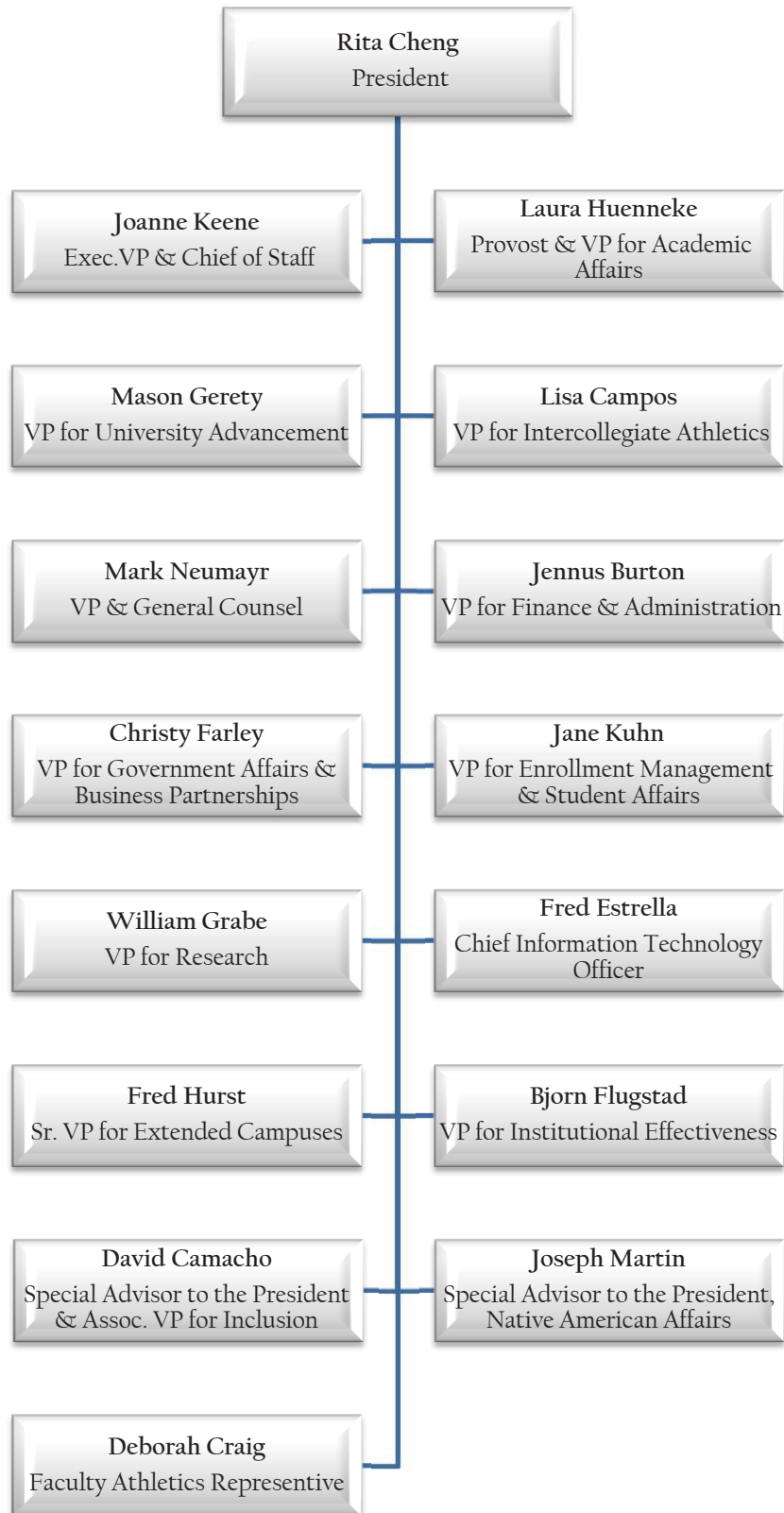
Vice President and General Counsel

Wendy Swartz

*Interim Associate Vice President for Financial Services/
Comptroller*

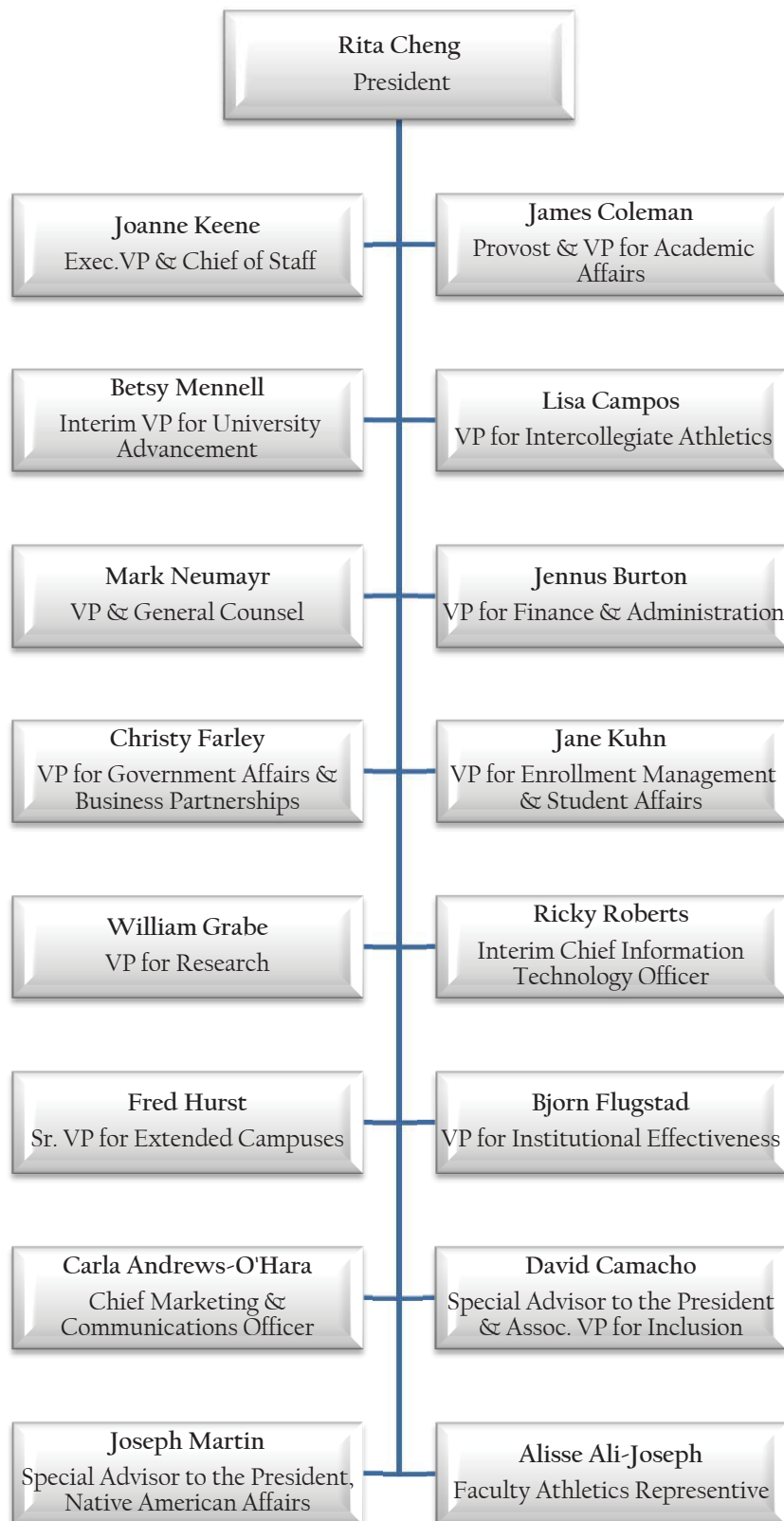
Organization Chart

as of June 30, 2015



Organization Chart

as of September 30, 2015



Financial Section





DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA
AUDITOR GENERAL

STATE OF ARIZONA
OFFICE OF THE
AUDITOR GENERAL

MELANIE M. CHESNEY
DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Arizona Board of Regents

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Northern Arizona University as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited by the other auditors in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the University's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Northern Arizona University as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emphasis of Matters

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the University's financial statements are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows of only those portions of the business-type activities, major fund, and aggregate discretely presented component units of the State of Arizona that are attributable to the transactions of the University. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Arizona as of June 30, 2015, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2015, the University adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of University's Pension Contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue our report on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Debbie Davenport
Auditor General

October 30, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and the activities of Northern Arizona University for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Management has prepared the discussion and analysis to be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter, the financial statements and notes.

The University is an enterprise fund of the State of Arizona, and an integral part of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The financial reporting entity for the financial statements is comprised of the University and two component units. One component unit is reported as if it was part of the University, and one is reported as a discretely presented component unit based on the nature and significance of their relationship to NAU.

The financial statements encompass NAU and its discretely presented component unit; however, the MD&A focuses only on the University. Information relating to the component unit can be found in this report in the component unit Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Activities as well as Note 10, and in its separately issued financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities. The financial statements are presented on a consolidated basis to focus on the University as a whole. The full scope of NAU's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity and, accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements. NAU's financial report includes three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. While audited financial statements for the 2013-2014 fiscal year are not presented with this report, condensed data will be presented in the MD&A to illustrate certain increases and decreases compared with fiscal year 2014-2015 data.

Overview of Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the University at the end of the fiscal year, including all assets and deferred outflows, all liabilities

and deferred inflows, and segregates the assets and liabilities into current and non-current components. The following table summarizes the University's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, and net position on June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION (dollars in thousands)

	2015	2014 (restated)
Assets:		
Current assets	\$ 230,820	\$ 210,377
Non-current assets:		
Endowment, restricted, student loans receivable, and other investments	101,243	164,689
Capital assets, net	823,088	727,698
Other non-current assets	2,527	3,293
Total Assets	\$ 1,157,678	\$ 1,106,057
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 38,553	\$ 16,142
Liabilities:		
Other liabilities	\$ 84,698	\$ 71,249
Long-term liabilities	792,715	769,910
Total Liabilities	\$ 877,413	\$ 841,159
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 27,724	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 268,007	\$ 234,187
Restricted	55,138	51,232
Unrestricted	(32,051)	(4,379)
Total Net Position	\$ 291,094	\$ 281,040

Total Assets

When compared to fiscal year 2014, total assets for the University increased by \$51.6 million. The increase was attributable to an increase in capital assets of \$95.4 million, an increase in current assets of \$20.4 million mainly due to growth in cash and short term investments, offset by decreases in restricted cash for capital projects and other non-current investments of \$64.3 million. The net

increase in capital assets is due mainly to the construction in progress of three new buildings: Science and Health, Student and Academic Services, and a new Aquatic and Tennis Complex (see the Capital and Debt Analysis section of the MD&A for more information). The increase in cash is an effort to limit the University's interest rate risk; the University has moved its investment portfolio out of non-current long term investments and into shorter term, more liquid investments. This will position the University well for any future interest rate increases. The decrease in restricted cash for capital projects is due to the spending down of bond proceeds for several buildings nearing completion: the Science and Health building, the Student and Academic Services building, and the Aquatic and Tennis Complex.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are consumptions of the University's net position that are applicable to a future reporting period. In fiscal year 2014 the University included deferred charges on refunding of debt as the only deferred outflow of resources. Compared to fiscal year 2014, refunding of debt increased \$3.9 million. In fiscal year 2015 the University implemented GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, and GASB 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. Due to the implementation of the above mentioned GASBs, deferred outflows of resources increased \$18.5 million compared to FY 2014 for deferred outflows relating to pensions (see Note 9 for more information).

Deferred charge on debt refunding	\$ 9,416,563	24%
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	29,136,580	76%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 38,553,143	100%

Total Liabilities

Total liabilities increased \$36.3 million compared to fiscal year 2014 (restated) due to the following: an increase in accounts payable of \$13.1 million, and an increase in long term debt of \$28.6 million. These increases were offset by a decrease in net pension liability of \$4.4 million. The increase in accounts payable is attributable to accruing expenses related to new and on-going construction on

campus. The increase in long term debt is due to the issuance of new debt for the Student and Academic Services Building.

Deferred Inflow of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the University that are applicable to a future reporting period. In fiscal year 2015 the University implemented GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, and GASB 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. Due to the implementation in FY 2015 of the above mentioned GASBs, deferred inflow of resources increased \$27.7 million for deferred inflows related to pensions (see Note 9 for more information).

Total Net Position

Net position represents the value of the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted. The University's net position was \$291.1 million at June 30, 2015, an increase of \$10.1 million over the prior year. Net investment in capital assets represents the University's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included. Non-expendable restricted net position includes endowment and similar assets whose use is limited by donors or other outside sources and, as a condition of the gift, the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity. Expendable restricted net position includes resources in which the University is legally obligated to spend the resources in accordance with restrictions provided by external parties. Unrestricted net position is not subject to externally imposed stipulations; however, most of these resources have been designated for particular academic, research, or other programs, as well as capital projects.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the University's results of operations. Activities are reported as either operating or nonoperating. Generally, operating revenues are earned in exchange for providing goods and services. Operating expenses are incurred in the normal operation of the University, including a provision for depreciation on capital assets. Certain revenue sources that the University relies on for operations, including state appropriations, non-capital

grants and gifts, and net investment income are required by GASB Statement No. 35 to be classified as nonoperating revenues. Nonoperating expenses consist of capital financing costs.

Operating Revenues

The operating revenues represent resources generated from exchange transactions by the University in fulfilling its instruction, research, and public service missions. Student tuition and fees are reported net of the scholarship allowance, which was \$88.4 million for fiscal year 2015 and

CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

A comparison of the University's operations (in thousands of dollars) for the year ended June 30, 2015 and for the year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	2015	2014	% Change
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 205,550	\$ 188,816	9%
Grants and contracts	25,081	22,459	12%
Auxiliary enterprises	55,045	51,294	7%
Other	23,215	20,246	15%
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 308,891</u>	<u>\$ 282,815</u>	9%
Operating expenses:			
Educational and general	\$ 418,055	\$ 395,493	6%
Auxiliary enterprises	37,706	32,759	15%
Depreciation	35,123	33,256	6%
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 490,884</u>	<u>\$ 461,508</u>	6%
Operating loss	<u>\$ (181,993)</u>	<u>\$ (178,693)</u>	2%
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
State appropriations	\$ 112,026	\$ 105,588	6%
Share of state sales tax revenues	13,267	12,308	8%
Grants and gifts	72,690	67,333	8%
Net investment income	1,771	5,703	(69%)
Interest expense on debt	(22,723)	(23,696)	(4%)
Other nonoperating revenues	8,271	8,987	(8%)
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>\$ 185,302</u>	<u>\$ 176,223</u>	5%
Income (loss) before capital and endowment additions	<u>\$ 3,309</u>	<u>\$ (2,470)</u>	234%
Capital appropriations	5,827	5,900	(1%)
Other capital and endowment additions	918	890	3%
Increase in net position	<u>\$ 10,054</u>	<u>\$ 4,320</u>	133%
Net position, beginning of year (restated)	<u>281,040</u>	<u>276,720</u>	2%
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 291,094</u>	<u>\$ 281,040</u>	4%

\$76.7 million for the prior year. Net revenues from student tuition and fees increased 8.9 percent over the prior year due to approved tuition and fee increases and student enrollment increases in comparison to the prior year.

Revenues from operating grants and contracts increased 11.7 percent over the prior year, primarily due to increased grant expenditures. The funding comes from contracts and grants awarded by federal and state agencies, foundations, non-profit organizations, corporations and associations. Revenues vary from year to year for many reasons, including the availability of funding from sponsors, the commencement or closure of large projects and unearned revenues.

Auxiliary enterprises include the revenues from student housing, student health services, dining operations, and parking and shuttle services. Auxiliary revenue increased 7.3 percent over the prior year, primarily due to increased student enrollment.

Operating Expenses

The University's operating expenses were \$490.9 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The operating expenses are reported by programmatic (functional) classification in the financial statements and by natural classification in Note 8. The following tables illustrate the University's operating expenses by natural classification and by functional classification.

EXPENSES - BY NATURAL CLASSIFICATION (in thousands)

	2015	2014
Operating:		
Personal services and benefits	\$ 313,645	\$ 293,654
Operations	113,048	109,185
Scholarships and fellowships	29,068	25,413
Depreciation	35,123	33,256
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 490,884</u>	<u>\$ 461,508</u>

EXPENSES - BY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION (in thousands)

	2015	2014
Operating:		
Instruction	\$ 167,080	\$ 156,021
Research	25,461	23,584
Public service	27,009	25,699
Academic support	36,182	33,877
Student services	50,335	50,504
Institutional support	57,141	53,702
Operation and maintenance of plant	25,779	26,693
Scholarships and fellowships	29,068	25,413
Auxiliary enterprises	37,706	32,759
Depreciation	35,123	33,256
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 490,884</u>	<u>\$ 461,508</u>

Operating expense categories changed at varying rates, although the overall rate of increase was 6.4 percent. Auxiliary enterprises and scholarships and fellowships incurred the highest increase of 15.1 and 14.4 percent respectively, primarily due to increased student enrollment.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

State appropriations, non-capital gifts and grants, and net investment income are considered non-operating because they were not exchange transactions generated by the University's principal, ongoing operations. For example, state appropriations were not generated by the University but were provided to help fund operating expenses.

