



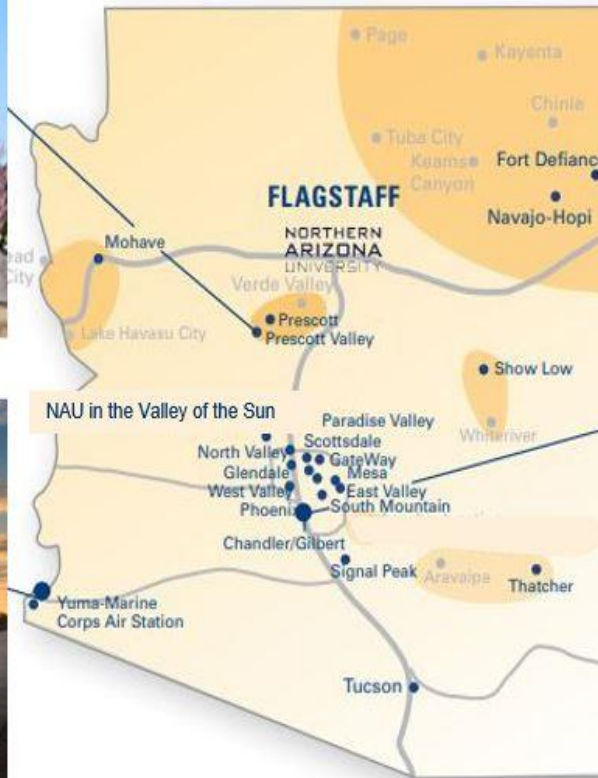
2018



Yavapai



Yuma



Phoenix Biomedical

Annual Security Report

NAU Extended Campuses

Maricopa County Community Colleges

NAU-Chandler-Gilbert
Chandler-Gilbert Community College
Jacaranda Hall
2626 E. Pecos Road
Chandler, AZ 85225

NAU-Glendale
Glendale Community College
Center for Learning—Building CL24
6000 W. Olive
Glendale, AZ 85302

NAU-Mesa
Mesa Community College
Building #38, Enrollment Services
1833 W. Southern Avenue
Mesa, AZ 85202

NAU Extended Campuses occupies administrative space for full-time staff and rents classroom space as needed.

NAU-Paradise Valley Community College
KSC Bldg. Suite 2100
18401 N. 32nd Street
Phoenix, AZ 85032

NAU- Phoenix College Campus
1202 W. Thomas Road
Phoenix, AZ 85013

NAU-Scottsdale Community College
9000 E. Chaparral
Scottsdale, AZ 85256

NAU-South Mountain Community College
Bldg. 600
7050 S. 24th St.
Phoenix, AZ 85042

NAU-West Valley
Estrella Mountain Community College
Komatke Hall, A117
3000 North Dysart Road
Avondale, AZ 85392

Office Hours: Office hours and phone numbers vary at each campus. Please go to <https://nau.edu/campus-locations/> to find the location nearest you.

OVERVIEW

Northern Arizona University (NAU) partners with the **Maricopa County Community College District (MCCCD)** to provide space / classrooms for distance learning. NAU sends faculty and support staff to provide undergraduate and graduate educational programs which include a joint admission program between MCCCD and NAU. NAU staff is available for questions about or assistance with any of the information the following information. **All NAU students, as well as facility and staff employed by the University, must follow the policies and procedures as outlined in this document.**

PREPARING THE ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT / CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES (CSA)

The Clery Act requires that crime data is collected, reported and disseminated to the campus community and also submitted to the U.S. Department of Education. The act is intended to provide students and their families, as higher education consumers, with accurate, complete, and timely information about safety on campus so they can make informed decisions.

In the **Maricopa County Community College District Department of Public Safety (MCCCD DPS)**, each campus is assigned a Police Commander, who has the responsibility of gathering the data used to prepare the Annual Security Report. The data is obtained from reports made to the MCCCD DPS, NAU PD, Police Departments in; Chandler, Mesa, Gilbert, Glendale, Phoenix, Mesa, Scottsdale, Salt River, Surprise, Avondale, Buckeye and the Maricopa County Sheriff's Office, plus Campus Security Authorities and other campus personnel. The statistics also include those compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions where Northern Arizona University owns, leases, or controls property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property.

You may view the Police Department websites to see crime statistics for the general area around each of the MCCCD campuses listed in this Annual Security Report.

ASU Police Department: <https://cfo.asu.edu/police>

Avondale Police Department: <http://avondale.org/index.aspx?NID=1920>

Buckeye Police Department: <http://www.buckeyeaz.gov/police/crime-reports-stats/>

Chandler Police Department: <http://chandlerpd.com/>

Glendale Police Department: <http://www.glendaleaz.com/police>

Maricopa County Sheriff Department: <http://www.mcso.org/>

Mesa Police Department: <http://www.mesaaz.gov/residents/police>

Phoenix Police Department: <https://www.phoenix.gov/police>

Salt River Police Department: www.srpmic-nsn.gov/government/srpd

Scottsdale Police Department: www.scottsdaleaz.gov/police

Surprise Police Department: <http://www.surpriseaz.gov/index.aspx?NID=912>

Tempe Police Department: <http://www.tempe.gov/cau/>

Northern Arizona University recognizes that although the University would like all criminal incidents to be reported to law enforcement, victims sometimes tell someone other than the police. For instance, a victim may turn to a coach or an advisor following an incident. Individuals with significant responsibility for student and campus activities are considered **Campus Security Authorities (CSAs)**. Under the Clery Act, crimes are considered reported when they are brought to the attention of a CSA.

When a CSA receives information about a Clery reportable crime that is believed to have been provided in good faith, the CSA should document the incident and submit a report to the MCCCD DPS / NAU PD. The role of the CSA is not to apprehend alleged perpetrators or conduct investigations. CSAs also are not responsible for trying to convince a victim to contact the police if the victim does not choose to do so. CSAs,

however, do have a reporting responsibility. The reports enable any on-going threats to the community to be assessed and for the incidents to be included in the reported crimes for the University or MCCCCD.

The NAU PD has an on-line reporting option specifically for CSAs through the NAU PD website at www.nau.edu/police.

The Director of Clery Compliance at **Northern Arizona University Police Department (NAU PD)** prepares and publishes the Clery Annual Security Report (ASR) in collaboration with numerous University departments. The purpose of the report is to provide information about safety and security on campus to include information on: crime statistics, policies and procedures, and personal safety. Information on security and crime prevention and awareness programs and some of the resources that are available is also listed. The programs and resources provided at the Flagstaff mountain campus are available to students and employees as applicable. Reporting options for victims of crime are provided within this report along with information on victim assistance services. Members of the campus community are encouraged to use this ASR as a guide to safe practices on and off campus, as well as a resource.

Prior to October 1st of each year, notification of the availability of the ASR is sent to all students, faculty and staff, with a direct link to the report. The report can also be found on the NAU PD's website at www.nau.edu/police Printed copies of the report can be requested by contacting the NAU PD Records Division at 928- 523-8884, or by visiting the NAU PD at 525 East Pine Knoll Drive, Flagstaff, AZ.

CAMPUS LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY



The **Maricopa County Community College District, Department of Public Safety (MCCCCD DPS)** is a full authority law enforcement agency with powers of arrest that operates on site, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year. Public Safety personnel assigned to the campuses are available on campus every day to provide assistance or information, either in person or by phone.