State appropriations totaled \$112.0 million for FY 2015, a net increase of 6.1 percent. The increase is mainly due to the increased number of students.

Non-capital grants and gifts increased \$5.4 million or 8.0 percent. This includes expendable gifts and federal and other awards that are not considered to be operating revenues. Net investment income decreased \$3.9 million or a decrease of 68 percent. Net investment income includes income from realized and unrealized gains, and is net of realized and unrealized losses and management fees.

COMBINED SOURCES AND USES (Dollars in millions)

	FY 2015		FY 2014		Percentage Change		
Sources							
Tuition and fees, net	\$	205.6	39.4%	\$	188.8	38.5%	9%
State appropriations		112.0	21.4%		105.6	21.5%	6%
Grants and contracts		81.9	15.6%		76.0	15.5%	8%
Auxiliary enterprises		55.0	10.5%		51.3	10.5%	7%
Other sources		38.2	7.3%		36.8	7.5%	4%
Private gifts, grants and contracts		15.8	3.0%		13.8	2.8%	14%
Share of state sales tax (TRIF)		13.3	2.5%		12.3	2.5%	8%
Net investment income		1.8	0.3%		5.7	1.2%	(68%)
Total sources	\$	523.6	100.0%	\$	490.3	100.0%	7%
Uses							
Instruction and academic support	\$	203.2	39.7%	\$	189.9	39.2%	7%
Student services & institutional support		107.5	20.9%		104.2	21.4%	3%
Research and public service		52.5	10.2%		49.3	10.1%	6%
Auxiliary enterprises		37.7	7.3%		32.8	6.7%	15%
Depreciation		35.1	6.8%		33.3	6.9%	5%
Scholarships and fellowships		29.1	5.7%		25.4	5.2%	15%
Other uses		22.7	4.4%		24.4	5.0%	(7%)
Operation & maintenance of plant		25.8	5.0%		26.7	5.5%	(3%)
Total uses	\$	513.6	100.0%	\$	486.0	100.0%	6%

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides additional information about the University's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. Cash flows from operating activities present the net cash generated or used by the operating activities of the University. Due to the categorization of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses by GASB, cash flows from operating expenses are typically a net cash use. Major operating funding sources include student tuition and fees, governmental grants and contracts, and auxiliary enterprise revenues. Operating expenses include employee salaries and benefits and vendor payments for supplies. Net cash flows from noncapital financial activities is a major funding source for operating expenses and includes cash from state appropriations, financial aid grants, and private gifts. Cash flows from capital financing activities include all capital assets and related long-term debt activities,

including proceeds from the issuance of debt, capital asset purchases, and principal and interest paid on long-term debt. Cash flows from investing activities show the net sources and uses of cash related to purchasing or selling investments and income earned on those investments.

Capital and Debt Analysis

The University is required by Arizona Revised Statutes §41-793 and ABOR policy 7-106 to prepare an annual Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP details the University's strategic plan on space and capital acquisition to meet short and long-term requirements. The projects included in the CIP concentrate on capital improvements that provide students, faculty, and staff with high quality, safe environments dedicated to academic and research endeavors. It outlines the current capital funding allocation for the University, specifically for building renewal, deferred maintenance, facility leases, and other

critical construction projects. The CIP covers a three year period and focuses on addressing space deficiencies in academic, research, student housing and support service facilities. The CIP also outlines any plans to issue debt to finance capital acquisitions or construction to address space deficiencies. The CIP provides a summary of debt information including the debt ratio projection to comply with ABOR policy and state statutes. If a project requires debt financing, the University must submit a financing plan to ABOR for approval and submit the project and financing plan to the State Joint Committee on Capital Review (JCCR) for review.

During fiscal year 2015 the University continued work on the \$75 million Science and Health building (bond proceeds), Aquatic and Tennis Complex \$27.9 million (bond proceeds), Residence Life fire/life/safety project \$16.1 million (bond proceeds) and the International Pavilion \$4.9 million (unrestricted net position). The University completed work on the Fieldhouse renovations, \$4.8 million (unrestricted net position), ceramics/chemical storage \$2.1 million (unrestricted net position), and Phoenix Biomedical buildout, \$6.1 million (bond proceeds). In addition to these projects, the University issued new debt for a Student and Academic Services building, \$34.3 million.

The University generally finances capital improvements and acquisitions through the issuance of System Revenue Bonds (SRBs) and Certificates of Participation (COPs). Prior to issuing any bonds or COPs, the University must submit a financing and funding plan to the Arizona Board of Regents for approval and to the State Joint Committee on Capital Review for their review. The amount of debt the University is able to issue is limited by a debt ratio of 8% as defined by State law (Arizona Revised Statutes §15-1683) and ABOR policy 7-102(D)(3). The debt ratio is determined by annual debt service on Bonds and COPs as a percentage of total operating expenses and debt service. At June 30, 2015, the University's debt ratio was 4.46%. The University's credit ratings on its outstanding System Revenue Bonds are A1 by Moody's and A by Standard and Poor's.

In accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes 15-1670, NAU receives \$5.9 million in state appropriations annually for lease-purchase capital financing of research infrastructure projects.

For more detailed information on capital asset activity and long-term debt activity please review the relevant disclosures in the notes to the financial statements (Note 4 and Note 5).



Economic Outlook

The New Normal for Arizona

Ten years ago in 2005, Arizona's economy was very strong with unemployment rates statewide running around 4.5 percent and job growth exceeding 6 percent being led by the construction industry adding jobs at a 15 percent rate and services employment growing over 12 percent. By contrast, the national unemployment was around 5 percent, job growth overall was near 2 percent and no major industries were growing over 5 percent. Then the Great Recession hit, driving Arizona's unemployment rate up to over 11 percent and job losses exceeded 8 percent. While the national economy saw similar losses, the magnitudes were not as great.

By 2015 Arizona and the national economies are now into the sixth year of recovery, but Arizona has not experienced differential improvement. The nation recovered all the jobs it lost over a year ago, but Arizona has over 100,000 jobs yet to recover and it appears that will take until late 2016 or early 2017 to occur. And while the unemployment rate has declined substantially for both Arizona and the United States, Arizona's unemployment rate is over a percentage point above the national rate and the difference in the rates has been widening.

There are multiple reasons that the recovery in Arizona has been slower than many people expected. The most often cited reason has been the construction industry. After over-the-year losses from 2007 through 2011, the industry has been unable to sustain significant growth. With slow population growth and many people questioning the investment value of housing, it will probably be a number of years before all the jobs lost in this industry will return.

In addition, the manufacturing industry has had similar problems. Arizona has a significant concentration in various high tech segments including electronics and aerospace. Reductions in federal defense spending have impacted these segments negatively. The growth rates that were previously experienced in the semiconductor and electronics industries have not continued, leading to relatively flat employment opportunities.

It appears that the labor market in Arizona has entered a new normal. Historically, Arizona's employment opportunities significantly outpaced nearly every state during a recovery. It now seems that job opportunities will nearly mirror the nation and that large swings from job losses to job gains will not be nearly as pronounced as before.

Slow growth is evident in personal income and state tax collections for the state as well. Before the Great Recession, Arizona's personal income was growing over 10 percent a year and rarely was below 5 percent. It later declined by 4.6 percent but has recently been growing by 4 – 4.5 percent. This closely reflects national personal income growth.

Following the trends mentioned above, state tax collections have not experienced significant differences. The three major sources of revenue to the state are; sales tax collections which are the largest source of funds, followed by personal income taxes which are slightly smaller, and finally corporate income taxes which account for less than 10 percent of tax revenues. Current forecasts are calling for overall growth in tax collections to run 4.5 – 5.0 percent in 2015-16 with slow growth in the years that follow.

It appears that the economic path for Arizona has changed from periods of growth that are among the fastest in the nation to an economy that more mirrors the nation. Among the states, Arizona has many

favorable attributes that should continue to support growth for years to come. But in the near future, moderate improvement is the most likely path.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,175,289
Investments		62,538,525
Receivables, (net of allowance for uncollectible):		
Accounts receivable		23,381,471
Accrued interest		851,570
Endowment		6,658
Government grants and contracts		20,925,437
Student loans, current portion		1,179,995
State appropriation receivable		30,520,170
Other assets		836,235
Inventories		404,545
Total Current Assets	\$	230,819,895

Noncurrent assets:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents held by trustee for capital projects	\$	68,020,791
Investments		579,665
Student loans receivable, net of allowance		5,026,426
Endowment investments		27,616,727
Other noncurrent assets		2,527,310
Capital assets, not being depreciated		147,637,500
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation		675,450,493
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	926,858,912

Total Assets **\$ 1,157,678,807**

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred charge on debt refunding	\$	9,416,563
Deferred outflows related to pensions		29,136,580
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	38,553,143

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable		29,756,206
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		9,176,735
Interest payable		5,675,511
Unearned revenues		16,370,127
Accrued compensated absences		6,507,777
Deposits held in custody for others		3,128,205

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued)

Current portion of long-term debt funded by:

University operating revenues	10,783,670
State appropriations and share of state sales tax	3,300,000
Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$ 84,698,231</u>

Noncurrent liabilities:

Deposits held in custody for others	\$ 24,251
Long-term debt funded by:	
University operating revenues	460,958,456
State appropriations, share of state sales tax, and lottery revenue	166,965,000
Net pension liability	164,767,263
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>\$ 792,714,970</u>

Total Liabilities \$ 877,413,201

DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows related to pensions	<u>\$ 27,724,380</u>
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NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	\$ 268,006,823
Restricted:	
Nonexpendable:	
Scholarships and fellowships	15,328,603
Student loans	7,211,859
Expendable:	
Scholarships and fellowships	11,462,853
Academic department uses	21,135,363
Unrestricted	(32,051,132)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 291,094,369</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES

Operating Revenues

Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$88,365,646)	\$ 205,550,108
Government grants and contracts	22,287,683
Private grants and contracts	2,793,596
Auxiliary enterprises	
Residence life (net of scholarship allowances of \$5,671,121)	31,602,064
Other auxiliaries	23,442,620
Other	23,214,851
Total operating revenues	\$ 308,890,922

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating Expenses

Educational and general:

Instruction	\$ 167,079,867
Research	25,461,441
Public service	27,008,502
Academic support	36,182,488
Student services	50,334,919
Institutional support	57,141,165
Operation and maintenance of plant	25,779,259
Scholarships and fellowships	29,067,801

Auxiliary enterprises	37,705,547
Depreciation	35,123,250
Total operating expenses	\$ 490,884,239
Operating loss	\$ (181,993,317)

NONOPERATING REVENUES AND (EXPENSES)

State appropriations	\$ 112,025,850
Share of state sales tax - technology and research initiative funding	13,267,487
Government grants	59,657,954
Private grants and gifts	13,031,881
Net investment income	1,770,716
Interest expense on capital asset related debt	(22,722,668)
Net loss on disposal of capital assets	(12,141)
Other nonoperating revenues, net	8,283,100
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses	\$ 185,302,179
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains or losses	\$ 3,308,862

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

Capital appropriations	\$ 5,827,500
Capital grants and gifts	59,789
Additions to permanent endowments	<u>858,132</u>
Total other revenues	\$ <u>6,745,421</u>

Increase in net position \$ 10,054,283

NET POSITION

Total net position, Beginning of year (as restated)	<u>\$ 281,040,086</u>
Total net position, End of year	<u>\$ 291,094,369</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:

Tuition and fees	\$ 198,230,135
Grants and contracts	24,367,543
Payments to suppliers	(99,981,128)
Payments for employee wages and benefits	(299,412,134)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(29,066,845)
Loans issued to students	(947,167)
Collection on loans to students	1,392,009
Auxiliary enterprise receipts	54,052,011
Other receipts	17,861,583
Net cash used for operating activities	<u>\$ (133,503,993)</u>

Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:

State appropriations	\$ 112,037,497
Share of state sales tax receipts	13,267,487
Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes	72,689,835
Federal direct lending received	157,441,348
Federal direct lending disbursed	(157,778,804)
Deposits held in custody for others received	22,002,977
Deposits held in custody for others disbursed	(22,178,916)
Financial aid trust funds	858,132
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>\$ 198,339,556</u>

Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities:

Capital appropriations	\$ 5,827,500
Proceeds from issuance of capital debt	37,357,451
Build America Bonds - federal subsidy	8,406,267
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	47,277
Capital grants and gifts received	59,789
Purchases of capital assets	(130,572,106)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(13,007,876)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(22,707,940)
Net cash used for capital financing activities	<u>\$ (114,589,638)</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Cash Flows from Investing Activities:

Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	\$ 113,474,360
Interest on investments	1,550,410
Purchase of investments	(78,609,418)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>\$ 36,415,352</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ (13,338,723)</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, 2014	<u>171,534,803</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2015	<u>\$ 158,196,080</u>

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:

Operating loss	\$ (181,993,317)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	35,123,250
Miscellaneous nonoperating expenses	642,451
Pension expense	14,922,180
Employer pension contributions	(11,773,029)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	(3,045,146)
Government grants and contracts receivable	(2,629,390)
Student loans receivable and accrued interest from student loans	463,992
Inventories	(28,865)
Other assets	89,733
Accounts payable	13,452,583
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	1,415,962
Unearned revenues	(156,687)
Accrued compensated absences	12,290
Net cash used for operating activities	<u>\$ (133,503,993)</u>

Significant Noncash Transactions:

State appropriation receivable*	\$ 30,494,800
Refinancing of long-term debt	\$ 68,095,000

* The state appropriation receivable of \$30,520,170 reported on the Statement of Net Position includes the state trust land receivable of \$25,370.

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - COMPONENT UNIT

Northern Arizona University Foundation

June 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,188,920
Promises to give, net		6,261,942
Bequests receivable		5,000
Other receivables		101,246
Net investment in direct financing leases		6,426,077
Investments		137,512,130
Cash surrender value of life insurance		4,943,897
EBS licenses, net		499,762
Donated assets held for sale		41,942
Assets held under split-interest agreements		4,767,462
Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts		3,338,865
Other assets		45,000
Total assets	\$	167,132,243

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	165,514
Assets held in custody for others		28,703,542
Deferred revenue		5,438,650
Liabilities under split interest agreements		3,291,458
Total liabilities	\$	37,599,164

NET ASSETS

Unrestricted	\$	10,842,307
Temporarily restricted		51,941,973
Permanently restricted		66,748,799
Total net assets	\$	129,533,079

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	167,132,243
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See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - COMPONENT UNIT

Northern Arizona University Foundation

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUE, SUPPORT & GAINS	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Public contributions	\$ 218,678	\$ 5,877,423	\$ 7,262,377	\$ 13,358,478
EBS revenue	1,378,139			1,378,139
Net investment return	191,848	3,062,732	91,433	3,346,013
Interest income on direct financing leases	364,492			364,492
Change in beneficial interest in perpetual trusts			(191,542)	(191,542)
Change in value of split-interest agreements	(580,549)			(580,549)
Change in cash surrender value of life insurance		474,767		474,767
Other income and support	17,874	620,501	217	638,592
Reclassification of donor intent	239,160	(530,381)	291,221	
Net assets released from restrictions	9,941,154	(9,941,154)		
Total revenue, support, and gains	\$ 11,770,796	\$ (436,112)	\$ 7,453,706	\$ 18,788,390
EXPENSES & LOSSES				
Program expenses:				
Disbursements for educational purposes	\$ 3,990,723			\$ 3,990,723
Scholarships	2,300,012			2,300,012
Facilities	1,220,061			1,220,061
Other University programs	1,597,959			1,597,959
Total program expenses	\$ 9,108,755			\$ 9,108,755
Supporting services expense:				
Fundraising and development	\$ 3,089,522			\$ 3,089,522
Management and general	551,268			551,268
Amortization of EBS licenses	464,406			464,406
Total supporting services expense	4,105,196			4,105,196
Total expenses and losses	\$ 13,213,951			\$ 13,213,951
Change in net assets	\$ (1,443,155)	\$ (436,112)	\$ 7,453,706	\$ 5,574,439
Net assets, beginning of year	12,285,462	52,378,085	59,295,093	123,958,640
Net assets, end of year	\$ 10,842,307	\$ 51,941,973	\$ 66,748,799	\$ 129,533,079

See Notes to Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation & Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all activities that are directly controlled by the University. In addition, the financial statements include the financial position and activities of the University's discretely presented component unit as described below and in Note 10. Fiscal responsibility for the University remains with the State of Arizona; therefore, the University is an integral part of the State of Arizona's Tri-University system, which is an enterprise fund in the State of Arizona's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The financial statements are presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental colleges and universities engaged in business-type activities as adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The University implemented the provisions of GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, and GASB 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. The University's beginning net position balance was restated due to the implementation of GASB No. 68, requiring beginning net pension liability to be recorded less FY14 contributions.

The financial statements include a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and a Statement of Cash Flows.

- The Statement of Net Position provides information about assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position of the University at June 30. Assets and liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent. Current liabilities are obligations that will be paid within one year of the statement date, and current assets are those resources available to satisfy current liabilities. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are resources that will be consumed or acquired in a future reporting period. Net position is the residual amount and is classified according to external donor restrictions and availability of assets to satisfy University obligations. Net investment in capital

assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation and the amount of related outstanding debt for those assets. Nonexpendable restricted net position is comprised of gifts received for endowment purposes and revolving student loan funds, the corpus of which cannot be expended. Expendable restricted net position represents grants, contracts, gifts, and other resources that have been externally restricted for specific purposes. Unrestricted net position includes the remaining amounts of net position, including those that have been designated by management to be used for other than general operating purposes.

- The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provides information about the University's financial activities during the year. Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating, and all changes in net position are reported, including capital contributions and additions to endowments. Operating revenues and expenses are those that generally result from exchange transactions. Accordingly, revenues such as tuition and fees, sales and services of auxiliary enterprises and most government and nongovernment research grants and contracts are considered operating. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operations are recorded as nonoperating revenues, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35, including state appropriations, nonexchange grants, gifts and investment income. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense on debt, are considered to be nonoperating expenses.
- The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the University's sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents during the year. Increases and decreases in cash and cash equivalents are classified as operating, noncapital financing, capital financing, or investing activities.

Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the University, its discretely presented component unit, the Northern Arizona University Foundation (Foundation) and its blended component unit, the Northern Arizona Capital Facilities Finance Corporation (NACFFC).

The Foundation was incorporated as a legally separate not-for-profit corporation in the State of Arizona in January 1959, and operates exclusively for the benefit of Northern Arizona University. The Foundation receives gifts and bequests, administers and invests in securities and property, and disburses payments to and on behalf of the University for advancement of its mission. The University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation. The restricted resources of the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the University or its constituents. Consequently, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities, only the statement of financial position and the statement of activities of the discretely presented component unit are included in the University's financial statements.

NACFFC was incorporated in October 2001 as a legally separate not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Arizona for the purpose of acquiring, developing, constructing and operating student housing and other capital facilities and equipment for the use and benefit of the University's students. Because NACFFC's outstanding debt is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources from the University, NACFFC's financial statements have been blended with those of the University in accordance with GASB Statement No. 61.

For financial reporting purposes, both the Foundation and NACFFC follow the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements for not-for-profit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information included in the University's financial report. Accordingly, those financial statements have been reported on separate pages following the University's financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, only the Foundation's statements of financial position and activities are included in the University's financial statements as required by generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities. Since NACFFC's financial results are blended with the University's financial results, adjustments were made to present NACFFC's financial results in accordance with the GASB reporting model. In addition, the University

eliminated all duplicate financial transactions for reporting purposes.

The Foundation and NACFFC have a June 30 year end. Complete financial statements as originally presented for the Foundation and NACFFC can be obtained from the Northern Arizona University Comptroller's Office, P.O. Box 4069, Flagstaff, AZ 86011.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Foundation distributed \$9.1 million to the University.

Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the University have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the University receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include state appropriations, certain grants, and donations. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, if probable of collection. All significant transactions resulting from internal activity have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, cash and investments held by trustee and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

Investments are generally reported at fair value. The fair-values of all debt and equity securities with readily determinable fair market values are based on quoted market prices. The net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments is recognized as a component of investment income.

Receivables

Receivables consist of tuition and fees charged to students, accrued interest, amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, private

sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants, and notes receivables from loans to students. Student loans and note receivables are recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The other receivables are shown at book value with no provision for doubtful accounts considered necessary.

Capital Assets and Special Collections

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or, if donated, at fair market value at date received.

The University maintains special collections for educational purposes and public exhibition. These special collections are not subject to disposal for financial gain or encumbrance. Accordingly, such collections are not capitalized for financial statement purposes but are inventoried for property control purposes.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of projects is capitalized, net of interest earned, on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Capital assets, other than land, construction in progress, and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives for capital assets of the University are as follows:

Asset Category	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life (yrs)
Building improvements	\$5 thousand	20
Buildings	All	40
Infrastructure	All	20-40
Land	All	N/A
Equipment		
Machinery, vehicles, and other equipment	\$5 thousand	5-15
Intangible assets:		
Computer software > \$10 million	\$10 million	10
Computer software < \$10 million	\$1 million	5
All other *	\$100 thousand	*
Library books and media	All	10

* Includes websites, non-software licenses and permits, patents, copyrights and trademarks, rights-of-way and easements, natural resource extraction rights and other intangible assets. In general, the estimated useful life is the shorter of the legal or the estimated useful life.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost of inventories is determined generally using the first-in, first-out or weighted average cost methods. Inventories consist of expendable supplies, postage, fuel held for consumption, textbooks and other merchandise for resale.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave and compensatory time earned by employees based on services already rendered. Employees may accumulate up to 264 hours of vacation depending on years of service and full-time equivalent employment status, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at December 31 are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation benefits not exceeding 176 hours (annual accrual amount), depending on years of service and full-time equivalent employment status, and compensatory time are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits and compensatory time are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements. However, upon retirement, employees who have accumulated at least 500 hours of sick leave are paid a formulated benefit amount. The University makes contributions each pay period to the State's Retiree Accumulated Sick Leave Fund and the State makes benefit payments directly to the retired employees from the fund. Consequently, the University does not have liability for these sick leave benefits.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position includes separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that is applicable to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fees revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. A scholarship discount and allowance is the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on behalf of the student.

Accordingly, some types of student financial aid such as Pell grants and scholarships awarded by the University are considered to be scholarship allowances. These allowances are netted against tuition and fees and certain auxiliary enterprise revenues in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Restricted and Unrestricted Resources

The University has both restricted and unrestricted resources available for most programs. Restricted resources are externally restricted for a specific purpose and primarily include sponsored research grants and contracts and gifts. The University's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources is made on a case-by-case basis. Restricted resources remain classified as such until spent.

Note 2 - Beginning Net Position Balance Restated

Effective July 1, 2014, the University implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. To record the cumulative effect of the reporting change, the University's July 1, 2014 net position balance was restated downward by \$158,498,878.

Net position as of July 1, 2014	\$	439,538,964
Prior period adjustment - implementation of GASB 68:		
Net pension liability (measurement date as of June 30, 2013)		169,153,471
Deferred Outflows - University contributions made during fiscal year 2014		<u>(10,654,593)</u>
Total prior period adjustments		<u>158,498,878</u>
Net Position as of July 1, 2014 as restated	\$	<u>281,040,086</u>

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) 15-1668 requires that deposits of the University not covered by federal deposit insurance be secured by government bonds or by a safekeeping receipt of the institution accepting the deposit. A.R.S. 35-1207 requires collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. Further, policy regarding deposits is provided by the Arizona Board of Regents (ABOR). Deposits can be made only at depository banks approved by ABOR. A.R.S. and ABOR policies constitute the University's policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

There is no statutory requirement that governs university investment activities. A.R.S. 15-1625 gives the ABOR jurisdiction and control over the universities, and A.R.S. 15-1626 allows ABOR to authorize the universities to adopt regulation, policies, rules, or measures as deemed necessary. ABOR investment policies require that the University invest its operating funds only in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, collateralized time certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements, U.S. Treasury securities, and obligations of other agencies sponsored by the federal government. In addition, ABOR has authorized the University to establish an investment committee. The investment committee establishes investment policies and makes investment decisions. ABOR policies guide the investment committee decisions. The University's deposit and investment policies mirror that of the ABOR policies.

University policy states that restricted (gift) and endowment funds will be invested according to the conditions stipulated by the donor, but if no conditions are imposed, such funds may be invested under the direction of the investment committee in such a manner as to obtain the most favorable rate of return and income stability.

The bond indentures constitute the investment policy for University monies held with bond trustees. The bond indentures authorize the bond trustees to invest in obligations of, or guaranteed by, the federal government or any agency or instrumentality thereof, municipal obligations, collateralized certificates of deposit with federally insured banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations within the State of Arizona, or repurchase agreements.

Deposits

At June 30, 2015, cash on hand was \$19,550, the carrying amount of the University's deposits was \$43,906,406 and the bank balance was \$48,489,906. Beyond the requirements established by A.R.S. and ABOR, the University does not have a policy that specifically addresses custodial credit risk.

Investments

U.S. agency securities include Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools. The fair value of the University's investment in the pool approximates the value of the University's pool shares and the University's shares are not identified with specific investments.

Trust agreements between the University and the Northern Arizona University Foundation (Foundation), authorize the Foundation to invest certain University restricted (gift) and endowment monies. The Foundation Investment Pool invests in a variety of asset classes, including common stocks and fixed income and international equity funds. The Foundation's Board of Directors appointed Investment Committee is responsible for oversight of the Pool in accordance with Foundation policies and procedures. The fair value of the University's position in the Pool is based on the University's proportionate share of the Pool and is not identified with specific investments. The University's ownership interest is recorded in the Foundation's records. As of June 30, 2015 the Foundation held \$28,432,024 in custody for the University, including funds for the University's Arizona Financial Aid Trust Fund described below.

Investments, at June 30, 2015	Amount
Bond Trustee Funds:	
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	\$ 68,020,791
U.S. agency securities	62,538,525
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 4	46,013,701
NAU Foundation Investment Pool	28,432,024
	\$ 205,005,041

The Arizona Financial Aid Trust Fund (AFAT) was established in accordance with A.R.S. 15-1642 for the purpose of providing aid to students with verifiable financial need. The Foundation holds and manages the University's share of AFAT within its pool. The University's ownership interest is recorded in the Foundation's records. The fair value of the AFAT at June 30, 2015 was \$20,521,602.

Credit Risk

For its operating funds, University policy requires negotiable certificates of deposit; corporate bonds, debentures, and notes; banker acceptances; and State of Arizona bonds to carry a minimum rating of BBB or better from Standard and Poor's Rating Service. There is no formal policy with regards to gift and endowment funds. Gift and endowment funds are held in the Foundation Investment Pool, which is not rated. At June 30, 2015, credit risk for the University's investments in debt securities was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
Bond Trustee Funds:			
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	AAAm	Standard and Poor's	\$ 68,020,791
U.S. agency securities	AA+	Standard and Poor's	62,538,525
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 4	AA+	Standard and Poor's	46,013,701
			<u>\$ 176,573,017</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the University will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The University does not have a formal policy in regards to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2015, the University had \$62,538,525 of U.S. agency securities that were uninsured, not registered in the University's name, and held by the counterparty.

Concentration of Credit Risk

University policy limits investments in a single issuer to 5 percent or less of the fair value of the total portfolio. However, securities issued or expressly guaranteed by the federal government are exempt from this provision. The following investments represent five percent or more of the University's investments at June 30, 2015: Federal National Mortgage Association, 14.67 percent and Federal Farm Credit Bank, 9.73 percent.

Interest Rate Risk

University policy for its operating funds limits the maximum maturity of any fixed-rate or variable-rate security to five years from the settlement date of purchase. The endowment fund portfolio has no such limitation. The following chart presents the interest rate risk for the University's debt investments at June 30, 2015, utilizing the segmented time distribution method:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity	
		< 1 Year	1 - 5 Years
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	\$ 68,020,791	\$ 68,020,791	
U.S agency securities*	62,538,525	62,538,525	
State Treasurer Investment Pool 4	46,013,701		\$ 46,013,701
Total	<u>\$ 176,573,017</u>	<u>\$ 130,559,316</u>	<u>\$ 46,013,701</u>

*At June 30, 2015, the University held \$62,538,525 or 30.51 percent of investments in U.S. Agency securities, including the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, which may be considered to be highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations because borrower repayment terms may vary.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Cash, deposits and investments:

Cash on hand	\$	19,550
Cash in bank		43,906,406
Total investments		205,005,041
	\$	<u>248,930,997</u>

Statement of Net Position

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,175,289
Current investments		62,538,525
Restricted cash and cash equivalents held by trustee for capital projects		68,020,791
Noncurrent investments		579,665
Endowment investments		27,616,727
	\$	<u>248,930,997</u>



Note 4 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015, is presented as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	June 30, 2015
Land	\$ 6,921,409				\$ 6,921,409
Construction in progress:					
Real property	53,041,841	\$ 122,012,162		\$ (35,142,075)	139,911,928
Intangible assets	134,822	1,580,263		(910,922)	804,163
Total non-depreciable/non-amortizable capital assets	\$ 60,098,072	\$ 123,592,425		\$ (36,052,997)	\$ 147,637,500
Infrastructure	\$ 137,037,550	\$ 457,968		\$ 3,196,124	\$ 140,691,642
Buildings and improvements	810,678,617	1,743,038		31,945,951	844,367,606
Equipment	67,626,784	4,494,894	\$ 2,978,844		69,142,834
Intangible assets	6,024,867			910,922	6,935,789
Library materials	45,706,428	417,267	1,163,280		44,960,415
Total depreciable/amortizable capital assets	\$ 1,067,074,246	\$ 7,113,167	\$ 4,142,124	\$ 36,052,997	\$ 1,106,098,286
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization					
Infrastructure	\$ 45,670,888	\$ 4,283,040			\$ 49,953,928
Buildings and improvements	262,726,216	23,911,157			286,637,373
Equipment	45,049,832	5,018,688	\$ 2,785,941		47,282,579
Intangible assets	2,273,691	1,387,158			3,660,849
Library materials	43,753,137	523,207	1,163,280		43,113,064
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 399,473,764	\$ 35,123,250	\$ 3,949,221		\$ 430,647,793
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net	\$ 667,600,482	\$ (28,010,083)	\$ 192,903	\$ 36,052,997	\$ 675,450,493
Capital assets, net	\$ 727,698,554	\$ 95,582,342	\$ 192,903		\$ 823,087,993

The University had major contractual commitments related to various capital projects at June 30, 2015, including construction of the Science and Health building, Aquatic and Tennis Complex, Student and Academic Services building, and the International Pavilion, as well as major infrastructure upgrades and building renovations. In addition to expenditures through June 30, 2015, it is estimated that \$71.9 million will be required to complete projects under construction. Of that amount, \$19.4 million is contractually encumbered. These projects are being financed with a combination of systems revenue and lease revenue bond monies, series 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, and University reserves.

Note 5 - Long Term Debt and Leases

A summary of changes in the long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is presented as follows:

	Balance			Balance		Due Within
	June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2015	One Year	
Capital leases	\$ 17,746,376		\$ 967,876	\$ 16,778,500	\$ 1,005,308	
Certificates of participation	62,850,000	\$ 18,825,000	23,390,000	58,285,000	3,300,000	
Revenue bonds payable	510,695,000	79,680,000	56,745,000	533,630,000	8,300,000	
Subtotal long-term debt & leases	\$ 591,291,376	\$ 98,505,000	\$ 81,102,876	\$ 608,693,500	\$ 12,605,308	
Discounts/premiums	22,123,421	13,789,232	2,599,027	33,313,626	1,478,361	
Total long-term debt & leases	\$ 613,414,797	\$ 112,294,232	\$ 83,701,903	\$ 642,007,126	\$ 14,083,669	

Revenue Bonds Payable and Certificates of Participation

On May 19, 2015, the University sold \$45,415,000 of Systems Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2015 with an interest rate of 5.0 percent. Refunded bonds total \$47,595,000 and include \$770,000 of the 2004 Systems Revenue Refunding Bonds for maturities from June 1, 2032 to June 1, 2034; \$3,620,000 from the Systems Revenue Bonds Series 2005 for maturities from June 1, 2030 to June 1, 2035; \$30,795,000 from the Systems Revenue Bonds Series 2007 for maturities on June 1, 2016 and between June 1, 2019 to June 1, 2037; \$12,120,000 from the Systems Revenue Bonds Series 2008 for maturities on June 1, 2016, between June 1, 2022 to June 1, 2027 and between June 1, 2029 and June 1, 2030; and \$290,000 of the 2009B Systems Revenue Bond maturing on June 1, 2016. The refunding set aside \$52,819,894 into escrow that purchased Agency, TNotes, and a TSTRIP with maturities between May 28, 2015 and June 1, 2018. The present value of refunded debt prior to May 19, 2015 was \$59,143,408 and the net present value of savings was \$3,229,010. The advanced refunding decreases the University's debt service by \$1,184,200 in year one and \$1,988,300 in year two with additional debt service savings of \$56,510 until June 1, 2035.