The main MCCCCD DPS phone number is **(480) 784-0900** and the emergency phone number is **(480) 784-0911 or 911 from any phone**.

MCCCCD DPS maintains an excellent working relationship with numerous agencies across the county of Maricopa. The men and women of the MCCCCD DPS are dedicated individuals who are committed to making a difference and supporting the educational mission of all the Districts' Community Colleges. If you are the victim of a crime, you are encouraged to report it, plus any suspicious activity you observe on campus to the MCCCCD DPS.

MCCCCD DPS does not have any IGA's with local PD's regarding the investigation of alleged criminal offenses occurring on campus.

Please take a few minutes to review the following information. Please contact MCCCDS DPS if you need further information or simply wish to speak with one of their officers. Since many NAU students attend Maricopa Community Colleges, MCCCDS DPS encourages you to visit the website at [Maricopa County Community College DPS](#) for links to their Annual Security Reports.

CRIMINAL ACTIVITY OFF- CAMPUS

Northern Arizona University does not have any officially recognized student organizations with off- campus locations. While MCCCDS DPS officers have police officer authority anywhere in the state, they do not provide law enforcement services to activities off campus. Student affairs personnel and campus police enjoy a close working relationship with local police agencies. This cooperative team approach addresses situations as they arise as well as future concerns.

MCCCDS DPS RECORDS REQUESTS

MCCCDS DPS is responsible for collecting, retaining and disseminating all police records generated by the Department. Included in these records are reports on crimes, arrest, informational, accident, warrant files, and traffic contacts. The Department provides service to, and cooperates with, the public and other criminal justice organizations. More information on how to obtain a copy of a police report, including associated forms and fees, can be obtained by calling (480) 377-4555. If you filed a police report with another police agency, you will need to contact their records department in regards to their report request procedures.

EMERGENCIES AND CRIMES IN PROGRESS

Emergencies, crimes in progress and serious crimes which have just occurred, should be reported by calling the **MCCCDS DPS Communications Center at: (480) 784-0911 (40911 from a campus phone)** or **9-1-1** from any phone. Calling **9-1-1** from a cell phone, on or near the campus may connect you with the nearest police department. Advise them that you are at a MCCCDS location and they will connect you directly with the MCCCDS DPS. Whenever possible, the actual victim or witness of the crime should call the MCCCDS DPS. If you have knowledge of a crime or suspected crime, you may report it by telephone, or in person. You may also report a crime if someone merely gives you the information and leaves, but please include this fact when reporting.

The MCCCDS DPS Communications Center is staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. When a call is received, the Communications Specialist will Dispatch the appropriate police, fire or EMS to handle the call. When calling to report a crime or incident, please be ready to give information such as: a brief description of the incident, when and where it occurred, weapons the suspect(s) carried, where and when the suspect(s) was last seen, a description of the suspect(s) and any other relevant information. In addition to the importance of reporting, timely information assists responders and in developing a

warning for the campus community. The following locations are places where the campus community should report crimes:

- **MCCCD DPS Office on each campus**
- **Dean of Students (MCCCD or NAU)**
- **Title IX Office (MCCCD or NAU)**
- **Any MCCCD / NAU Police Officer**

All MCCCD incident reports involving students, are forwarded to the Dean of Students for review for potential violations of the MCCCD Student Code of Conduct (**NAU students are referred to NAU Dean of Students**). The Dean of Students will initiate disciplinary proceedings for any conduct violations as warranted. In particular, bias or hate crimes; harassment; stalking; and violence of any kind is not tolerated at MCCCD or NAU, and along with potential criminal charges students are subject to disciplinary action up to and including suspension and expulsion. Similarly, employees are subject to criminal charges for violations of the law, along with disciplinary action up to and including suspension and termination.

Non-Emergency Calls for Assistance

For non-emergency assistance on campus, please call the MCCCD DPS at **(480) 784-0900**. A member of Public Safety will provide assistance or you will be directed to the appropriate campus department.

CONFIDENTIAL OR ANONYMOUS REPORTING

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the college disciplinary system or the criminal justice system, you may want to consider making a confidential report. A MCCCD Police Officer can file a report on the incident without revealing the identity of the victim. The purpose of the report is to maintain confidentiality, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the college can keep accurate records of the number of incidents involving students, employees and visitors; determine where there may be a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential dangers. Reports filed in this manner are disclosed in the Annual Security Report for the institution for statistical purposes. When the report involves allegations of sexual harassment (including sexual violence), it is made available to the campus Title IX Coordinator. You can request Public Safety to ask that the information remain confidential. **MCCCD encourages pastoral and professional counselors, if and when they deem appropriate, to inform persons they are counseling, of reporting procedures to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual security report.**

DAILY CRIME LOG

Each MCCCCD DPS office maintains a Daily Crime Log that contains the date, time, location, nature and disposition of all crimes occurring at the college and on adjacent public property. Entries in the log are made within two business days of the incident report. Copies of the log are available to anyone requesting this information at the Public Safety office. Requests for Daily Crime Log information older than 60 days will be provided within two business days.

TIMELY WARNINGS

The Clery Act requires institutions of higher education to give accurate and timely warnings to the campus community, of crimes or incidents which represent an on-going and significant threat to the safety of students and employees. The alert may also seek information which may lead to an arrest and conviction of the offender. Information for alerts may also come from other law enforcement agencies.

Whether to issue a Timely Warning Notice is determined on a case by case basis for Clery Act reportable crimes: homicide, aggravated assault; sexual offenses; arson; robbery; motor vehicle theft, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking and hate crimes, as defined by the Clery Act. Other crimes are considered on a case by case basis, depending on the facts of the case and whether there is a continuing threat to the campus community. Alerts may also be issued for other situations and/or non-criminal incidents as deemed necessary. A Timely Warning Notice may be issued even if insufficient information is available that there is an ongoing threat to the campus community.

The decision to issue an alert and the writing of the notice will be made by the MCCCCD DPS Commander or designee, in consultation with the District Police Chief, Deputy Chief and Campus Administration.

The alert may be distributed by blast email or text message to all students and employees. Alerts may be posted by Public Safety in each campus building, on the Public Safety website and also by distributing bulletins and flyers to the campus community. The method of distribution is dependent on the nature of the incident and the threat to the community. The MCCCCD DPS works closely with individuals reporting serious crimes to protect the victim's rights and privacy, while also ensuring the community has adequate information regarding potential risks. The name and identifying information of the victim is considered confidential, and will not be included in the alert.

SECURITY AND ACCESS TO CAMPUS BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

The MCCCCD community is comprised of students, faculty and staff, with the colleges many special events and programs attracting additional guests on a daily basis. As a public college, MCCCCD campuses are accessible to the general public during regular

business hours. The campus is considered closed from 11pm until 6am, seven days a week and all day on holidays.

Most campus buildings and facilities are open to the public during the day and evening hours, when classes are in session and events are occurring. At other times campus buildings are generally locked and only faculty, staff and authorized individuals are admitted. Do not leave doors propped open or unlocked after hours. Remember, if your campus keys/access cards are lost or stolen, report the loss immediately to the Public Safety office.