On May 20, 2015 the University sold \$18,825,000 of Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2015 with interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. Refunded COPs total \$20,500,000 from the COP Series 2005 with September 1 maturities in years 2016, 2017, 2020, 2021, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029 and 2030. The refunding set aside \$20,986,718 into escrow that purchased a TSTRIP maturing on August 31, 2015. The present value of refunded debt prior to May 20, 2015

was \$24,206,525 and the net present value of savings was \$2,270,840. The advanced refunding increases the University's debt service by an average of \$286,858 per year between June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2020 and decreases debt service by an average of \$336,674 per year between June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2031.

On August 21, 2014, the University entered into a lease agreement with Student and Academic Services LLC (SAS), a subsidiary of the NACFFC. During the 30 year lease term, the University will make lease payments on a four-story building of approximately 102,000 gross square feet that will include new classrooms, space for student support services, and office space for faculty. The Student and Academic Services LLC Lease Revenue Bonds have a par value of \$34,265,000. The Lease Revenue Bonds include serial bonds of \$16,820,000 with interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The 2014 Lease Revenue Bonds also include two term bonds that are subject to annual sinking fund contributions. The first term bond is for \$7,665,000 with an interest rate of 5.0 percent that matures June 1, 2039. The second term bond is for \$9,780,000 with an interest rate of 5.0 percent that matures June 1, 2044. The average annual debt service is \$2,244,140 with final maturity on June 1, 2044.

In the current and prior years, the University defeased certain revenue bonds and Certificates of Participation by either placing the proceeds of new bonds, or cash and investments accumulated in a sinking fund, in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the University's financial statements. At June 30, 2015, the University had Systems Revenue Refunding Series 2004 of \$4,540,000, Systems Revenue

Series 2007 of \$30,795,000, Series 2008 of \$12,120,000, and Series 2009B of \$290,000, and \$29,725,000, and \$8,720,000 in Certificates of Participation Series 2005 and 2006, respectively, outstanding that are considered defeased.

The Series 2009A and 2010 Bonds were issued as designated Build America Bonds under the provisions of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. As such, the University is eligible to receive direct payments from the U. S. Treasury Department equal to 35 percent of the interest payments on such bonds on each interest payment date. In order to receive such payments, the University must file certain required information with the Federal government between 90 and 45 days prior to the interest payment date. The amount paid to the University by the Federal government may be reduced or eliminated due to issues such as failure by the University to submit the required information, any amounts owed by the University to the Federal government, or changes in the law that would reduce or eliminate such payments. During fiscal year 2015, the Federal government reduced federal direct payment claims filed between December 1, 2014 and September 1, 2015 by 7.3 percent due to the federal budget sequestration resulting in a \$273,925 reduction in direct payments to the University. For accounting purposes, any direct payments received from the U. S. Treasury Department are recorded as non-operating revenue.

For the 2010 and 2013 revenue bonds, up to 80 percent of the debt service payments are payable from the University's

SPEED (Stimulus Plan for Economic and Educational Development) revenue bond account monies, which are derived from certain revenues of the Arizona State Lottery. To the extent SPEED revenue bond account monies are not sufficient to make debt service payments, the SPEED revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of certain gross revenues, such as student tuition and fees, but that pledge is subordinate to the pledge of those gross revenues for the University's system revenue bonds.

The University has pledged portions of its gross revenues towards the payment of debt related to system revenue bonds, system revenue refunding bonds, and SPEED revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015. The bonds generally provide financing for various capital projects of the University. These pledged revenues include student tuition and fees, certain auxiliary enterprises revenue, investment income, and indirect cost recovery revenue. Pledged revenues do not include state appropriations, gifts, endowment income, or other restricted revenues. Pledged revenues have averaged \$233.5 million for the prior five years. For fiscal year 2015 pledged revenues totaled \$273 million of which 10.1 percent (\$27.6 million) was required to cover current year debt service. Future annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 10.1 percent of pledged revenues. Future pledged revenues required to pay all remaining related debt service for the bonds through final maturity of June 1, 2044 is \$799.5 million.

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for Systems, Lease, and SPEED Revenue Bonds payable at June 30, 2015.

Year	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 8,300,000	\$ 27,924,965
2017	14,150,000	27,441,987
2018	16,335,000	26,766,516
2019	17,000,000	26,005,019
2020	17,780,000	25,166,692
2021-2025	99,040,000	111,504,545
2026-2030	123,550,000	81,770,038
2031-2035	119,105,000	48,187,974
2036-2040	83,480,000	19,729,857
2041-2044	34,890,000	3,450,462
Total	\$ 533,630,000	\$ 397,948,055

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for Certificates of Participation payable at June 30, 2015.

Year	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 2,553,937
2017	1,945,000	2,487,133
2018	3,490,000	2,378,025
2019	3,610,000	2,246,050
2020	3,730,000	2,130,650
2021-2025	16,865,000	8,272,783
2026-2030	20,575,000	3,533,625
2031	4,770,000	41,667
Total	\$ 58,285,000	\$ 23,643,870

The University's bonded debt and certificates of participation (COPs) consist of various issues that are generally callable at a prescribed date with interest payable semiannually. All issues are at a fixed rate. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring, constructing or renovating capital facilities.

Revenue Bonds Payable and Certificates of Participation at June 30, 2015
(dollars in thousands)

	Average		Balance		Balance
	Interest	Final	7/1/2014	Additions	6/30/2015
	Rate	Maturity			
Revenue Bonds:					
2004 Systems Revenue Refunding	4.749%	6/1/2017	\$ 5,870		\$ (2,640) \$ 3,230
2005 Systems Revenue	4.685%	6/1/2015	3,905		(3,905) -
2006 Systems Revenue Refunding	4.675%	6/1/2034	41,825		(75) 41,750
2007 Systems Revenue	4.929%	6/1/2018	33,460		(31,620) 1,840
2008 Systems Revenue	5.041%	6/1/2038	36,990		(12,965) 24,025
2009A Systems Revenue	6.490%	6/1/2039	108,860		108,860
2009B Systems Revenue	5.000%	6/1/2016	5,640		(3,040) 2,600
2012 Systems Revenue	4.459%	6/1/2041	22,945		(520) 22,425
2014 Systems Revenue Refunding	4.982%	6/1/2044	67,260		(845) 66,415
2015 Systems Revenue Refunding	5.000%	6/1/2037		\$ 45,415	45,415
Subtotal - Systems Revenue Bonds			\$ 326,755	\$ 45,415	\$ (55,610) \$ 316,560
2010 SPEED Revenue	6.164%	8/1/2030	64,785		64,785
2013 SPEED Revenue	4.174%	8/1/2043	75,190		75,190
Subtotal - SPEED Revenue Bonds			\$ 139,975		\$ 139,975
2006 Lease Revenue	4.894%	6/1/2036	10,870		(290) 10,580
2008 Lease Revenue Refunding	4.614%	6/1/2033	33,095		(845) 32,250
2014 Lease Revenue	4.987%	6/1/2044		34,265	34,265
Subtotal - Lease Revenue Bonds			\$ 43,965	\$ 34,265	\$ (1,135) \$ 77,095
Subtotal Revenue Bonds			\$ 510,695	\$ 79,680	\$ (56,745) \$ 533,630
Certificates of Participation:					
2004 Certificates of Participation	4.852%	9/1/2030	\$ 2,425		\$ (1,185) \$ 1,240
2005 Certificates of Participation	4.650%	9/1/2023	23,145		(21,795) 1,350
2006 Certificates of Participation	4.350%	9/1/2017	1,275		(410) 865
2013 Refunding Certificates of Participation	4.781%	9/1/2030	36,005		36,005
2015 Refunding Certificates of Participation	4.924%	9/1/2030		\$ 18,825	18,825
Subtotal - COPs			\$ 62,850	\$ 18,825	\$ (23,390) \$ 58,285
Total PAR amount of Bonds & COPs			\$ 573,545	\$ 98,505	\$ (80,135) \$ 591,915
Premium on Sale of Bonds and COP's			\$ 22,123	\$ 13,789	\$ (2,598) \$ 33,314
Total Bonds / COPs Payable			\$ 595,668	\$ 112,294	\$ (82,733) \$ 625,229

Capital Leases

During fiscal year 2013, Northern Arizona Real Estate Holdings (NAREH), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Northern Arizona University Foundation, constructed a building on land on the Northern Arizona University campus owned by the Arizona Board of Regents at a total initial direct cost of \$9,780,185. NAREH then leased the University Services Building to Northern Arizona University under a direct financing lease with a 19 year term. The University treated the arrangement as a capital lease and capitalized the University Services Building at the \$9,780,185 cost.

On June 28, 2012, the University entered into an Energy Conservation Equipment Lease-Purchase Agreement with Capital One Public Funding LLC for the acquisition, construction, and installation of energy efficient equipment at the University facilities over two years. The interest rate is 3.530% and the first two years of the University's payments are interest-only payments of approximately \$438,000. After two years, the University's payments are approximately \$1.2 million each year through June 1, 2027.

Capital Lease commitments to lessors at June 30, 2015

	Average Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Current Portion
Energy Conservation Equipment Lease Purchase	3.53%	6/1/2027	\$ 12,420,289		\$ 767,876	\$ 11,652,413	\$ 795,221
Northern Arizona Real Estate Holdings, LLC	5.50%	9/30/2030	5,326,087		200,000	5,126,087	210,087
			<u>\$ 17,746,376</u>		<u>\$ 967,876</u>	<u>\$ 16,778,500</u>	<u>\$ 1,005,308</u>

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the University's capital leases payable at June 30, 2015:

Year Ending	
2016	\$ 1,691,617
2017	1,690,975
2018	1,687,820
2019	1,690,170
2020-2024	8,444,260
2025-2029	6,049,410
2030-2031	980,350
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 22,234,602</u>
Less amount representing interest	<u>(5,456,103)</u>
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 16,778,499</u>

Capital Lease Financing - Following is a summary of capital assets financed by capital leases at June 30, 2015

Buildings	\$ 9,780,185
*Building Improvements	16,983,073
Total cost of assets	<u>26,763,258</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(5,229,870)</u>
Carrying value of assets	<u>\$ 21,533,388</u>

* The value of the building improvements includes other funding sources of \$4,562,784

Operating Leases

The University leases numerous classroom facilities for extended campus instruction and a limited number of administrative facilities under long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenses under the terms of operating leases were \$2.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2015. The operating leases have remaining terms from 1 to 10 years and provide renewal options. The future minimum payments required under the operating leases at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2016	\$ 1,857,506
2017	1,506,075
2018	1,076,571
2019	1,026,899
2020	876,161
2021-2025	4,019,481
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 10,362,693</u>

Note 6 - Risk Management

Pursuant to A.R.S. 41-621, Northern Arizona University (University) participates in a self-insurance program administered by the State of Arizona, Department of Administration, Risk Management Section. The State's Risk Management Program covers the University, subject to certain deductibles, for risks of loss related to such situations as theft, damage and destruction of property, buildings, and equipment; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and liability for acts or omissions of any nature while acting in authorized governmental or proprietary capacities and in the course and scope of employment or authorization, except as prescribed in A.R.S. 41-621. Loss risks not covered by the Risk Management Program and for which the University has no insurance coverage are losses resulting from contractual breaches and losses that arise out of and are directly attributable to an act of omission determined by a court to be a felony. From time to time, various claims and lawsuits associated with the normal conduct of University business are pending or may arise against the University.

In the opinion of University management, any losses from the resolution of any other pending claims or litigation not covered by the Risk Management Program should not have a material effect on the University's financial statements. All estimated losses for unsettled claims and

actions covered by the State's Risk Management Program are determined on an actuarial basis and are included in the State of Arizona Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 7 - Accrued Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered. These balances are accrued when earned. Employees may carry forward from one calendar year to the next up to 264 accrued vacation hours depending on classification and years of service. Upon termination, compensatory time as well as accrued vacation hours up to 176 will be paid. At fiscal year-end, the University accrued all compensated absence balances accumulated to date as a liability in the financial statements. The University does not accrue sick time. Upon retirement, employees with a minimum of 500 hours of accumulated sick time are paid a formulated amount from the Retiree Accumulated Sick Leave (RASL) fund administered by the Arizona State Department of Administration (ADOA). The University pays a percentage of its payroll for RASL to ADOA and does not have further liability. Accrued compensated vacation for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Beginning balance	\$ 6,495,486
Additions	9,425,265
Reductions	<u>(9,412,974)</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 6,507,777</u>

Note 8 - Expense Classification

The University's operating expenses presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position by natural and functional classification are summarized in the table below:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Functional Classification:	Personal Services and Benefits	Operations	Scholarships	Depreciation	Total
Educational and general					
Instruction	\$ 147,497,492	\$ 19,582,375		\$	\$ 167,079,867
Research	17,520,835	7,940,606			25,461,441
Public service	12,597,282	14,411,220			27,008,502
Academic support	29,017,642	7,164,846			36,182,488
Student services	35,018,648	15,316,271			50,334,919
Institutional support	38,026,646	19,114,519			57,141,165
Operation and maintenance of plant	8,623,774	17,155,485			25,779,259
Scholarships and fellowships	956		\$ 29,066,845		29,067,801
Auxiliary enterprises	25,342,356	12,363,191			37,705,547
Depreciation				\$ 35,123,250	35,123,250
Total	\$ 313,645,631	\$ 113,048,513	\$ 29,066,845	\$ 35,123,250	\$ 490,884,239



Note 9 – Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits

University employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), or one of two defined contribution plans which are described below. Although a PSPRS net pension liability has been recorded at June 30, 2015, PSPRS has not been further disclosed due to its relative insignificance to the University’s financial statements. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

The University’s net pension liability at June 30, 2015, was comprised of the following:

ASRS	156,806,397
PSPRS	6,253,832
Defined Contribution Pension Plans	1,707,034
Total net pension liability	164,767,263

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (Other Postemployment Benefits) (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long term disability (OPEB) plan. All full benefit eligible classified staff must participate in these plans. University faculty, academic professionals, and administrative officers have the option to participate in these plans or defined contribution plans described later. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS is a component unit of the State of Arizona.

Benefits Provided

The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement	
	Initial membership date:	
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years age 62 5 years age 50* any years age 65	30 years age 55 25 years age 60 10 years age 62 5 years age 50* any years age 65
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%
*With actuarially reduced benefits		

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member’s death. For retired members,

the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions

In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2015, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.6 percent (11.48 percent for retirement and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the University was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.6 percent (10.89 percent for retirement, 0.59 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the University was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.57 percent (9.31 percent for retirement, 0.20 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the University in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the ASRS. The University's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, were \$11,318,482. The University's contributions for the current and 2 preceding years for OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

Years Ended June 30	Health Benefit Supplement Fund	Long-Term Disability Fund
2015	\$ 604,259	\$ 126,303
2014	561,367	221,815
2013	555,377	204,915

Pension Liability

At June 30, 2015, the University reported a liability of \$156,806,397 for its proportionate share of the ASRS's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, to the measurement date of June 30, 2014. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the University's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014. The University's proportion measured as of June 30, 2014, was 1.06 percent which was an increase of .07 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the University recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$14,000,886. At June 30, 2015, the University reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,969,360	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$ 27,420,598
Changes in proportion and differences between university contributions and proportionate share of contributions	8,469,063	
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date	11,318,482	
Total	\$ 27,756,905	\$ 27,420,598

The \$11,318,482 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from university contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Outflows/ Inflows
2016	\$ 291,991
2017	291,991
2018	(4,711,007)
2019	(6,855,150)

Actuarial Assumptions

The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2013
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3 – 6.75%
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5 year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of

pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term	
	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	63%	7.03%
Fixed income	25%	3.20%
Real estate	8%	4.75%
Commodities	4%	4.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	(7%)	Discount Rate (8%)	(9%)
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	198,195,245	156,806,397	134,350,870

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

Pension Contributions Payable

The University's accrued payroll and employee benefits included \$287,526 for outstanding pension contribution amounts payable to ASRS for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Defined Contribution Plans

Plan Description

In accordance with A.R.S. 15-1628, defining the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended, University faculty, academic professionals, and administrative officers have the option to participate in defined contribution pension plans. These plans are administered by independent insurance and annuity companies approved by the Arizona Board of Regents. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plans offered by the Teachers Insurance Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA/CREF) and Fidelity Investments Tax-Exempt Service Company (Fidelity) were approved by the Board. Benefits under these plans depend solely on the contributed amounts and the returns earned on investments of those contributions. Contributions made by members vest immediately, and University contributions vest after five years of benefit eligible employment. Non-vested contributions held by the University earn interest.

Funding Policy

Employee and University contributions and associated returns earned on investments may be withdrawn upon termination of employment, death, or retirement. The distribution of contributions and associated investment earnings are made in accordance with the member's contract with the applicable insurance and annuity companies. The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the University's contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2015, plan members and the University were each required by statute to contribute an amount equal to 7 percent of a member's compensation.

Pension Liability

At June 30, 2015, the University reported a liability of \$1,707,034 for non-vested defined contributions. If individuals terminate employment prior to vesting, any non-vested University contributions are retained by the University.

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the University recognized pension expense for Defined Contribution Plans of \$6,049,561. For the year ended June 30, 2015, forfeitures reduced the University's pension expense by \$185,306.

Pension Contributions Payable

The University's accrued payroll and employee benefits included \$155,929 of outstanding pension contribution amounts payable to TIAA/CREF and Fidelity for the year ended June 30, 2015.



Note 10 - Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures

A. Principal Activity and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Northern Arizona University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is an Arizona nonprofit organization operating exclusively for the benefit of Northern Arizona University (the University). The Foundation receives gifts and bequests, administers and invests securities and property, and disburses payments to and on behalf of the University for the advancement of its mission.

Northern Arizona Real Estate Holdings, LLC, (NAREH) is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Foundation. NAREH was established to construct, develop, equip, operate, maintain, lease, and hold real estate investments on behalf of the Foundation.

NAU Ventures, LLC (NAUV) is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Foundation. NAUV was established to license or otherwise commercialize the intellectual property owned or controlled by the Arizona Board of Regents, the University, or the Foundation, to perform other technology transfer and intellectual property management services for the University, and to perform other services from time to time.

Based on the type of organization of NAREH and NAUV, and as otherwise provided in the operating agreement executed by the member of the respective companies, no member is personally liable for any acts, debts or liabilities beyond the member's capital contributions. The LLCs have no defined finite lives.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Foundation and NAREH and NAUV because the Foundation has both control and an economic interest in NAREH and NAUV. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Unless otherwise noted, these consolidated entities are hereinafter referred to as "the Foundation."

Financial Statement Presentation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC 958-205), Not-for-Profit – Presentation of Financial Statements. Under FASB ASC 958-205, the Foundation

is required to report information regarding their financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Unrestricted net assets - Includes unrestricted amounts associated with the operating activities of the Foundation. Certain unrestricted net assets have been designated as quasi-endowments by the Board of Directors of the Foundation.

Temporarily restricted net assets - Includes amounts for which donor-imposed restrictions have not been met. Donor-restricted contributions for which restrictions are met within the same fiscal year as they are received are reported as temporarily restricted net assets. Expenditures that fulfill the temporary restriction are shown as expenses in unrestricted net assets and a reduction in temporarily restricted revenue as a release from restriction.

Permanently restricted net assets - Includes amounts for which the donor-imposed restrictions state that the corpus is to be invested in perpetuity with the income to be made available for specified programs or uses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Foundation considers all cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, and which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and highly liquid financial instruments restricted to capital expenditures, permanent endowment, or other long-term purposes of the Foundation are excluded from this definition.

Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give expected to be collected in future years are initially recorded at fair value using present value techniques incorporating risk-adjusted discount rates designed to reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. In subsequent years, amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue in the statement of activities. Management determines the allowance for uncollectable promises to give based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, and a review of subsequent collections. Promises to give are written off when deemed uncollectable. At June 30, 2015, the allowance was \$247,466.

In October 2011, the Foundation received a conditional promise to give that matches funds raised and deposited

for a specific endowment fund at a ratio of 1:3, with a maximum matching annual contribution totaling \$133,333 per year for a period of five years. The agreement is based upon fiscal years ending on October 31. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Foundation did raise the necessary amount for the match as of October 31, 2014 and as such has recorded contribution revenue of \$133,333. Any remaining matching contribution will be recognized if and when the Foundation raises the necessary amount to meet the conditions of this promise.

Bequests Receivable

Bequests receivable are recognized as contribution revenue in the period the Foundation receives notification the court has found the will of the donor's estate to be valid and all conditions have been substantially met. Bequests receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to the allowance for uncollectible bequests receivable based on its assessment of the current status of individual balances. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the allowance for uncollectible bequests receivable and a credit to bequests receivable. At June 30, 2015, bequests receivable are considered by management to be fully collectible and, accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible bequests receivable has not been provided.

Investment in Direct Financing Leases

The Foundation has two leases which are classified as direct financing leases. The components of the net investment in direct financing leases include the minimum lease payments receivable, unguaranteed residual values and unearned income. Interest income is recognized over the life of the lease.

The carrying amount of the net investment in direct financing leases is reduced by a valuation allowance for uncollectible lease payments. The allowance for uncollectible lease payments is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for lease losses charged to earnings. Lease losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of a lease balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. As of June 30, 2015, the allowance for uncollectible lease payments was \$0.

Investments

Investment purchases are recorded at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments

are reported at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Net investment gain/(loss) is reported in the statement of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized gains and losses, less investment management and custodial fees.

For management efficiency, investments of the unrestricted and restricted net assets are pooled, except for certain assets that the Board of Directors or the donors have designated to be segregated and maintained separately.

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

Revenue from exchange transactions, management fees, investment activities, other fees and charges, and non-contribution related revenue is recognized when earned. Revenue received in advance is recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position. Contributions are recognized when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Contributions received with temporary restrictions that are met in the same reporting period are reported as unrestricted support and increase unrestricted net assets. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met.

Income Taxes

The Foundation is organized as an Arizona nonprofit corporation and has been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3), qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi), and has been determined not to be a private foundation under Sections 509(a)(1). Accordingly, contributions to it qualify for the charitable contribution deduction under section 170(b)(1)(A). The Foundation is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. In addition, the Foundation is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to its exempt purposes. The Foundation has determined it is not subject to unrelated business income tax and has not filed an Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return (Form 990-T) with the IRS, or its Arizona equivalent, Form 99-T, with the Arizona Department of Revenue.

NAUV and NAREH are organized as single-member, limited liability corporations and are disregarded as entities separate from the Foundation for income tax purposes.

The Foundation believes that it has appropriate support for

any income tax positions taken by the combined entity, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. The Foundation would recognize future accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits and liabilities in income tax expense if such interest and penalties are incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and those differences could be material.

B. Assets Held By Trustee

The Foundation has an irrevocable right to receive income earned from the trusts' assets held in perpetuity. The Foundation will never receive the trusts' assets. The trust agreements are administered and related assets are invested by an individual or organization other than the Foundation. Initial recognition and subsequent adjustments to the assets' carrying value are recognized as public contributions and changes in value of perpetual trusts, respectively, and are classified as permanently restricted. Income earned is reported as increases in unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restrictions of each trust.

C. Endowments

The Foundation's endowment (the Endowment) consists of approximately 744 individual funds established by donors to provide annual funding for specific activities and general operations. The Endowment also includes certain unrestricted net assets designated for quasi-endowment by the Board of Directors, and quasi-endowments set up by donors that are working to the level of required investment to qualify as an Endowment under the Foundation's donor

guidelines. Net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Foundation's Board of Directors has interpreted the Arizona Management of Charitable Funds Act (MCFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, unless there are explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. At June 30, 2015, there were no such donor stipulations. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the Endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts donated to the Endowment (including promises to give net of discount and allowance for doubtful accounts), and (c) accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by MCFA. The Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other resources and the investment policies of the organization

The Foundation had the following endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2015:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Board-designated quasi-endowment	\$ 9,645,388			\$ 9,645,388
Donor-restricted quasi-endowment		\$ 4,198,282		4,198,282
Donor-restricted for permanent endowment	(95,068)	22,961,320	\$ 62,123,944	84,990,196
	<u>\$ 9,550,320</u>	<u>\$ 27,159,602</u>	<u>\$ 62,123,944</u>	<u>\$ 98,833,866</u>

At June 30, 2015, certain donor-restricted endowment funds had fair values less than the amount of the original gifts (the permanently restricted portion of the funds). Deficiencies of \$95,057 are reported in unrestricted net assets.

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for the Endowment that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding for operations while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Over time, long-term rates of return should be equal to an amount sufficient to maintain the purchasing power of the Endowment assets, to provide the necessary capital to fund the spending policy, and to cover the costs of managing the Endowment investments. The target minimum rate of return, net of investment fees, is equal to or greater than 4% plus inflation over long periods of time. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount. To satisfy this long-term rate-of-return objective, the investment portfolio is structured on a total- return approach through which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). A significant portion of the funds are invested to seek growth of principal over time.

The Foundation uses an endowment spending-rate formula to determine the amount to spend from the Endowment each year. The rate, determined and adjusted from time to

time by the Board of Directors, is applied to the average fair value of the Endowment investments for the prior three years at December 31 in February of each year to determine the spending amount for the upcoming year. During 2015, the spending rate was 4.00%. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on the Endowment, and set the rate with the objective of maintaining the purchasing power of the Endowment over time.

With the exception of certain permanently restricted contributions that the donor requires to be separately invested, all permanently restricted contributions are consolidated in an investment pool. Appreciation, depreciation, income and expense relative to the pooled endowment investments are allocated to each endowment based upon the ratio of that endowment's investment balance to the total investment pool and are shown as a change in temporarily restricted net assets.

Changes in Endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 9,284,367	\$ 26,777,065	\$ 55,160,706	\$ 91,222,138
Investment return				
Investment income, net of fees	11,378	12,256		23,634
Net realized and unrealized gain	180,471	1,969,105	91,432	2,241,008
	<u>191,849</u>	<u>1,981,361</u>	<u>91,432</u>	<u>2,264,642</u>
Contributions	2,558	93,542	6,580,585	6,676,685
Reclassification of donor intent	250,279	363,126	291,221	904,626
Deficiency in original gift value of permanently restricted funds below fair value	(93,339)			(93,339)
Appropriation of endowment assets pursuant to spending-rate policy	(85,394)	(2,055,492)		(2,140,886)
Endowment net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 9,550,320</u>	<u>\$ 27,159,602</u>	<u>\$ 62,123,944</u>	<u>\$ 98,833,866</u>

D. Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give are estimated to be collected as follows at June 30, 2015:

Within one year	\$	2,995,878
In one to five years		3,439,976
Over five years		166,200
		<hr/>
		6,602,054
Discount to net present value		(92,646)
Allowance for uncollectible promises to give		(247,466)
	\$	<hr/>
		6,261,942

A concentration of credit risk exists with the unconditional promises to give at June 30, 2015 as approximately 43% of the gross promises to give receivable balance is from two donors.

F. Lease Agreements

Prior to 2002, the Foundation was the recipient of several donated educational broadband services (EBS) licenses, which were subsequently fully amortized. In fiscal year 2008, the Foundation received approximately \$15,000,000 from an outside corporation to purchase additional licenses in exchange for exclusive rights to leasing the purchased licenses.

The licenses are granted for ten-year terms, which are due to expire at various dates through 2025. The licenses are renewable indefinitely in ten-year increments and the Foundation intends on renewing all licenses currently held.

The Foundation leases the licenses after purchase. The leases are granted for ten-year terms, in accordance with the license terms, which are due to expire at various dates through June 2025. The FCC has certain educational programming requirements. As part of the lease agreements, the lessees are responsible for ensuring that the educational requirements are met. After the educational requirements are met, there is excess frequency capacity that can be used. The Foundation receives monthly lease payments for the use of the excess capacity. In addition to the monthly payment terms, several leases required the lessee to pay an initial fee.

The terms of the related lease agreements correspond with the terms of the licenses. Most leases have renewal clauses, which provide for a maximum lease term of 30 years. Total revenue received from these agreements was \$1,378,139 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

During fiscal 2011, NAREH constructed a restaurant on certain property owned by the Arizona Board of Regents with a total initial direct cost of \$3,327,267, which is also the initial net investment in direct financing lease. NAREH then leased the restaurant to Sodexo America, LLC under a direct financing lease. The lease with Sodexo America, LLC originated in fiscal 2011 and has a 6-year term.

During fiscal 2013, NAREH constructed the University Services building on certain property owned by the Arizona Board of Regents with a total initial direct cost of \$9,780,185, which is also the initial net investment in direct financing lease. NAREH then leased the building to Northern Arizona University under a direct financing lease. The lease with Northern Arizona University originated in fiscal 2013 and has a 20-year term.

Minimum future lease receipts under these direct financing leases are as follows as of June 30, 2015:

E. Net Investment Return

Net investment return consists of the following for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Interest and dividends	\$	2,232,546
Net realized and unrealized gain		1,184,710
Less investment management and custodial fees		(71,243)
	\$	<hr/>
		3,346,013

Years Ending June 30,

2016	\$	984,547
2017		1,148,081
2018		488,225
2019		490,575
2020		487,100
Thereafter		<hr/>
Thereafter		5,390,160
Direct Financing Lease	\$	<hr/>
		8,988,688

G. Assets Held in Custody for Others

The Foundation maintains certain assets on behalf of others. The balances of assets held in custody for others consist of the following at June 30, 2015:

Cash	\$	1,308,974
Investments		26,747,888
Beneficial interest in perpetual trust		646,680
	\$	<u>28,703,542</u>
Assets held on behalf of:		
Northern Arizona University	\$	28,432,024
NAU Parents' Association		271,518
	\$	<u>28,703,542</u>



Required Supplementary Information



Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Arizona State Retirement System	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	
	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2006
University's proportion of the net pension liability	1.06%	
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 156,806,397	Information
University's covered-employee payroll	\$ 96,736,181	not available
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	162%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.49%	

Schedule of University's Pension Contributions - Arizona State Retirement System

	Reporting Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 11,318,482	\$ 10,291,080	\$ 9,007,925	\$ 7,975,201	\$ 7,244,168	\$ 6,222,744	\$ 6,135,936	\$ 5,939,553	\$ 5,051,466	\$ 3,674,658
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	11,318,482	10,291,080	9,007,925	7,975,201	7,244,168	6,222,744	6,135,936	5,939,553	5,051,466	3,674,658
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 104,361,657	\$ 96,736,181	\$ 88,480,987	\$ 80,802,442	\$ 80,401,420	\$ 74,613,237	\$ 76,795,194	\$ 73,783,267	\$ 67,896,048	\$ 63,030,154
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.85%	10.64%	10.18%	9.87%	9.01%	8.34%	7.99%	8.05%	7.44%	5.83%

Statistical Section



Narrative to the Statistical Section

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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013 Restated	2012 Restated	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>										
Invested in Capital Assets	\$268,007	\$234,187	\$215,847	\$218,676	\$200,274	\$157,565	\$150,766	\$152,828	\$126,930	\$129,359
Restricted, Non-expendable	22,540	21,770	20,430	19,517	19,047	18,253	17,504	16,493	16,251	16,971
Restricted, Expendable	32,598	29,462	26,658	17,571	16,366	19,373	18,919	22,951	22,401	20,193
Unrestricted	(32,051)	154,120	172,284	178,600	182,210	173,639	124,781	80,149	70,716	47,337
Total Net Position	\$291,094	\$439,539	\$435,219	\$434,364	\$417,897	\$368,830	\$311,970	\$272,421	\$236,298	\$213,860
<i>Expressed as a percent of the total</i>										
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Invested in Capital Assets	92.1	53.3	49.6	50.3	47.9	42.7	48.3	56.1	53.7	60.5
Restricted, Non-expendable	7.7	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.9	5.6	6.1	6.9	7.9
Restricted, Expendable	11.2	6.7	6.1	4.0	3.9	5.3	6.1	8.4	9.5	9.4
Unrestricted	(11.0)	35.1	39.6	41.2	43.6	47.1	40.0	29.4	29.9	22.2
Total Net Position	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<i>% increase/(decrease) from prior year</i>										
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Invested in Capital Assets	14.4	8.5	(1.3)	9.2	27.1	4.5	(1.3)	20.4	(1.9)	3.6
Restricted, Non-expendable	3.5	6.6	4.7	2.5	4.3	4.3	6.1	1.5	(4.2)	11.8
Restricted, Expendable	10.6	10.5	51.7	7.4	(15.5)	2.4	(17.6)	2.5	10.9	10.1
Unrestricted	(120.8)	(10.5)	(3.5)	(2.0)	4.9	39.2	55.7	13.3	49.4	5.0
Total Net Position	(33.8)	1.0	0.2	3.9	13.3	18.2	14.5	15.3	10.5	5.1