Facilities and landscaping are maintained in manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. Public Safety at MCCCDC campuses regularly patrols the campus and reports malfunctioning lights and other unsafe conditions to Facilities Maintenance and Operations for repair.

Other members of the campus community should promptly report hazardous or unsafe conditions to either Public Safety or Maintenance and Operations.

ALCOHOL, ILLEGAL DRUGS, AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE

DRUG FREE SCHOOLS AND CAMPUSES



Northern Arizona University is committed to providing a healthy educational environment, consistent with University policies and free from unlawful acts. In addition, NAU must certify compliance with The Drug-Free Workplace Act (41 USCA 701), The Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (20 USCA 7101), and The Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Regulations (34 CFR 86).

The health and safety of students and employees is a concern to NAU. Not only can the abuse of alcohol and controlled substances seriously affect health, it can impact the ability to work and study and may also put the safety and well-being of others at risk. The prevention of substance abuse is sought in several ways at NAU, to include encouraging the healthy use of leisure time through recreation and other activities. Additionally, a variety of workshops on topics such as healthy eating and stress management are offered through Health Promotions. Wellness programs and workshops are regularly offered for employees through the Employee Assistance and Wellness Office and include similar topics.

Information regarding the prevention/intervention programs, health risks, University policies, and University and legal sanctions associated with alcohol and other drug abuse can be found in [Appendix N of the Student Handbook](#) and on the [Human Resources web page](#). All students and employees are encouraged to review these materials in order to make educated and informed decisions related to alcohol and drugs.

UNIVERSITY POLICIES ON ALCOHOL AND DRUGS, INCLUDING LEGAL SANCTIONS AND UNIVERSITY DISCIPLINARY ACTION ASSOCIATED WITH ALCOHOL AND DRUG USE

The Northern Arizona University Student Code of Conduct states that the following conduct is not acceptable on campus or **at any extended campus location**: Violations of Arizona Board of Regents or University rules governing alcohol, including consumption, distribution, unauthorized sale or possession of alcoholic beverages. With regard to drugs, the NAU Student Code of Conduct states that the following conduct is not acceptable on campus **at any extended campus location**: Unauthorized use, sale, possession or distribution of any controlled substance or illegal drug or possession of drug paraphernalia that would violate the law.

Sanctions include expulsion from the University, suspension from the University, University probation, warnings, restricted access to University properties and other educational sanctions. Further, the University may refer a student to appropriate authorities for prosecution for alcohol and other drug abuse violations. In addition to sanctions, federal law (specifically the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act) permits the University to notify parents of any alcohol and other drug violation occurring on-campus for students under the age of **(21)**. NAU views parents as important partners in the education of students, thus the University may notify parents when their student has been involved in a serious or repeated alcohol or other drug violation.

NAU personnel policies require that University employees report to work in a condition to perform their duties safely and efficiently in the interest of their co-workers and students, as well as themselves. The use of alcohol and illegal drugs is prohibited during work hours at the University workplace, while occupying University vehicles, while on University business, during class time, on field trips and during other educational activities, except where permitted by the Arizona Board of Regents (ABOR) and/or the President or designee.

University employees who violate University policies regarding alcohol and other drug use will be subject to legal sanctions and/or University disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

CRIMINAL OFFENSES AND ASSOCIATED PENALTIES INVOLVING ILLEGAL DRUGS

ARIZONA OFFENSES AND PENALTIES

Criminal offenses and associated penalties involving illegal drugs can be found in Chapters 34 and 34.1 of Title 13 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS):

<http://www.azleg.state.az.us/ArizonaRevisedStatutes.asp>

The definitions associated with these drug statutes can be found at [ARS 13-3401](#) and [ARS 13-3451](#). Each specific statute will list the corresponding penalty for that offense.

FEDERAL PENALTIES

Information regarding federal offenses and penalties can be found on the Drug Enforcement Administration's web page:

<https://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/21cfr/21usc/index.html>

MEDICAL MARIJUANA

NAU / MCCCDC prohibit the possession and use of marijuana on all of its campuses. The provisions within Arizona Revised Statutes §15-108 prohibits any person, including a medical marijuana cardholder, from possessing or using marijuana on the campus of any public University, college, community college or post-secondary education institution.

Growing and using marijuana remains a crime under federal law, and federal legislation prohibits any institution of higher education that receives federal funding from allowing the possession and use of marijuana. The University continues to enforce its current policies regarding controlled substances and any students or employees who violate University policy prohibiting the use or possession of illegal drugs on campus will be subject to disciplinary and criminal action.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION, RESPONSE, AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES

MCCCDC is committed to ensuring that the campus community receives timely, accurate and useful information in the event of a significant emergency or dangerous situation on any campus, or in the local area that poses an immediate threat to the safety and well-being of the campus community. The information may be obtained from a variety of sources including, campus employees, other governmental agencies and even broadcast news.

Once MCCCDC DPS or other first responders confirm that there is an emergency or dangerous situation, they will contact the DPS Communications Center and then the campus Police Commander or designee. If time permits, the Commander will consult with the MCCCDC Police Chief or designee, and other authorized college officials about issuing an emergency notification. If time is critical, the Commander or designee may immediately issue the notification. If in the professional judgment of the Police Commander or designee, that the notification will compromise efforts to assist the victim or mitigate the emergency, MCCCDC DPS may elect to delay issuing the emergency notification. As soon as the condition that comprised the emergency is no longer present, the college will issue the notification. If time permits, the Police Commander, along with the MCCCDC Police Chief, or designee and college administration will determine what segment of the campus community will receive the emergency notification. Typically, due to the size of the campus and the close proximity of all of the campus buildings, the entire campus community will be notified. Depending on the nature of the emergency, it may also become necessary to notify the local community of the emergency. If this is necessary, notification will be made to the local Police/Fire Departments. Notification may also be made to local broadcast news.

The office responsible for issuing the emergency notification (usually MCCCDC DPS) will, in concert with the Chief or designee, college administration, campus and District media

relations and possibly local first responders, determine the content of the notification and provide specific safety instructions.

The notification may be distributed to the campus community through the campus emergency call box system, email, text message system, the MCCCCD DPS website, emergency bulletins and local news broadcasts. It is critically important that students and employees provide a current cell phone number in order to receive emergency text messages. As more information about the emergency becomes available, follow up broadcasts will be made using same notification systems.

MCCCCD EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MEMS)

Under the authority of the Chancellor the mission of the Maricopa Emergency Management System (MEMS) is to develop and implement federally compliant, District-wide plans that protect life, property, and the environment, minimizing injury and restoring mission critical business functions in the shortest and most cost effective manner. The plans will address all elements and best practices of emergency management including risk assessment, planning, mitigation, response and recovery. The MEMS Team will coordinate and provide guidance to each college and District division which will comply with the practices prescribed by the plans. Additionally, the MEMS team will support the plans through testing, training and exercises.

In the event of an emergency the most up to date information will be found at www.maricopa.edu/mems. This is where MEMS Alerts will be posted when issued. MEMS Alerts are issued in the event of an emergency that affects, or has the potential to affect, the safety of people and property.

This site provides essential information regarding how college communities will be notified of an emergency, the actions they must take when an incident occurs, and the importance of following official direction in the event of an emergency.