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, (Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2013 Restated	2012 Restated	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues										
<i>Operating Revenues</i>										
Student tuition and fees, net	\$205,550	\$188,816	\$172,565	\$157,864	\$147,224	\$126,414	\$112,075	\$99,151	\$89,162	\$82,012
Governmental grants and contracts	22,288	19,594	19,521	18,461	26,185	17,706	14,690	14,625	55,459	51,151
Private grants and contracts	2,793	2,865	3,518	2,119	1,437	1,977	3,518	3,527	4,108	3,881
Residence Life	31,602	29,870	30,541	29,534	29,480	27,841	25,448	22,804	21,755	17,942
Other auxiliaries	23,443	21,424	20,096	16,272	17,692	14,903	13,520	13,051	16,856	20,499
Other revenues (1)	23,215	20,246	17,410	17,190	10,603	10,124	8,826	9,185	7,236	6,083
Total Operating Revenues	\$308,891	\$282,815	\$263,651	\$241,440	\$232,621	\$198,965	\$178,077	\$162,343	\$194,576	\$181,568
Expenses										
<i>Operating Expenses</i>										
Educational and general										
Instruction	\$167,080	\$156,021	\$142,282	\$134,272	\$132,117	\$123,077	\$127,717	\$127,073	\$116,548	\$103,438
Research	25,461	23,584	19,886	21,766	23,178	22,306	21,463	21,433	21,353	21,232
Public Service	27,009	25,699	26,935	28,352	27,301	26,878	28,794	29,333	27,509	25,965
Academic support	36,182	33,877	32,164	28,858	30,321	27,194	27,064	29,185	26,668	25,895
Student services	50,335	50,504	42,145	36,274	32,995	25,312	28,228	27,836	23,907	21,388
Institutional support	57,141	53,702	47,265	41,789	40,909	37,627	35,789	36,676	32,385	32,868
Operation & maintenance of plant	25,779	26,693	23,259	21,781	17,426	16,591	19,658	22,610	17,874	16,399
Scholarship and fellowship	29,068	25,412	24,211	25,576	29,218	23,431	16,644	13,848	13,031	11,797
Auxiliary enterprises	37,706	32,759	44,386	37,035	34,351	29,339	28,716	28,645	33,491	35,977
Depreciation	35,123	33,256	31,388	27,260	21,990	21,605	20,731	18,926	17,867	15,807
Total Operating Expenses	\$490,884	\$461,507	\$433,921	\$402,963	\$389,806	\$353,360	\$354,804	\$355,565	\$330,633	\$310,766
Operating loss	\$(181,993)	\$(178,692)	\$(170,270)	\$(161,523)	\$(157,185)	\$(154,395)	\$(176,727)	\$(193,222)	\$(136,057)	\$(129,198)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										
State operating appropriations	\$112,026	\$105,588	\$101,469	\$103,670	\$128,529	\$128,448	\$135,600	\$153,579	\$136,862	\$124,690
Federal fiscal stabilization funds	-	-	-	-	291	10,935	23,492	-	-	-
Share of state tax - TRIF	13,267	12,308	11,492	11,157	11,189	10,913	12,246	16,424	16,913	11,861
Government grants	59,658	56,413	57,569	60,200	56,324	53,514	43,468	42,837	259	289
Private gifts and grants	13,032	10,920	9,925	10,367	8,003	10,873	8,880	10,469	5,275	5,175
Net investment return (loss)	1,771	5,703	3,174	2,678	2,983	4,178	(1,192)	4,700	8,933	6,814
Interest on debt	(22,723)	(23,696)	(23,456)	(22,852)	(14,023)	(14,450)	(13,422)	(12,206)	(10,506)	(10,043)
Other revenues (expenses)	8,271	8,987	5,703	4,229	3,642	171	(117)	(1,664)	942	(390)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	\$185,302	\$176,223	\$165,876	\$169,449	\$196,938	\$204,582	\$208,955	\$214,139	\$158,678	\$138,396
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	\$3,309	\$(2,469)	\$(4,394)	\$7,926	\$39,753	\$50,187	\$32,228	\$20,917	\$22,621	\$9,198
Capital appropriations	\$5,827	\$5,900	\$5,900	\$5,900	\$5,900	\$5,900	\$5,900	\$5,900	\$2,647	n/a
Capital grants and gifts	60	63	63	455	2,582	46	770	2,997	63	49
Additions to permanent endowments	858	826	882	852	831	727	651	650	522	1,167
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$10,054	\$4,320	\$2,451	\$15,133	\$49,066	\$56,860	\$39,549	\$30,464	\$25,853	\$10,414
Total Revenues	\$523,661	\$489,523	\$459,828	\$440,948	\$452,895	\$424,670	\$409,084	\$399,899	\$366,992	\$331,613
Total Expenses	513,607	485,203	457,377	425,815	403,829	367,810	369,535	369,435	341,139	321,199
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$10,054	\$4,320	\$2,451	\$15,133	\$49,066	\$56,860	\$39,549	\$30,464	\$25,853	\$10,414

(1) In compliance with Arizona Revised Statutes 35-391, for FY2015, the University received a rebate in the amount of \$392,326 from JP Morgan for Pcard purchases.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (Continued)

(Expressed as a percent of Total Revenues / Total Expenses)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013 Restated	2012 Restated	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<i>Operating Revenues</i>										
Student tuition and fees, net	39.3	38.6	37.5	35.8	32.5	29.8	27.4	24.8	24.3	24.7
Governmental grants and contracts	4.3	4.0	4.2	4.2	5.8	4.2	3.6	3.7	15.1	15.4
Private grants and contracts	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2
Residence Life	6.0	6.1	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.2	5.7	5.9	5.4
Other Auxiliaries	4.5	4.4	4.4	3.7	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.3	4.6	6.2
Other revenues	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.9	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.0	1.8
Total Operating Revenues	59.0	57.8	57.3	54.8	51.3	47.0	43.6	40.7	53.0	54.7
Expenses										
<i>Operating Expenses</i>										
Educational and general										
Instruction	32.5	32.2	31.1	31.5	32.7	33.5	34.6	34.4	34.2	32.2
Research	5.0	4.9	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.1	5.8	5.8	6.3	6.6
Public Service	5.3	5.3	5.9	6.7	6.8	7.3	7.8	7.9	8.1	8.1
Academic support	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.9	7.8	8.1
Student services	9.8	10.4	9.2	8.5	8.2	6.9	7.6	7.5	7.0	6.7
Institutional support	11.1	11.1	10.3	9.8	10.1	10.2	9.7	9.9	9.5	10.2
Operation & maintenance of plant	5.0	5.5	5.1	5.1	4.3	4.5	5.3	6.1	5.2	5.1
Scholarships and fellowships	5.7	5.2	5.3	6.0	7.2	6.4	4.5	3.7	3.8	3.7
Auxiliary enterprises	7.3	6.8	9.7	8.7	8.5	8.0	7.8	7.8	9.8	11.2
Depreciation	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.4	5.4	5.9	5.6	5.1	5.2	4.9
Total Operating Expenses	95.6	95.3	94.8	94.6	96.4	96.2	96.0	96.1	96.9	96.8
Operating loss	(34.8)	(36.5)	(37.0)	(36.6)	(34.7)	(36.4)	(43.2)	(48.3)	(37.1)	(39.0)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										
State operating appropriations	21.4	21.6	22.1	23.5	28.4	30.2	33.1	38.4	37.3	37.6
Federal fiscal stabilization funds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.6	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Share of state tax - TRIF	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	3.0	4.1	4.6	3.6
Government Grants	11.4	11.5	12.5	13.7	12.4	12.6	10.6	10.7	0.1	0.1
Private gifts	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.4	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.6	1.4	1.6
Net investment return (loss)	0.3	1.2	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.0	(0.3)	1.2	2.4	2.1
Interest on debt	(4.4)	(4.9)	(5.1)	(5.4)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(3.6)	(3.3)	(3.1)	(3.1)
Other revenues (expenses)	1.6	1.8	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.0	(0.0)	(0.5)	0.3	(0.1)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	35.3	36.0	36.1	38.3	43.2	47.7	50.7	53.2	43.0	41.8
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	0.6	(0.5)	(0.9)	1.7	8.5	11.3	7.5	4.9	5.9	2.8
Capital appropriations	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	0.7	0.0
Capital grants	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.0
Additions to permanent endowments	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.4
Increase in Net Position	1.9	0.9	0.6	3.3	10.5	12.9	9.3	7.3	6.7	3.2

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (Continued)

(Percentage increase (decrease) from prior year)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013 Restated	2012 Restated	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Revenues										
<i>Operating Revenues</i>										
Student tuition and fees, net	8.9	9.4	9.3	7.2	16.5	12.8	13.0	11.2	8.7	10.6
Governmental grants and contracts	13.7	0.4	5.7	(29.5)	47.9	20.5	0.4	(73.6)	8.4	(5.3)
Private grants and contracts	(2.5)	(18.6)	66.0	47.5	(27.3)	(43.8)	(0.3)	(14.1)	5.8	(4.6)
<i>Sales and services</i>										
Residence Life	5.8	(2.2)	3.4	0.2	5.9	9.4	11.6	4.8	21.3	13.6
Other Auxiliaries	9.4	6.6	23.5	(8.0)	18.7	10.2	3.6	(22.6)	(17.8)	12.3
Other revenues	14.7	16.3	1.3	62.1	4.7	14.7	(3.9)	26.9	19.0	15.4
Total Operating Revenues	9.2	7.3	9.2	3.8	16.9	11.7	9.7	(16.6)	7.2	5.8
Expenses										
<i>Operating Expenses</i>										
<i>Educational and general</i>										
Instruction	7.1	9.7	6.0	1.6	7.3	(3.6)	0.5	9.0	12.7	5.4
Research	8.0	18.6	(8.6)	(6.1)	3.9	3.9	0.1	0.4	0.6	8.2
Public Service	5.1	(4.6)	(5.0)	3.8	1.6	(6.7)	(1.8)	6.6	5.9	17.0
Academic support	6.8	5.3	11.5	(4.8)	11.5	0.5	(7.3)	9.4	3.0	25.9
Student services	(0.3)	19.8	16.2	9.9	30.4	(10.3)	1.4	16.4	11.8	6.8
Institutional support	6.4	13.6	13.1	2.2	8.7	5.1	(2.4)	13.2	(1.5)	20.8
Operation & maintenance of plant	(3.4)	14.8	6.8	25.0	5.0	(15.6)	(13.1)	26.5	9.0	(0.2)
Scholarships and fellowships	14.4	5.0	(5.3)	(12.5)	24.7	40.8	20.2	6.3	10.5	11.0
Auxiliary enterprises	15.1	(26.2)	19.8	7.8	17.1	2.2	0.2	(14.5)	(6.9)	29.0
Depreciation	5.6	6.0	15.1	24.0	1.8	4.2	9.5	5.9	13.0	(2.6)
Total Operating Expenses	6.4	6.4	7.7	3.4	10.3	(0.4)	(0.2)	7.5	6.4	11.4
Operating loss	1.8	4.9	5.4	2.8	1.8	(12.6)	(8.5)	42.0	5.3	20.3
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										
State operating appropriations	6.1	4.1	(2.1)	(19.3)	0.1	(5.3)	(11.7)	12.2	9.8	6.0
Federal fiscal stabilization funds	n/a	n/a	n/a	(100.0)	(97.3)	(53.5)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Share of state tax - TRIF	7.8	7.1	3.0	(0.3)	2.5	(10.9)	(25.4)	(2.9)	42.6	(12.0)
Government grants & contracts	5.8	(2.0)	(4.4)	6.9	5.3	23.1	1.5	16,439.4	(10.4)	(24.3)
Private gifts	19.3	10.0	(4.3)	29.5	(26.4)	22.4	(15.2)	98.5	1.9	54.6
Net investment return (loss)	(68.9)	79.7	18.5	(10.2)	(28.6)	(450.5)	(125.4)	(47.4)	31.1	91.9
Interest on indebtedness	(4.1)	1.0	2.6	63.0	(3.0)	7.7	10.0	16.2	4.6	37.7
Other revenues (expenses)	(8.0)	57.6	34.9	16.1	2,029.8	(246.2)	(93.0)	(276.6)	(341.5)	(62.8)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	5.2	6.2	(2.1)	(14.0)	(3.7)	(2.1)	(2.4)	35.0	14.7	6.4
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	(234.0)	(43.8)	(155.4)	(80.1)	(20.8)	55.7	54.1	(7.5)	145.9	(59.4)
Capital appropriations	(1.2)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	122.9	n/a	n/a
Capital grants	(4.8)	0.0	(86.2)	(82.4)	5,513.0	(94.0)	(74.3)	4,657.1	28.6	(39.5)
Additions to permanent endowments	3.9	(6.3)	3.5	2.5	14.3	11.7	0.2	24.5	(55.3)	101.6
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	132.7	76.3	(83.8)	(69.2)	(13.7)	43.8	29.8	17.8	148.3	(55.4)

OPERATING EXPENSES BY NATURAL CLASSIFICATION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>										
Personal Services and Benefits	\$313,645	\$293,654	\$268,888	\$254,396	\$248,043	\$231,613	\$237,591	\$231,571	\$216,465	\$195,330
Operations	113,048	109,185	109,435	95,731	90,555	76,711	79,838	91,220	83,269	87,832
Scholarships	29,068	25,412	24,211	25,576	29,218	23,431	16,644	13,848	13,032	11,797
Depreciation	35,123	33,256	31,387	27,260	21,990	21,605	20,731	18,926	17,867	15,807
Total Operating Expenses by Natural Classification	\$490,884	\$461,507	\$433,921	\$402,963	\$389,806	\$353,360	\$354,804	\$355,565	\$330,633	\$310,766
Expressed as a percent of the total	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Personal Services and Benefits	63.9	63.6	62.0	63.1	63.6	65.5	67.0	65.1	65.5	62.9
Supplies and Services	23.0	23.7	25.2	23.8	23.3	21.8	22.5	25.7	25.2	28.2
Student Aid	5.9	5.5	5.6	6.3	7.5	6.6	4.7	3.9	3.9	3.8
Depreciation	7.2	7.2	7.2	6.8	5.6	6.1	5.8	5.3	5.4	5.1
Total Operating Expenses by Natural Classification	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
% increase (decrease) from prior year	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Personal Services and Benefits	6.8	9.2	5.7	2.6	7.1	(2.5)	2.6	7.0	10.8	6.9
Supplies and Services	3.5	(0.2)	14.3	5.7	18.0	(3.9)	(12.5)	9.5	(5.2)	26.6
Student Aid	14.4	5.0	(5.3)	(12.5)	24.7	40.8	20.2	6.3	10.5	11.0
Depreciation	5.6	6.0	15.1	24.0	1.8	4.2	9.5	5.9	13.0	(2.6)
Total Operating Expenses by Natural Classification	6.4	6.4	7.7	3.4	10.3	(0.4)	(0.2)	7.5	6.4	11.4

ACADEMIC YEAR TUITION AND REQUIRED FEES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
PLEDGE* Resident Undergraduate										
Northern Arizona University	\$9,989	\$9,745	\$9,271	\$8,824	\$7,667	\$6,627	\$5,446	\$4,841	\$4,546	\$4,393
percent increase from prior year	2.5%	5.1%	5.1%	15.1%	15.7%	21.7%	12.5%	6.5%	3.5%	7.9%
ABOR Peers with a 4 year guarantee	\$12,122	\$12,197	\$11,506	\$11,026	\$10,411	\$9,971	\$9,294			
percent increase from prior year	(0.6%)	6.0%	4.4%	5.9%	4.4%	7.3%	n/a			
ABOR Peers Average								\$6,945	\$7,136	\$6,682
percent increase from prior year								(2.7%)	6.8%	7.2%
PLEDGE* Non-Resident Undergraduate										
Northern Arizona University	\$22,509	\$22,099	\$21,626	\$21,179	\$20,067	\$17,854	\$16,544	\$14,495	\$13,487	\$13,023
percent increase from prior year	1.9%	2.2%	2.1%	5.5%	12.4%	7.9%	14.1%	7.5%	3.6%	3.4%
ABOR Peers with a 4 year guarantee	\$23,060	\$23,044	\$22,079	\$21,117	\$19,854	\$18,832	\$16,869			
percent increase from prior year	0.1%	4.4%	4.6%	6.4%	5.4%	11.6%	n/a			
ABOR Peers Average								\$16,678	\$16,498	\$15,577
percent increase from prior year								1.1%	5.9%	6.0%
* PLEDGE tuition rate means new freshman and transfer students will pay the same tuition rate for four years. The PLEDGE rate began in fall 2008-2009.										
Resident Graduate										
Northern Arizona University	\$9,165	\$8,806	\$8,378	\$8,008	\$7,398	\$6,546	\$5,616	\$5,214	\$4,898	\$4,733
percent increase from prior year	4.1%	5.1%	4.6%	8.2%	13.0%	16.6%	7.7%	6.5%	3.5%	10.8%
Non-Resident Graduate										
Northern Arizona University	\$20,249	\$19,900	\$19,472	\$18,910	\$18,172	\$17,060	\$15,976	\$14,896	\$14,032	\$13,381
percent increase from prior year	1.8%	2.2%	3.0%	4.1%	6.5%	6.8%	7.3%	6.2%	4.9%	4.6%

Sources: ABOR History Tuition and Fees: ABOR Base Tuition and Fees

Source: Peers - ABOR Peer Comparisons Prepared Annually for Tuition Setting Board Meeting

PRINCIPAL REVENUE SOURCES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
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(Dollars in thousands)

Tuition and Fees, net of scholarship allowance	\$205,550	\$188,816	\$172,565	\$157,864	\$147,224	\$126,414	\$112,075	\$99,151	\$89,162	\$82,012
percent of total revenue	39%	39%	38%	36%	33%	30%	27%	25%	24%	25%
percent increase/(decrease) from prior year	9%	9%	9%	7%	16%	13%	13%	11%	9%	11%