It is important to keep your contact information updated in SIS (students) and HRMS (employees) – especially mobile devices and e-mail addresses – in order to fully utilize the MEMS Alert system. Anyone may opt-out of the mass notification system through a link on the MEMS website, or by responding S-T-O-P to test text messages. However, it is highly recommended that you remain enrolled.

Updates regarding [Current Issues](#) are posted separately.

E-mail notifications are an important communication tool in the event of all emergencies. In the event of a major emergency, e-mail will be supported by other communication tools.

- College and District web sites
- College Facebook and Twitter
- Twitter @ Maricopa Alerts

Manage your alerts through Rave:

<https://www.getrave.com/login/maricopa-community>

Go to system tab- then select Site Properties- Click on Login Page- Update information, then click save.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS

Loudspeaker- Bullhorn / Sirens

Some locations are equipped with public address systems which will be used to issue official directives to students and employees in the event of an emergency. Students and employees are expected to understand and comply with directives.

To support or in place of loudspeakers, bullhorns may be used to issue directives to students and employees in the event of an emergency. At some locations, sirens may be used to indicate an evacuation.

Visual alerts- Flashing strobes

At various locations, flashing strobes indicate an incident has or is about to occur in an immediate area. The strobes are supported by electronic message boards that provide directives for evacuation, lockdown, or shelter in place. Students and employees are expected to comply with these directives.

Message boards

Electronic message boards are used in some locations to provide directives regarding evacuation, lockdown, and shelter-in-place. These boards may also be used to relay messages directly from a college or District website to provide more detailed information.

Person to person directives /Door-to-door

From Public Safety or other authorized personnel. Public Safety or other authorized personnel may make door-to-door notifications to classrooms and learning spaces. Faculty and staff who work in these areas are trained by Public Safety as to the official procedures in the event of a variety of potential incidents.

Direct phone calls /Phone trees

Public Safety or other authorized staff may make direct phone calls to specific areas in the event of an emergency. Employees in the area being contacted will be given as much information as possible and are expected to comply with official directives. Each Department at every location is required to have a notification phone tree to deploy in the event of a major emergency. The contact information and Department protocols are additionally provided to College Safety.

EVACUATION PROCEDURES

If it becomes necessary to evacuate a building, it is important that you remain calm, leave the building immediately, and exit in an orderly manner. The evacuation should be

conducted immediately upon hearing a fire alarm, or if directed verbally to do so by MCCCCD DPS, local Police or Fire Department personnel, or college faculty or staff. Prior to any emergency, determine exit routes and exit points in your area.

To learn more about emergency preparedness, go to the MCCCCD website at: <https://administration.maricopa.edu/emergency-preparedness>

Emergency Drills and Exercises

Emergency drills are conducted at each MCCCCD campus. Drills are recorded and filed in the MCCCCD DPS Office.

SHELTER IN PLACE/HIDE OUT

If an incident occurs and the buildings or areas around you become unstable or the air outdoors becomes dangerous due to smoke or toxic or irritating substances, it may be safer to stay indoors rather than be exposed to the danger by attempting to leave. The term “shelter in place” means to stay in the building you are in until you are advised it is safe to come out. If your building is damaged, seek shelter in the nearest University building. When sheltering in place, shut and close all exterior doors and close and lock windows; try to find an interior room without windows, preferably above ground; turn off all air conditions, heaters, and fans; close vents to ventilations systems; make yourself comfortable. When approached by responding emergency personnel, follow their directions. In the event of a hostile event on campus (e.g. an active shooter), community members may be advised to shelter in place or “hide out”. Should the need ever arise, unless instructed otherwise; hide from view, lock and barricade doors, cover windows, turn off lights, silence cell phones, if with others spread out throughout the room, make an action plan, and call 911. Believe you will survive. When approached by emergency personnel, keep hands raised and fingers spread and follow all directions. For information and training on active shooter, emergency procedures, and strategies to enhance safety and security, contact the NAU PD at 928-523-3611 or email ASKNAUPD@nau.edu.

CAMPUS SECURITY AND CRIME PREVENTION PROGRAMS

Northern Arizona University believes that it is better to act early to prevent crime rather than react to it after it has been committed. Ultimately, we are all responsible for our own safety/security and the safety/security of those around us. Members of the extended campuses are encouraged to participate in and be aware of the crime prevention programs that are available to them at their host sites. Additionally, the following program is available on-line for all students and employees:

360° Stay Safe™; Strategies to Enhance Safety and Security: Provides a series of video lessons for students and employees offering safety strategies that relate to a University environment. Topics include: Protecting your Possessions and Identity; Sexual Assault; Controlling Behavior; Stalking; Every Day Safety; Common-Sense Defense; and Safe Travel.

The videos can be viewed by individuals and accessed at any time with a valid NAU computer network login through the Campus Safety webpage at www.nau.edu/campus-safety. These videos are also used in conjunction with guided discussion sessions or as a supplement to community presentations on enhancing personal safety and security.

Be Smart and Stay Safe!

Although the campus is a safe place, there are certain precautions you can take to help minimize your chances of becoming a victim. The majority of crimes committed on campus are those of opportunity. Follow these safety tips:

- Be aware of your surroundings and walk with a purpose; remove headphones and avoid texting and other distractions.
- Try to avoid isolated areas. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.
- Trust your instincts! If you feel uneasy about any situation, assert yourself and do something about it.
- Lock your doors and windows; even when you leave for a short period of time and when sleeping; know the people you allow in your home and in your building.
- Always check the interior of your car before entering.
- Keep your vehicle locked at all times. Do not leave personal belongings or valuables in your vehicle.
- Keep your bicycle secured with a high quality U-shaped lock.
- Keep a record of the serial number of valuable property.
- Do not leave your backpack, wallet, purse, books, or laptops unattended even for a minute.
- Report the theft or loss of credit cards, debit cards, checks, driver's licenses, social security cards, etc. to the police. Cancel stolen or lost credit and charge cards immediately! Request new cards with new account numbers.
- Use secure web sites.

MCCCD DPS have the following services in place to assist you in personal safety.

Emergency Call boxes

There are emergency call boxes located throughout the campus. They are easily identifiable as a tall blue pole with "Emergency" printed on it, or a yellow box style call box, which are located at the Tempe location. To operate the call box, simply press the call button and a public safety member will answer immediately and provide assistance. If the area remains unsafe, you may move to the next call box location and activate it until help arrives. Your location is identified with each activation.

Safety Escorts

MCCCD DPS provide on-campus escort services between buildings and parking lots. Call **(480) 784-0900**. Depending on the current calls for service, someone from public safety will respond to your location and accompany you to your vehicle.

Dead Battery or Keys Locked in Vehicle

Assistance from an outside source will be provided when requested to owners of disabled motor vehicles who lock their keys inside their vehicles or have a dead car battery.

Crime Prevention Programs

NAU and MCCCDCD encourage all students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others.