State of Arizona Government

State appropriations	\$112,026	\$105,588	\$101,469	\$103,670	\$128,529	\$128,448	\$135,600	\$153,579	\$136,862	\$124,690
Technology and research initiatives funding	13,267	12,308	11,492	11,157	11,189	10,913	12,246	16,424	16,913	11,861
Capital appropriations	5,827	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	2,647	-
State grants and contracts	3,464	3,469	5,649	3,359	3,229	3,796	4,518	10,693	6,322	6,427

State of Arizona Government	\$134,584	\$127,265	\$124,510	\$124,086	\$148,847	\$149,057	\$158,264	\$186,596	\$162,744	\$142,978
percent of total revenue	26%	26%	27%	28%	33%	35%	39%	47%	44%	43%
percent increase (decrease) from prior year	6%	2%	0%	(17%)	(0%)	(6%)	(15%)	15%	14%	5%

Federal Government

Federal grants and contracts	\$35,669	\$52,981	\$53,838	\$56,412	\$59,255	\$57,577	\$59,901	\$68,220	\$42,000	\$38,298
Financial aid grants	39,533	36,535	36,091	36,704	34,478	28,107	15,476	4,551	(6,322)	(6,427)
Capital grants	60	63	63	455	2,582	46	770	2,997	63	49
Federal fiscal stabilization funds	-	-	-	-	291	10,935	23,492	-	-	-

Federal Government	\$75,262	\$89,579	\$89,992	\$93,571	\$96,606	\$96,665	\$99,639	\$75,768	\$35,741	\$31,920
percent of total revenue	14%	18%	20%	21%	21%	23%	24%	19%	10%	10%
percent increase (decrease) from prior year	(16%)	(0%)	(4%)	(3%)	(0%)	(3%)	32%	112%	12%	(48%)

Total from principal revenue payers	\$415,396	\$405,660	\$387,067	\$375,521	\$392,677	\$372,136	\$369,978	\$361,515	\$287,647	\$256,910
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LONG-TERM DEBT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>										
System Revenue Bonds	\$533,630	\$510,695	\$467,425	\$353,820	\$335,700	\$360,010	\$187,270	\$150,710	\$122,565	\$131,805
Unamortized Premium	25,906	16,550	9,305	4,283	3,356	4,265	4,601	4,937	4,044	3,781
Deferred amount on Refundings	-	-	(1,200)	(1,325)	(1,455)	(1,847)	(2,007)	(2,167)	(2,464)	(1,558)
Net System Revenue Bonds	\$559,536	\$527,245	\$475,530	\$356,778	\$337,601	\$362,428	\$189,864	\$153,480	\$124,145	\$134,028
Certificates of Participation (COPs)	\$58,285	\$62,850	\$65,630	\$69,540	\$80,835	\$83,315	\$85,705	\$88,030	\$90,285	\$90,285
Unamortized Premium	7,408	5,574	5,911	849	894	938	983	1,028	1,072	1,117
Deferred amount on Refundings	-	-	(3,502)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Certificates of Participation	\$65,693	\$68,424	\$68,039	\$70,389	\$81,729	\$84,253	\$86,688	\$89,058	\$91,357	\$91,402
Net System Revenue Bonds Payable	\$559,536	\$527,245	\$475,530	\$356,778	\$337,601	\$362,428	\$189,864	\$153,480	\$124,145	\$134,028
Net COPs Payable	65,693	68,424	68,039	70,389	81,729	84,253	86,688	89,058	91,357	91,402
Capital and Operating Leases Payable	16,779	17,746	17,936	58,652	47,217	48,135	49,234	50,202	36,699	14,791
Total Long-Term Debt Payable	\$642,008	\$613,415	\$561,505	\$485,819	\$466,547	\$494,816	\$325,786	\$292,740	\$252,201	\$240,221
Long Term Debt (whole dollars)										
per Student FTE	\$24,755	\$24,719	\$23,195	\$21,156	\$20,511	\$23,585	\$16,675	\$16,013	\$14,421	\$14,447
per Dollar of State Appropriations and State Aid	\$5.45	\$5.50	\$5.23	\$4.43	\$3.47	\$3.68	\$2.30	\$1.84	\$1.81	\$1.93
per Dollar of Total Grants and Contracts	\$6.73	\$6.85	\$6.24	\$5.22	\$4.98	\$5.77	\$4.32	\$3.71	\$4.51	\$4.64
Data Used in Above Calculations										
Total Student FTE	25,934	24,816	24,208	22,964	22,746	20,980	19,537	18,281	17,489	16,628
State Appropriations and State Capital Appropriations	\$117,853	\$111,488	\$107,369	\$109,570	\$134,429	\$134,348	\$141,500	\$159,479	\$139,509	\$124,690
Grants and Contracts	\$95,327	\$89,516	\$89,929	\$93,116	\$93,733	\$85,684	\$75,377	\$78,913	\$55,977	\$51,729

SUMMARY OF RATIOS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
COMPOSITE FINANCIAL INDEX										
+ Primary Reserve Ratio	0.12	0.50	0.54	0.56	0.60	0.62	0.47	0.36	0.36	0.28
/ Strength Factor	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.133
= Ratio / Strength Factor	0.90	3.76	4.06	4.21	4.51	4.66	3.53	2.71	2.71	2.11
* Weighting Factor	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%
= Ratio Subtotal	0.32	1.32	1.42	1.47	1.58	1.63	1.24	0.95	0.95	0.74
= Ratio 10.00 Cap Subtotal	0.32	1.32	1.42	1.47	1.58	1.63	1.24	0.95	0.95	0.74
+ Return on Net Assets Ratio	3.9%	4.8%	3.1%	2.7%	14.4%	16.8%	8.3%	11.0%	17.6%	6.5%
/ Strength Factor	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
= Ratio / Strength Factor	1.95	2.40	1.55	1.35	7.20	8.40	4.15	5.50	8.80	3.25
* Weighting Factor	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
= Ratio Subtotal	0.39	0.48	0.31	0.27	1.44	1.68	0.83	1.10	1.76	0.65
= Ratio 10.00 Cap Subtotal	0.39	0.48	0.31	0.27	1.44	1.68	0.83	1.10	1.76	0.65
+ Net Operating Revenues Ratio	0.4%	0.3%	(0.3%)	1.9%	9.8%	13.2%	7.2%	5.8%	7.2%	3.5%
/ Strength Factor	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%
= Ratio / Strength Factor	0.31	0.23	-0.23	1.46	7.54	10.00	5.54	4.46	5.54	2.69
* Weighting Factor	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
= Ratio Subtotal	0.03	0.02	-0.02	0.15	0.75	1.00	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.27
= Ratio 10.00 Cap Subtotal	0.03	0.02	-0.02	0.15	0.75	1.00	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.27
+ Viability Ratio	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3
/ Strength Factor	0.417	0.417	0.417	0.417	0.417	0.417	0.417	0.417	0.417	0.417
= Ratio / Strength Factor	0.24	0.96	1.09	1.10	1.17	1.03	1.14	1.02	1.07	0.81
* Weighting Factor	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%
= Ratio Subtotal	0.08	0.34	0.38	0.39	0.41	0.36	0.40	0.36	0.38	0.28
= Ratio 10.00 Cap Subtotal	0.08	0.34	0.38	0.39	0.41	0.36	0.40	0.36	0.38	0.28
Composite Financial Index	0.8	2.2	2.1	2.3	4.2	4.7	3.0	2.9	3.6	1.9
Composite Financial Index w/10.00 Cap	0.8	2.2	2.1	2.3	4.2	4.7	3.0	2.9	3.6	1.9

The Composite Financial Index (CFI) provides a methodology for a single overall financial measurement of the institution's health based on the four core ratios. The CFI uses a reasonable weighting plan and allows a weakness or strength in a specific ratio to be offset by another ratio result, which provides a more balanced measure. The CFI provides a more holistic approach to understanding the financial health of the institution. The CFI scores are not intended to be precise measures; they are indicators of ranges of financial health that can be indicators of overall institutional well-being when combined with non-financial indicators. Ratio/Strength are capped at a maximum of 10 before the weighting factors are applied so that a higher CFI does not unduly mask a weakness in a component ratio.

SUMMARY OF RATIOS - (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>										
PRIMARY RESERVE RATIO										
Unrestricted Net Position	\$(32,051)	\$154,120	\$172,284	\$178,600	\$182,210	\$173,639	\$124,781	\$80,149	\$70,716	\$47,337
Unrestricted Net Assets - Component Units	10,842	12,285	32,282	29,470	30,222	24,951	17,464	20,139	15,944	10,030
Expendable Restricted Net Position	32,598	29,462	26,658	17,571	16,366	19,373	18,919	22,951	22,401	20,193
Temp. Restricted Net Assets - Component Units	51,942	52,378	23,511	18,357	22,263	15,403	17,146	22,846	25,025	15,668
Expendable Net Position/Assets	\$63,331	\$248,245	\$254,735	\$243,998	\$251,061	\$233,366	\$178,310	\$146,085	\$134,086	\$93,228
Operating Expenses	\$490,884	\$461,507	\$433,921	\$402,963	\$389,806	\$353,360	\$354,804	\$355,565	\$330,633	\$310,766
Nonoperating Expenses	22,723	23,696	23,456	22,852	14,023	14,450	14,731	13,870	10,506	10,433
Component Unit Total Expenses	13,214	11,944	10,822	11,363	13,424	11,289	11,506	37,868	28,203	7,001
Total Expenses	\$526,821	\$497,147	\$468,199	\$437,178	\$417,253	\$379,099	\$381,041	\$407,303	\$369,342	\$328,200
Expendable Net Position/	\$63,331	\$248,245	\$254,735	\$243,998	\$251,061	\$233,366	\$178,310	\$146,085	\$134,086	\$93,228
Total Expenses	\$526,821	\$497,147	\$468,199	\$437,178	\$417,253	\$379,099	\$381,041	\$407,303	\$369,342	\$328,200
Ratio	0.12	0.50	0.54	0.56	0.60	0.62	0.47	0.36	0.36	0.28

Measures the financial strength of the institution by indicating how long the institution could function using its expendable reserves to cover operations should additional net assets not be available. A positive ratio and an increase in amount over time denotes strength.

RETURN ON NET ASSETS RATIO

Change in Total Net Position/	\$15,628	\$25,910	\$15,925	\$13,714	\$64,088	\$64,204	\$29,355	\$34,843	\$46,645	\$16,320
Total Net Position (Beginning of Year)	\$404,999	\$537,588	\$521,663	\$509,545	\$445,520	\$381,316	\$351,961	\$317,119	\$264,815	\$249,904
Ratio	3.9%	4.8%	3.1%	2.7%	14.4%	16.8%	8.3%	11.0%	17.6%	6.5%

Measures total economic return. While an increasing trend reflects strength, a decline may be appropriate and even warranted if it represents a strategy on the part of the institution to fulfill its mission.

NET OPERATING REVENUES RATIO

Income/(Loss) Before Capital and Endowment Additions	\$3,309	\$(2,469)	\$(4,394)	\$7,926	\$39,753	\$50,187	\$32,228	\$20,917	\$22,621	\$9,198
Component Unit Change in Unrestricted Net Assets Before Extraordinary or Special items	(1,443)	3,834	2,812	646	5,271	7,488	(2,676)	4,195	5,816	2,657
Adjusted Income/(Loss) before Capital and Endowment Additions and Component Unit Change in Unrestricted Net Assets Before Extraordinary or Special items	\$1,866	\$1,365	\$(1,582)	\$8,572	\$45,024	\$57,675	\$29,552	\$25,112	\$28,437	\$11,855

SUMMARY OF RATIOS - (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>										
Total Operating Revenues	\$308,891	\$282,815	\$263,651	\$241,440	\$232,621	\$198,965	\$178,077	\$162,343	\$194,576	\$181,568
State Appropriation and State related revenues	125,293	117,896	112,961	114,827	140,009	150,296	171,338	170,003	153,775	136,551
Non-capital Gifts and Grants, net	72,690	67,333	67,494	70,567	64,327	64,387	52,348	53,306	5,534	5,464
Investment Income (Loss), net	1,771	5,703	3,174	2,678	2,983	4,178	(1,192)	4,700	8,933	6,814
Component Units Total Unrestricted Revenue	11,771	15,778	13,634	12,009	18,696	18,777	8,830	42,063	34,018	9,657
Adjusted Net Operating Revenues	\$520,416	\$489,525	\$460,914	\$441,521	\$458,636	\$436,603	\$409,401	\$432,415	\$396,836	\$340,054
Adjusted Income/(Loss) Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains or Losses and Component Unit Change in Unrestricted Net Assets Before Extraordinary or Special Items/	\$1,866	\$1,365	\$(1,582)	\$8,572	\$45,024	\$57,675	\$29,552	\$25,112	\$28,437	\$11,855
Adjusted Net Operating Revenues	\$520,416	\$489,525	\$460,914	\$441,521	\$458,636	\$436,603	\$409,401	\$432,415	\$396,836	\$340,054
Ratio	0.4%	0.3%	(0.3%)	1.9%	9.8%	13.2%	7.2%	5.8%	7.2%	3.5%

Measures whether the institution is living within available resources. A positive ratio and an increasing amount over time generally reflects strength.

VIABILITY RATIO

Unrestricted Net Position	\$(32,051)	\$154,120	\$172,284	\$178,600	\$182,210	\$173,639	\$124,781	\$80,149	\$70,716	\$47,337
Unrestricted Net Assets - Component Units	10,842	12,286	32,282	29,470	30,222	24,951	17,464	20,139	15,944	10,030
Expendable Restricted Net Position/ Assets	32,598	29,462	26,658	17,571	16,366	19,373	18,919	22,951	22,401	20,193
Temporarily Restricted Net Assets - Component Units	51,942	52,378	23,511	18,357	22,263	15,403	17,146	22,846	25,025	15,668
Expendable Net Position	\$63,331	\$248,246	\$254,735	\$243,998	\$251,061	\$233,366	\$178,310	\$146,085	\$134,086	\$93,228
University LT Debt, net capital leases with CUs	\$806,774	\$613,415	\$561,505	\$531,802	\$466,547	\$494,816	\$325,786	\$292,740	\$252,201	\$240,221
Component Units Long Term Debt	-	-	-	-	46,894	47,741	48,522	49,139	47,778	35,391
Total Adjusted University Debt	\$806,774	\$613,415	\$561,505	\$531,802	\$513,441	\$542,557	\$374,308	\$341,879	\$299,979	\$275,612
Expendable Net Position/ Total Adjusted University Debt	\$63,331	\$248,246	\$254,735	\$243,998	\$251,061	\$233,366	\$178,310	\$146,085	\$134,086	\$93,228
Ratio	0.08	0.40	0.45	0.46	0.49	0.43	0.48	0.43	0.45	0.34

Measures the ability of the institution to cover its debt as of the balance sheet date, should the institution need to do so. A positive ratio of greater than 1:1 generally denotes strength.

SUMMARY OF RATIOS - OTHER RATIOS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
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(Dollars in thousands)

OPERATING MARGIN EXCLUDING GIFTS

Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses	\$3,309	\$(2,469)	\$(4,394)	\$7,926	\$39,753	\$50,187	\$32,228	\$20,917	\$22,621	\$9,198
Adjusted Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses	\$3,309	\$(2,469)	\$(4,394)	\$7,926	\$39,753	\$50,187	\$32,228	\$20,917	\$22,621	\$9,198
Total Operating Revenues	\$308,891	\$282,815	\$263,651	\$241,440	\$232,621	\$198,965	\$178,077	\$162,343	\$194,576	\$181,568
State appropriation and share of sales tax	125,293	117,896	112,961	114,827	139,718	139,361	147,846	170,003	153,775	136,551
Federal fiscal stabilization funds					291	10,935	23,492			
Investment Income/(Loss), net	1,771	5,703	3,174	2,678	2,983	4,178	(1,192)	4,700	8,933	6,814
Adjusted Net Operating Revenues less Non-capital Gifts and Grants	\$435,955	\$406,414	\$379,786	\$358,945	\$375,613	\$353,439	\$348,223	\$337,046	\$357,284	\$324,933
Adjusted Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses/	\$3,309	\$(2,469)	\$(4,394)	\$7,926	\$39,753	\$50,187	\$32,228	\$20,917	\$22,621	\$9,198
Adjusted Net Operating Revenues less Non-capital Gifts and Grants	\$435,955	\$406,414	\$379,786	\$358,945	\$375,613	\$353,439	\$348,223	\$337,046	\$357,284	\$324,933
Ratio	0.8%	(0.6%)	(1.2%)	2.2%	10.6%	14.2%	9.3%	6.2%	6.3%	2.8%

A more restrictive measure of whether the institution is living within available resources. A positive ratio and an increasing amount over time generally reflects strength.