MCCCDCD Staff Development and MCCCDCD DPS conduct programs to inform students and employees of safety and security policies, procedures, and practices. Additional crime prevention presentations are available by special request. Presentations include:

- Personal Safety, Workplace Violence and Drinking and Driving

GENDER BASED VIOLENCE POLICIES

Northern Arizona University is committed to creating and maintaining a university environment free from gender discrimination and violence. Throughout this document the term gender violence is defined to include sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. NAU prohibits these offenses and reaffirms its commitment to maintain a campus environment emphasizing the dignity and worth of all members of the university community. As a result, NAU issues this statement of policy to inform the community of our comprehensive efforts to educate, inform and respond to gender violence. Please utilize the below links to review NAU's policies governing gender based discrimination and violence:

- NAU policy regarding Prohibited Discrimination, Harassment, and Other Inappropriate Behaviors:

[Equity and Access \(SWALE\) Policy](#)

- NAU Student Code of Conduct:

[NAU Code of Conduct](#)

[Student Disciplinary Procedures](#)

[Interim Student Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment and Sexual Misconduct Policy and Procedures](#)

EDUCATION AND PREVENTION PROGRAMS

NAU has a variety of educational programs to promote the awareness of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, with a number of departments

and groups teaching community members about sexual assault and relationship violence, encouraging healthy relationships and advocating safe dating and social behaviors. The University engages in programming and awareness campaigns intended to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking. Primary prevention and awareness programs are offered for all incoming students and new employees, and ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns are also offered to the entire University community. Educational programs and campaigns are responsive to community needs, and assessed for value, effectiveness, or outcome.

The University's programs and campaigns:

- Identify domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as prohibited offenses by the University;
- Define domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking under Arizona Revised Statutes;
- Define "without consent" in reference to sexual activity in the State of Arizona;
- Provide safe and positive options for bystander intervention that may be carried out by an individual to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against a person other than the individual;
- Provide information on risk reduction to recognize warning signs of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks; and
- Provide an overview of information contained in the Annual Security Report in compliance with the Clery Act.

Programs to prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking are a result of the collaborative work of many departments throughout the University. While it is nearly impossible to separate alcohol prevention activities from sexual assault prevention efforts, the two are separated as much as possible in this document for ease of reporting. An overview of the University's primary and on-going prevention and awareness programs and campaigns are shown below.

The following programs are available on-line and thus accessible to all NAU students and employees regardless of their campus location:

My Student Body: All incoming freshmen were asked to complete the online prevention education program My Student Body Essentials. This online program provides comprehensive education about sexual violence and specifically addresses: healthy relationships, consent, dating violence, stalking, ways to prevent sexual assault, bystander intervention strategies and information for survivors of sexual assault. This online module also includes links to the student code of conduct as well as campus resources. The benefits of the course, and how it will help the students help themselves and each other, are discussed in a welcome letter that is sent to each incoming student from the Dean of Students.

New Employee Orientation: New employees are required to complete an in-person or on-line New Employee Orientation within their first thirty days of work. During the training, new employees receive an orientation handout which includes links to information regarding the A.R.S. definitions of consent, sexual assault, domestic violence and stalking as well as the link to the Faculty and Staff Resources on Sexual Assault/Violence.

Preventing Workplace Harassment: All employees are required to take the online training entitled “Preventing Workplace Harassment” within their first thirty days of work. The training includes information on gender discrimination and harassment. It also educates employees on the Safe Working and Learning Environment Policy, including provisions addressing gender discrimination, retaliation and reporting obligations.

Written and Web Information: Employees are reminded of their reporting options and obligations via various electronic and web based resources. The Title IX webpage contains a variety of resources including a page entitled “Faculty and Staff Resources,” and an annual letter reminds them of appropriate offices to address conflict on campus. A Title IX brochure has been created and distributed to impacted individuals, new faculty and graduate teaching assistants. Information on dating and domestic violence is also available on the Health Promotion Webpage and “Jacks Cares” information cards.

The following programs are available on the Flagstaff Mountain Campus. All students and employees regardless of campus location are welcome to come and participate. Students and employees on our extended campuses are encouraged to contact their host site for similar or additional programming that may be offered at their specific location.

Can I Kiss You? Freshmen students were targeted with an in person education program called “Can I Kiss You” which highlights the need to communicate verbally about consent for sexual activity. This program also addresses the important role of alcohol in most college sexual assaults including information about one’s inability to give consent for sexual activity while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Relationship Workshops: Healthy relationship workshops are offered by request. One workshop, called “Creepy or Cute,” is based on a program developed at San Diego State University and explores the important components of healthy relationships such as communication, independence and healthy boundaries.

Orientation: During new student orientation students participate in a theatrical presentation (True Life: I’m a Lumberjack) of sexual assault scenarios. Both parents and students also participate in a processing session following these educational presentations that include local resources, reporting options and University policies.

Safe Zone Training: Safe Zone training was offered throughout the year through a collaborative effort between Housing and Residence Life and Office of LGBTQA Resources. This training was incorporated into training for Resident Assistants and is also available upon request from other interested groups. This training takes place during two sequential two hour sessions with a greater emphasis on transgender climate issues.

Sexual Health Education Fair: The Sexual Health Education fair is for freshmen, with information about situations in which consent cannot be given including incapacitation, coercion and being under the influence of alcohol or drugs. This is an assignment for all students in the NAU 100 courses coordinated through the University College.

Sexual Assault Awareness Month: In the United States, April is Sexual Assault Awareness Month (SAAM). <http://www.nsvrc.org/saam/sexual-assault-awareness-month>. The goal of SAAM is to raise public awareness about sexual violence and to educate communities on how to prevent it. Awareness activities included participation in the national “**It’s On Us**” campaign, a survivor speak out event and a bystander media campaign.

Media Campaigns: “**Wear Black**” campaign was also launched as part of sexual assault awareness month and had vast participation from within Greek Life. Students also showed support for the campaign by wearing black that day.

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION OPTIONS

Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking against a person other than such individual. Active bystander intervention plays a critical role in the prevention of sexual assault and harassment and is therefore an important component of University educational efforts.

The following information summarizes the content of bystander intervention training: A bystander is, “an individual who observes violence or witnesses the conditions that perpetuate violence. They are not directly involved, but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it.” We want to create a culture in our community of accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in the prevention of violence, without causing further harm.

In order to achieve this, we have to know how to intervene. Sometimes we witness or hear situations where we want to intervene, but are not sure how to do so. The following is a list of direct and indirect methods of active bystander intervention.

Direct:

- **Say something directly to the person**
- **“Are you okay?”**
- **“Can I call you a cab?”**
- **“Who did you come here with? Let’s find your friends.”**

- **Say something to the perpetrator. Let them know you recognize what is happening, and you won’t stand for it.**
- **“Is everything okay here?”**
- **“He/she is pretty drunk; you should probably just get their number and call them tomorrow.”**
- **“I don’t like what you just did/said.”**
- **“What you just said is not cool.”**

- **Remove the person from the situation**
- **If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, call law enforcement immediately and let someone in charge know like a bouncer, bartender, manager, etc.**
- **Always make sure you are safe before intervening**

Indirect:

- ***If you ever feel uncomfortable or unsafe intervening, then don’t.*** However you can enlist others to help you – the bouncer, bartender, other friends or bystanders, etc. Don’t be afraid to call the police or 911 if you feel like anyone is in immediate danger.