RESEARCH EXPENSES TO TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating Expenses	\$490,884	\$461,507	\$433,921	\$402,963	\$389,806	\$353,360	\$354,804	\$355,565	\$330,633	\$310,766
Scholarships and Fellowships	(29,068)	(25,412)	(24,211)	(25,576)	(29,218)	(23,431)	(16,644)	(13,848)	(13,031)	(11,797)
Interest on Debt	22,723	23,696	23,456	22,852	14,023	14,450	13,422	12,206	10,506	10,043
Total Adjusted Operating Expenses	\$484,539	\$459,791	\$433,166	\$400,239	\$374,611	\$344,379	\$351,582	\$353,923	\$328,108	\$309,012
Research Expenses/	\$25,461	\$23,584	\$19,886	\$21,766	\$23,178	\$22,306	\$21,463	\$21,433	\$21,353	\$21,232
Total Adjusted Operating Expenses	\$484,539	\$459,791	\$433,166	\$400,239	\$374,611	\$344,379	\$351,582	\$353,923	\$328,108	\$309,012
Ratio	5%	5%	5%	5%	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%	7%

Measures the institution's research expense to the total operating expenses.

SUMMARY OF RATIOS - OTHER RATIOS (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
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(Dollars in thousands)

NET TUITION PER STUDENT

Student Tuition and Fees, net	\$205,550	\$188,816	\$172,565	\$157,864	\$147,224	\$126,414	\$112,075	\$99,151	\$89,162	\$82,012
Financial Aid Grants	39,533	36,535	36,091	36,704	34,478	28,107	15,476	10,693	13,718	13,142
Scholarships and Fellowships	(29,068)	(25,412)	(24,211)	(25,576)	(29,218)	(23,431)	(16,644)	(13,848)	(13,031)	(11,797)
Net Tuition and Fees /	\$216,015	\$199,939	\$184,445	\$168,992	\$152,484	\$131,090	\$110,907	\$95,996	\$89,849	\$83,357
Student FTE	25,934	24,816	24,208	22,964	22,746	20,980	19,537	18,281	17,489	16,628
Net Tuition per Student (whole dollars)	\$8,329	\$8,057	\$7,619	\$7,359	\$6,704	\$6,248	\$5,677	\$5,251	\$5,137	\$5,013

Measures the institution's net student tuition and fees received per student.

STATE APPROPRIATIONS PER STUDENT

State Appropriations	\$112,026	\$105,588	\$101,469	\$103,670	\$128,529	\$128,448	\$135,600	\$153,579	\$136,862	\$124,690
Capital State Appropriations	5,827	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	2,647	-
Adjusted State Appropriations /	\$117,853	\$111,488	\$107,369	\$109,570	\$134,429	\$134,348	\$141,500	\$159,479	\$139,509	\$124,690
Student FTE	25,934	24,816	24,208	22,964	22,746	20,980	19,537	18,281	17,489	16,628
Adjusted State Appropriation per Student (whole dollars)	\$4,544	\$4,493	\$4,435	\$4,771	\$5,910	\$6,404	\$7,243	\$8,724	\$7,977	\$7,499

Measures the institution's dependency on state appropriations.

SUMMARY OF RATIOS - DEBT RELATED RATIOS

Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
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(Dollars in thousands)

EXPENDABLE RESOURCES TO DEBT

Unrestricted Net Position	\$(32,051)	\$154,120	\$172,284	\$178,600	\$182,210	\$173,639	\$124,781	\$80,149	\$70,716	\$47,337
Expendable Restricted Net Position	32,598	29,462	26,658	17,571	16,366	19,373	18,919	22,951	22,401	20,193
Expendable Net Position /	\$547	\$183,582	\$198,942	\$196,171	\$198,576	\$193,012	\$143,700	\$103,100	\$93,117	\$67,530
Total Bonds, COPS, and Capital Leases	\$642,008	\$613,415	\$561,505	\$485,819	\$466,547	\$494,816	\$325,786	\$292,740	\$252,201	\$240,221
Ratio	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3

Measures the ability of the institution to cover its debt using expendable resources as of the balance sheet date.

TOTAL FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO DIRECT DEBT

Unrestricted Net Position	\$(32,051)	\$154,120	\$172,284	\$178,600	\$182,210	\$173,639	\$124,781	\$80,149	\$70,716	\$47,337
Expendable Restricted Net Position	32,598	29,462	26,658	17,571	16,366	19,373	18,919	22,951	22,401	20,193
Non-expendable Restricted Net Position	22,540	21,770	20,430	19,517	19,047	18,253	17,504	16,493	16,251	16,971
Total Financial Resources /	\$23,087	\$205,352	\$219,372	\$215,688	\$217,623	\$211,265	\$161,204	\$119,593	\$109,368	\$84,501
Total Bonds, COPS, and Capital Leases	\$642,008	\$613,415	\$561,505	\$485,819	\$466,547	\$494,816	\$325,786	\$292,740	\$252,201	\$240,221
Ratio	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4

A broader measure of the ability of the institution to cover its debt as of the balance sheet date.

DIRECT DEBT TO ADJUSTED CASH FLOW

Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$(133,504)	\$(144,325)	\$(143,659)	\$(147,552)	\$(137,184)	\$(126,391)	\$(151,474)	\$(176,809)	\$(120,301)	\$(105,630)
State Appropriations and Federal Stabilization Funds	112,026	105,588	101,469	103,670	128,820	139,383	159,092	153,579	136,862	124,690
Share of State Sales Tax - TRIF	13,267	12,308	11,492	11,157	11,189	10,913	12,246	16,424	16,913	11,861
Non-capital Grants and Contracts, Gifts, Other	72,690	67,333	67,494	70,567	64,327	64,387	52,348	53,306	5,534	5,464
Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations	\$64,479	\$40,904	\$36,796	\$37,842	\$67,152	\$88,292	\$72,212	\$46,500	\$39,008	\$36,385
Total Bonds, COPS, and Capital Leases /	\$642,008	\$613,415	\$561,505	\$485,819	\$466,547	\$494,816	\$325,786	\$292,740	\$252,201	\$240,221
Ratio	10.0	15.0	15.3	12.8	6.9	5.6	4.5	6.3	6.5	6.6

Measures the financial strength of the institution by indicating how long (in years) the institution would take to repay the debt using the cash provided by its operations. A decreasing ratio over time denotes strength.

SUMMARY OF RATIOS - DEBT RELATED RATIOS (Continued)

Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>										
DEBT SERVICE TO OPERATIONS										
Interest and Fees Paid on Debt and Leases	\$22,723	\$23,696	\$23,456	\$22,851	\$14,023	\$14,450	\$13,422	\$12,206	\$10,506	\$10,043
Principal Paid on Debt and Leases	13,008	9,538	51,997	18,115	27,708	10,034	9,863	48,482	52,277	10,763
Principal Paid from Refinancing Activities (1)		(16,315)	(37,245)	(8,720)	(18,700)	-	-	(35,345)	(41,130)	-
Debt Service /	\$35,731	\$16,919	\$38,208	\$32,246	\$23,031	\$24,484	\$23,285	\$25,343	\$21,653	\$20,806
Operating Expenses	\$490,884	\$461,507	\$433,921	\$402,963	\$389,806	\$353,360	\$354,804	\$355,565	\$330,633	\$310,766
Ratio	7.3%	3.7%	8.8%	8.0%	5.9%	6.9%	6.6%	7.1%	6.5%	6.7%

Measures the institution's dependence on borrowed funds as a source of financing its mission and the relative cost of borrowing to overall expenditures. The ratio measures the relative cost of debt to overall expenses and a declining trend is generally desirable, however the ratio can spike during times of specific funding activity.

(1) Obtained amount from refunding bonds official statements.



DEBT COVERAGE FOR SENIOR LIEN SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
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(Dollars in thousands)

Bond Resolution Covenant: The Gross Revenues of the University for each fiscal year will be at least 150% of the Maximum Annual Debt Service due in any fiscal year.

Revenues Available for Debt Service

Tuition and Fees, net of scholarship allowance	\$205,550	\$188,816	\$172,565	\$157,864	\$147,224
Receipts from Other Major Revenue Sources (Facilities Revenues)	67,451	63,383	61,277	56,355	46,770
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$273,001	\$252,199	\$233,842	\$214,219	\$193,994

Senior Lien Bonds Debt Service

Interest on Debt	\$15,824	\$14,990	\$15,248	\$15,112	\$15,133
Principal Paid on Debt	8,015	6,615	6,610	5,835	5,610
Direct Payment - Build America Bonds	(2,235)	(2,237)	(2,306)	(2,411)	(2,411)

Senior Lien Bonds Debt Service Requirements

	\$21,604	\$19,368	\$19,552	\$18,536	\$18,332
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Coverage	12.64	13.02	11.96	11.56	10.58
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SPEED Bond Resolution Covenant: The Gross Revenues of the University for each fiscal year will be at least 100% of the annual debt service due on all outstanding parity bonds and subordinate obligations.

Subordinate Lien Bonds Debt Service

Interest on Debt	\$7,224	\$7,315	\$3,859	\$3,859	\$3,870
Direct Payment - Build America Bonds	(1,253)	(1,243)	(1,351)	(1,351)	(1,024)
Direct Payment - State Lottery Revenue	(5,241)	(2,489)	(2,007)	(2,007)	(2,426)

Subordinate Lien Bonds Debt Service Requirements

	\$730	\$3,583	\$501	\$502	\$419
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Combined Senior/Subordinate Lien Debt Service

	\$22,334	\$22,951	\$20,053	\$19,038	\$18,751
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Coverage	12.22	10.99	11.66	11.25	10.35
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DEBT COVERAGE FOR SENIOR LIEN SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS (continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
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(Dollars in thousands)

Bond Resolution Covenant: The Gross Revenues of the University for each fiscal year will be at least 150% of the Maximum Annual Debt Service due in any fiscal year.

Revenues Available for Debt Service

Tuition and Fees, net of scholarship allowance	\$126,414	\$112,075	\$99,151	\$89,162	\$82,012
Receipts from Other Major Revenue Sources (Facilities Revenues)	49,886	40,726	35,565	39,644	40,646
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$176,300	\$152,801	\$134,716	\$128,806	\$122,658

Senior Lien Bonds Debt Service

Interest on Debt	\$10,139	\$8,774	\$7,350	\$5,922	\$6,170
Principal Paid on Debt	6,545	6,470	10,455	10,140	10,090
Direct Payment - Build America Bonds	(1,098)				

Senior Lien Bonds Debt Service Requirements	\$15,586	\$15,244	\$17,805	\$16,062	\$16,260
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Coverage	11.31	10.02	7.57	8.02	7.54
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SPEED Bond Resolution Covenant: The Gross Revenues of the University for each fiscal year will be at least 100% of the annual debt service due on all outstanding parity bonds and subordinate obligations.

Subordinate Lien Bonds Debt Service

Interest on Debt	\$665				
Direct Payment - Build America Bonds					
Direct Payment - State Lottery Revenue					

Subordinate Lien Bonds Debt Service Requirements

\$665

Combined Senior/Subordinate Lien Debt Service

	\$16,251	\$15,244	\$17,805	\$16,062	\$16,260
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Coverage	10.85	10.02	7.57	8.02	7.54
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ADMISSIONS, ENROLLMENT AND DEGREES EARNED

Fall Enrollment of Fiscal Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
ADMISSIONS - FRESHMEN										
Applications	27,780	33,435	29,108	24,482	22,845	21,035	16,492	13,022	9,814	7,014
Accepted	25,159	30,561	26,010	20,620	20,562	19,076	14,745	11,563	8,894	6,254
Enrolled	4,890	4,772	4,254	3,872	4,132	3,702	3,588	3,171	2,846	2,279
Accepted as Percentage of Application	91%	91%	89%	84%	90%	91%	89%	89%	91%	89%
Enrolled as Percentage of Accepted	19%	16%	16%	19%	20%	19%	24%	27%	32%	36%
Average SAT scores - Total	1050	1053	1059	1065	1062	1050	1051	1057	1065	1068
Verbal	524	525	526	522	523	518	518	520	523	528
Math	520	528	529	526	525	521	523	527	528	527

Source: NAU-Planning and Institutional Research

ENROLLMENT

Student FTE	25,934	24,816	24,208	22,964	22,746	20,980	19,537	18,281	17,489	16,628
Student Headcount	27,715	26,606	26,002	25,364	25,204	23,600	22,507	21,352	20,562	19,069
Men (Headcount)	11,393	10,802	10,534	10,165	9,906	8,999	8,432	7,929	7,565	6,963
Percentage of Total	41.1%	40.6%	40.5%	40.1%	39.3%	38.1%	37.5%	37.1%	36.8%	36.5%
Women (Headcount)	16,322	15,804	15,468	15,199	15,298	14,601	14,075	13,423	12,997	12,106
Percentage of Total	58.9%	59.4%	59.5%	59.9%	60.7%	61.9%	62.5%	62.9%	63.2%	63.5%
African American (Headcount)	888	839	831	842	823	795	723	641	555	426
Percentage of Total	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.3%	3.3%	3.4%	3.2%	3.0%	2.7%	2.2%
White (Headcount)	17,289	17,023	16,917	16,848	17,030	16,497	16,053	15,325	14,789	13,981
Percentage of Total	62.4%	64.0%	65.1%	66.4%	67.6%	69.9%	71.3%	71.8%	71.9%	73.3%
Other (Headcount)	9,538	8,744	8,254	7,674	7,351	6,308	5,731	5,386	5,218	4,662
Percentage of Total	34.4%	32.9%	31.7%	30.3%	29.2%	26.7%	25.5%	25.2%	25.4%	24.4%

Source: NAU-Planning and Institutional Research

DEGREES EARNED

Bachelor's	5,004	5,034	4,513	4,497	4,020	3,635	3,277	2,935	2,895	2,845
Master's	1,202	1,346	1,424	1,546	1,707	1,699	1,719	1,767	1,760	1,926
Doctoral	126	115	100	109	95	91	103	87	88	82
Total Degrees	6,332	6,495	6,037	6,152	5,822	5,425	5,099	4,789	4,743	4,853

Source: NAU - Planning and Institutional Research

DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Arizona Population	6,731,484	6,626,624	6,553,255	6,482,505	6,413,158	6,343,154	6,280,362	6,167,681	6,029,141	5,839,077
Arizona Personal Income (<i>in millions</i>)	\$255,089	\$244,011	\$235,781	\$227,287	\$216,590	\$212,873	\$226,465	\$218,588	\$206,958	\$188,152
Arizona Per Capita Personal Income	\$37,895	\$36,823	\$35,979	\$35,062	\$33,773	\$33,560	\$36,059	\$35,441	\$34,326	\$32,223
Arizona Unemployment Rate	6.30%	8.00%	8.30%	9.50%	10.50%	9.90%	6.00%	3.70%	4.10%	4.70%

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis & Arizona Department of Administration

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Employer	Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2014			Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2005		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total State Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total State Employment
State of Arizona	48,910	1	1.58%	49,958	1	1.73%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc	32,438	2	1.05%	28,246	2	0.98%
Banner Health	30,266	3	0.98%	19,250	3	0.67%
City of Phoenix	14,875	4	0.48%	13,844	4	0.48%
Wells Fargo	14,126	5	0.46%	11,533	5	0.40%
Maricopa County	13,341	6	0.43%	13,002	6	0.45%
Arizona State University	12,229	7	0.40%	11,202	7	0.39%
Intel Corp.	11,700	8	0.38%			
Scottsdale Lincoln Health	10,500	9	0.34%			
Honeywell International	10,000	10	0.32%	10,700	9	0.37%
U.S. Postal Service				11,000	8	0.38%
Raytheon Missile Systems				10,300	10	0.36%
Total	198,385		6.42%	179,035		6.21%

Sources: Phoenix Business Journal, Book of Lists 2015 and 2006 for employers: Arizona Department of Administration website, www.workforce.az.gov for annual state employment

FACULTY AND STAFF

Fall employment of fiscal year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
FACULTY										
Full-time	1,055	973	900	864	836	813	809	774	755	723
Part-time	589	616	639	632	665	601	706	726	737	651
Total Faculty	1,644	1,589	1,539	1,496	1,501	1,414	1,515	1,500	1,492	1,374
Percentage Tenured	50.0%	53.0%	52.0%	60.0%	63.0%	69.0%	71.0%	75.0%	76.0%	77.0%
STAFF										
Full-time	1,892	1,842	1,779	1,707	1,651	1,608	1,710	1,620	1,571	1,574
Part-time*	1,146	715	651	661	606	682	674	642	677	670
Total Staff	3,038	2,557	2,430	2,368	2,257	2,290	2,384	2,262	2,248	2,244
Total Faculty and Staff	4,682	4,146	3,969	3,864	3,758	3,704	3,899	3,762	3,740	3,618

*Part-time staff counts do not include temporary employees

Source: Northern Arizona University Planning and Institutional Research

CAPITAL ASSETS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Academic/Support Facilities	85	84	83	81	80	81	79	80	80	78
Auxiliary Facilities	36	33	31	28	28	27	27	24	23	21
Total	121	117	114	109	108	108	106	104	103	99

Does not include leased facilities.

Source: NAU - Capital Improvement Plan - Building Inventory Report Section



**NORTHERN ARIZONA
UNIVERSITY**

Comptrollers Office

Comptroller's Office
PO Box 4069
Flagstaff AZ 86011