- **Distract the perpetrator**
- **“Hey man I think your car is being towed!”**
- **“Someone called the cops we need to get out of here!”**

- **Distract the person**
- **“Hey will you come to the bathroom with me?”**
- **“Can you help me find (enter mutual friend’s name).”**
- **“I think your friend is looking for you.”**

- **Have a code word/text with your friends or family if you feel uncomfortable saying something directly**

RISK REDUCTION INFORMATION

Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims in order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence. The following information summarizes the content of risk reduction education:

Risk reduction is always a good practice; unfortunately it is not always effective. On average, 74% of assaults are committed by someone the person knows. This number is even higher on college campuses ranging from 80% - 90% of assaults being perpetrated by someone the victim knows beforehand. These assaults are typically happening in closed areas like dorm rooms, apartment buildings, etc. where risk reduction methods may not always be applicable. When discussing risk reduction, it is important to remember that **rapists cause rape**. Risk reduction methods are meant to reduce risk, but cannot prevent the risk altogether. A victim is never at fault for an assault, and should never be blamed for how the assault happened. For this reason, active bystander interventions are the most effective methods for preventing sexual assault and harassment.

The following are some strategies to help reduce risk of sexual assault or harassment (taken from Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network, www.rainn.org).

- **Be aware of your surroundings.** It's always a good idea to know where you are and how to get home safely if you need to.
- **Try to avoid isolating yourself.** If you go out with friends, communicate. Let each other know where you are, if you're leaving, etc.
- **Trust your instincts.** If you feel like a situation, location, or person is unsafe, it probably is. Don't be afraid to speak up. Chances are others are feeling the same way.
- **If someone is trying to isolate you and you feel uncomfortable, say something.** Have a code word or text with friends. Let someone know where you're going. Make it clear you are uncomfortable with what is happening. Look for an escape route if necessary.
- **Watch your drink.** Don't leave your drink unattended, take it with you when you dance, go to the bathroom, etc. If someone you don't know or trust offers you a drink, say no. If you choose to accept it, order it yourself from the bar. This way you can see the bartender make it, and it will be handed directly to you. Try to avoid drinking from punch bowls or other communal drink containers.
- **Arrive together and leave together.** Make a pact with your friends that you will arrive and leave together. Don't let a friend go home alone or with someone else, especially if they have been drinking.

Additional Resources:

Sexual Assault Information: <https://www.rainn.org/>

NAU Information and reporting: <https://nau.edu/safe>

Circle of 6 Free App: <http://www.circleof6app.com/>

One Love Healthy Relationship App: <http://www.joinonelove.org>

PROCEDURES TO FOLLOW IF AN INCIDENT OCCURS/ EVIDENCE PRESERVATION CONSIDERATIONS



First and Foremost: Get to Safety and Seek Medical Attention

After an incident of sexual assault and domestic violence, your safety is the number one priority. Find a safe environment, anywhere away from the perpetrator. If you are at immediate risk, call **9-1-1**. You can give the police as much or as little information as you wish, or request that the officer contact a victim/witness advocate, who will help you understand the process and provide support.

Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking are encouraged to report the incident to the campus police. The MCCCDS DPS can be contacted (24) hours a day, (7) a week at (480) 784-0900. If the incident occurred off-campus, campus police officers will assist the victim in making a report to the appropriate law enforcement agency. Reporting is best done as soon as possible after the act, but it may be done at any time. After a sexual assault, it is very important that the victim receive a medical examination for health and evidentiary reasons. It is important that a victim of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen/area where they were assaulted if the offense occurred within the past **120** hours.

MCCCDS DPS or **Student Affairs** will assist victims locating a trained Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE). If clothes are changed, those worn during the assault should be placed in a paper bag and taken along to the examination. Even if the victim does not wish to prosecute the perpetrator, it is important to gather as much evidence as possible just in case the victim decides to pursue criminal charges later.

Victims of gender violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs or other copies of document they may have that would be useful to University hearing boards/investigators or police.

To obtain a free exam, a victim should contact: Sexual Assault Response Team (SART) Centers. The following Phoenix area family advocacy centers can perform this examination:

- Center Against Family violence 225 E 1st St. Mesa, AZ (480) 644-4075
<http://acfan.net/centers/mesa-center.htm>

- Family Advocacy Center 2120 N. Central Ave #250, Phoenix, AZ (602) 534-2120 <http://phoenix.gov/fac/index.html>
- Scottsdale Family Advocacy Center 10225 E. Via Linda, Scottsdale, AZ (480) 312-6309 <http://www.acfan.net/centers/scottsdale-family.htm>
- Glendale Family Advocacy Center 4600 W. Glendale Ave, Glendale, AZ (623) 930-3720 [acfan.net](http://www.acfan.net)
- CASA (Center Against Sexual Abuse) (602) 254-6400
- Empact: 24 hours crisis intervention (480) 921-1006

For a comprehensive list of resources throughout the state:

http://www.azdps.gov/Services/Crime_Victims/servicesByCounties/main.asp.

REPORTING OPTIONS

A victim can choose to pursue one or more of these reporting options. Where to file a report on campus:

- **MCCCD Public Safety Office on each campus**
- **Dean of Students (either system)**
- **Title IX Office (either system)**
- **Any MCCCD / NAU Police Officer**

MCCCD / NAU has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to those who report, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges, the University processes that are available to them, as well as the availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance and other services on and/or off campus. Additional remedies to prevent contact between a complainant and an accused party, including housing, academic, transportation and work place accommodations, will be provided if reasonably available. The University will make such accommodations regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to the MCCCD DPS or local law enforcement and regardless of whether the offense is alleged to have occurred on or off campus.

Although the University strongly encourages all members of its community to report violations of this policy to law enforcement, it is the victim's choice whether or not to notify proper law enforcement authorities, including on-campus and local police and victims have the right to decline involvement with the police. The University will assist any victim with notifying law enforcement authorities if the victim so desires.

Reporting options include the following:

- **Criminal complaint:** Victims may pursue criminal charges by calling the MCCCD DPS at 480-377-4555. If the incident occurred in another jurisdiction, the University will assist in contacting the correct law enforcement agency.

- **Student Code of Conduct:** Victims may pursue administrative complaints alone or in conjunction with a criminal complaint through the Student Code of Conduct by contacting the Office of Student Life at 928-523-5181 or by visiting their office at University Union, Room 105, P.O. 6015, Flagstaff, AZ.
- **Title IX Report:** Sexual assault and sexual harassment are forms of gender discrimination covered by Title IX and other discrimination laws/policies. Contact the Equity and Access Office for more information about filing a complaint under the University's Safe Working and Learning Environment Policy. The Title IX Coordinator, Pam Heinonen, Director of the Equity and Access Office, may be contacted at 928-523-3312, pamela.heinonen@nau.edu, or Old Main –Room 111, PO Box 4083, Flagstaff, AZ.
- **Bias Education and Support:** At NAU, we are committed to creating and maintaining an environment free of discrimination based on race, color, ethnicity, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, veteran status, sexual orientation, gender identity, and genetic information.

The NAU community values the freedom of expression rights guaranteed to all individuals in the First Amendment. Not all bias-related speech or even hateful speech is a violation of law or NAU policy and subject to discipline. The University nevertheless has the right to respond to such speech in a way which promotes the mission and values of the University, a safe working and learning environment, and a climate of respect, access and inclusion.

We encourage anyone who has experienced or witnessed an act of bias to report it and to access available resources. Together, we can work to make NAU a more welcoming community for all.

For more information on Bias incident examples and on-line reporting options, please visit: [bias-response-protocol](#)

- **Anonymous Sexual Assault Report Form:** If a student does not wish to pursue any of the options listed above, they may fill out this form to give anonymous information about what happened. The form can be found at: https://nau-advocate.symplicity.com/public_report/

A student or employee who reports to the University that they have been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether the offense occurred on or off campus, will be provided with a written notification of their rights and options to include:

- Possible sanctions or protective measures that the University may impose following a final determination of the University's disciplinary procedure regarding rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking;
- Procedures victims should follow if any of the above listed offenses has occurred;
- Procedures for the University's disciplinary action in cases of the alleged offenses;

- Information about how the University will protect the confidentiality of victims, including how publicly-available recordkeeping will be accomplished without the inclusion of identifying information about the victim, to the extent permissible by law; and
- Options for, and available assistance in, changing academic, living, transportation, and working situations if so requested and if such accommodations are reasonably available. These options are available regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement.

In Arizona victims of crime have the opportunity to participate in the criminal justice system and are extended certain protections of the law during their involvement in the process as a result of the Victim's Rights Amendment to the Arizona Constitution .For more information on Victim's Rights in Arizona call the Office of the Victims Services at 602-542-4911 or visit the Victim Services website at: <http://www.azag.gov>

COURT ORDERS, NO CONTACT ORDERS AND ACCESS RESTRICTIONS

Northern Arizona University complies with Arizona law in recognizing a valid protection order that is related to domestic or family violence and that is issued by a court in another state, a court of a United States territory or a tribal court for the purpose of preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against, contact or communication with or physical proximity to another person for as long as the order is effective in the issuing jurisdiction. Victims who have obtained an Order of Protection are encouraged to provide a copy to MCCCDS / NAU PD and the Office of the Title IX Coordinator or the Office of Student Life as appropriate.

In most instances, the University cannot apply for an order of protection or injunction prohibiting harassment on behalf of a victim. The victim is required to file a petition for an Order of Protection or Injunction against Harassment with a Justice of the Peace, Municipal or Superior Court Judge. In the event a victim is either temporarily or permanently unable to request the order or injunction, a third party may request the order or injunction on behalf of the victim.

The victim may also seek assistance from Victim Witness Services of Maricopa County or watch a video on the order of protection process in Maricopa County at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mjDfceV1pOs>

For direction on applying for Orders of Protection and Injunctions against Harassment, please contact the MCCCDS or the following listed courts:

- **Maricopa County Superior Court**, please go to <https://www.superiorcourt.maricopa.gov/> to find the appropriate court location in Maricopa County
- **Justice Court**, please go to <http://justicecourts.maricopa.gov/> to find the appropriate court location in Maricopa County

In the case of Injunctions Prohibiting Workplace Harassment, which are used to help prevent violence in the workplace, an employer, or authorized agent of an employer, may file a petition for the injunction.

The University may issue an institutional no contact order if deemed appropriate. If reasonably available, a complainant may be offered changes to academic, living, transportation, or working situations in addition to counseling, health services, visa and immigration assistance and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement. Additionally, personal identifiable information about the complainant will be treated as confidential to the extent possible and only shared with persons with a specific need to know who are investigating/adjudicating the complaint or delivering resources or support services to the complainant (for example, publicly available record-keeping for purposes of Clery Act reporting and disclosures will be made without inclusion of identifying information). Further, the institution will maintain as confidential, any accommodations or protective measures provided to the complainant to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the institution to provide the accommodations or protective measures. The University/ MCCCDC does not publish the name of crime victims nor house identifiable information regarding victims in the MCCCDC DPS's Daily Crime log. Additionally, all timely warning reports to the campus community on crimes considered to be a threat withhold the names of victims as confidential.

Students may edit their FERPA/Directory Restrictions in their LOUIE Student Service. Instructions are provided in the following link: <http://nau.edu/its/learn/privacysettings>

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS IN REPORTING

A victim who does not wish to file an administrative complaint through one of the University processes or pursue action within the criminal justice system may still file a report with the law enforcement agency of jurisdiction. Without these reports, crime trends and other issues of concern may not be identified. As such, prompt and accurate reporting of all criminal incidents to the Police is strongly encouraged. It should be noted that Arizona Revised Statutes allow for victimless prosecution in certain instances. All information available to the University may be used to comply with our obligations to take steps to maximize the safety of campus for all individuals and comply with other laws and regulations.

The University does have an anonymous reporting process for victims of sexual assault. If a victim does not wish to file a police report or report the incident through the Office of Student Life or the Title IX Coordinator, they may fill out this form to give anonymous information about what happened: https://nau-advocate.symplicity.com/public_report/

The purpose of the anonymous sexual assault report is to assess the danger the incident may present to the community at large as well document it for inclusion in the annual crime statistics. No names are used, nor is any information included that might identify the victim. If a victim chooses to go this route, it is the victim's choice how much

information is shared and all efforts are made to maintain the victim's anonymity. Support options and resources are listed within the form.

More information on Northern Arizona University's Sexual Assault Protocol and anonymous reporting process can be viewed by visiting: <http://nau.edu/Health-Services/Health-Promotions/Violence-Prevention/Sexual-Assault/Reporting>

If you are a victim of sexual assault, it is important for you to receive services such as medical attention and counseling regardless of your decision to report the incident. When you talk to a counselor, the information you provide will remain confidential and the counseling relationship provides a safe space for you to talk about the incident and how it has affected your life. There are, however, a few exceptions to confidentiality. If you are under the age of 18, the counselor is mandated to report certain offenses such as a sexual assault. If you are seen as a potential harm to yourself or another person, the counselor must also break confidentiality. These factors are considered on a case-by-case basis. Counselors are encouraged, when they deem appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion in the annual crime statistics.

RESOURCES FOR VICTIMS

A variety of resources are available both on campus and in the community for students and employees who have been victims. As an NAU student or employee, you have access to the same resources as students on the main campus. These resources will assist you directly or coordinate support with resources on your local campus.

Phoenix and surrounding area resources:

- **[Phoenix Family Advocacy Center](#)**: 1-888-246-0303
- **Counseling for Students through ASU Counseling services:**
 - Downtown Phoenix campus: (602)496-1155
 - Tempe Campus: (480)965-6146
 - 24 hour hotline for use outside of business hours: (480)921-1006
- **Counseling for students without health insurance:**
 - **[Southwest Behavioral Health](#)**: 602-285-4288
- **Medical treatment for insured students, faculty and staff from any ABOR institution through ASU Health Services:**
 - Downtown Phoenix campus locations : (602)496-0721
 - Polytechnic (East valley) (480)727-1500
 - Tempe Campus: (480)965-3349
 - West valley: (602)543-8019

On-Campus/Flagstaff Mountain Campus:

- [**Campus Health Medical Services**](#) provides a wide array of medical services and resources to the University community. 928-523-2131
- [**NAU Counseling Services**](#) provides counseling to adult students of the University community whose lives have been disrupted by criminal activities or other incidents that affect their progress at this University. 24-hour contact with on-call counselors is available at 928-523-2261.
- [**Employee Assistance and Wellness Office**](#) assists employees and their families with personal and professional issues in a comfortable, accessible office. 928-523-1552
- [**The Office of Student Life**](#) is responsible for ensuring that the conduct of each student attending the University contributes to an environment conducive to the University's academic objectives. Student Life may take disciplinary action ranging from a warning to expulsion. 928-523-5181
- [**The Equity and Access Office \(EAO\)**](#) is responsible for overseeing the Safe Working and Learning Environment Policy which prohibits illegal discrimination and harassment. Pam Heinonen, Director of EAO is also designated as NAU's Title IX Coordinator. 928- 523-3312
- [**NAU Human Resources Department**](#); plays an important role on campus and is involved in so many ways in the health and management of our employees. 928-523-2223
- [**Student Legal Counsel Office**](#) assists NAU students with issues of a legal nature and can provide advice and referrals to outside attorneys. 928-523-4971
- [**Disability Resources**](#) cooperates with students, faculty, staff, and the campus community to promote a universally-designed environment for the full inclusion of people with disabilities. 928-523-8773
- [**Center for International Education**](#) (Visa and Immigration issues); 928-523-2409

State and Federal:

- [**Native Americans for Community Action \(NACA\)**](#); Website has links to statewide resources.
- [**AZ Department of Health Services - Behavioral Health Services**](#); Links to Regional Behavioral Health Authorities in Arizona and links to Tribal Regional Behavioral Health Authorities in Arizona
- [**The Arizona Child & Family Advocacy Network**](#)
- [**Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network**](#); 1-800-656-HOPE
- [**US Department of Justice, Office of Violence Against Women**](#)
- [**US Government Not Alone resource website**](#)

SANCTIONS AND PROTECTIVE MEASURES

For students, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are violations of the Student Conduct Code. In all cases, investigations that result in a finding of more likely than not that a violation of the Student Code of Conduct occurred will lead to the initiation of disciplinary procedures against the accused individual. University sanctions may include expulsion, suspension (There is no min or max on suspension – sometimes they are multiple years), degree revocation, probation, warning, administrative hold, restricted access to University property, organizational sanctions, educational response, interim action, academic conduct, restitution, notation on transcript, or other sanctions permissible under existing University rules. The University may implement protective measures following the report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and/or stalking which may include some or all of the following actions; administrative no-contact orders, denial of access to University property, including classrooms, residence halls, workplace, University transportation options, restriction of personally identifiable information available through University networks/systems, and other appropriate interim action. The University prohibits retaliation for reporting any gender discrimination or violence or for participating in any University investigation or administrative procedure.

Employees who violate the Safe Working and Learning Environment (SWALE) Policy will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination of employment. Sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are criminal acts which also may subject the perpetrator to criminal and civil penalties under federal and state law.

The Title IX Coordinator or their designee will be consulted to determine whether interim interventions and protective measure should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by Northern Arizona University.

ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINTS AND UNIVERSITY DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

A complaint may be made under the Student Code of Conduct, the Standards of Residence or the Safe Working and Learning Environment Policy (SWALE) whether or not criminal charges are filed. If there is concurrent jurisdiction over a particular incident the University may determine, in consultation with the victim, the most appropriate option for addressing the complaint.

The University disciplinary processes will include a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution process transparent to the accuser and the accused. The resolution of complaints of sexual misconduct are completed in a timely manner, usually within 60 days of the report. Investigators and hearing board members will be trained annually on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and taught how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of the victim and promotes accountability.

- The accuser and the accused will have timely notice for meetings/hearings at which the accuser or accused, or both, may be present;
- The institutional investigation and disciplinary procedures will not be conducted by officials who have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the accuser or the accused;
- The University provides the accuser and accused the same opportunities to have an adviser present during a University investigation and disciplinary proceeding. The accuser and the accused student each have the opportunity to be advised by a personal advisor of their choice, at their expense, at any stage of the process and to be accompanied by that advisor at any meeting or proceeding. The Student Code of Conduct defines an adviser as "... an individual selected by the student to advise him/her. The adviser may be a faculty or staff member, student, attorney, or other representative of the student." The accuser and accused student may be assisted throughout the proceedings by their adviser. Throughout the report resolution process, each Party may be assisted by an advisor, who may be an attorney, but who is not otherwise a Party or witness. Advisors may simply provide support in a manner that does not disrupt or unduly delay at any disciplinary proceeding, or may present the student's case at a disciplinary appeal hearing.
- A student conduct decision is based on the preponderance of evidence standard, i.e. "more likely than not to have occurred" standard. In other words, the conduct process asks: "is it more likely than not that the accused student violated the University's Student Conduct Code".
- The accuser and the accused will be notified simultaneously in writing of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding, any changes to those results prior to the time that such results become final, and when such results become final (If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of this paragraph); and
- The complainant and/or respondent may appeal the outcome of an investigation and related disciplinary proceeding (a finding of responsibility or no responsibility and/or a finding of responsibility or no responsibility as insufficient or excessive by filing a written notice with the Office of Student Life within five (5) business days of the date of the written outcome the Memorandum of Findings and Sanction.
- If there is no appeal by either the complainant or respondent within the proscribed timeframe, the decision of the Dean of Students or designee will become final and effective immediately. Filing a timely notice of appeal will suspend the imposition of disciplinary sanctions (except for interim suspension) pending the outcome of the disciplinary process. If the sanction is suspension or expulsion and the decision of the Dean of Students or designee is appealed, the respondent will not be permitted to graduate until the disciplinary process has concluded.
- Compliance with these provisions does not constitute a violation of section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g), commonly known as the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA).

For more detailed information on these procedures see:

[NAU Code of Conduct](#)

[Student Disciplinary Procedures](#)

[Interim Student Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment and Sexual Misconduct Policy and Procedures](#)

THE SAFE WORKING AND LEARNING ENVIRONMENT POLICY (SWALE)

An individual alleging gender discrimination, including sexual assault or other gender violence, against a member of the university community, has the option to file a discrimination complaint under the (SWALE). Generally complaints alleging violations by employees will be handled through this process and will be investigated by the Equity and Access Office who will consult with other university resources as appropriate. Recommended sanctions for employees who are found to be in violation of the policy will be made to the chain of command of the responsible employee and include actions up to and including termination. Parties will have equal rights with regard to the process including the opportunity to provide relevant testimony and evidence for consideration. The parties are entitled to the same opportunity to be accompanied to an investigatory meeting or interview by a party of their choosing. Both the accuser and accused will be simultaneously informed, in writing, of the outcome of the investigation. Findings made under this process are not subject to appeal by either party.

Employees who violate (SWALE) will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination of employment. The Title IX Coordinator or their designee will be consulted to determine whether interim interventions and protective measure should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by NAU.

For more information on the SWALE Policy and procedures see:

[\\naushares.ucc.nau.edu\police\Clerk\2017 Final ASRs\Safe Working and Learning Environment \(SWALE\)](https://naushares.ucc.nau.edu/police/Clerk/2017%20Final%20ASRs/Safe%20Working%20and%20Learning%20Environment%20(SWALE))

[Equity and Access \(SWALE\) Policy](#)

STATEMENT REGARDING CONFIDENTIALITY

Confidential or Anonymous Reporting If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the college disciplinary system or the criminal justice system, you may want to consider making a confidential report. A MCCCCD Police Officer can file a report on the incident without revealing the identity of the victim. The purpose of the report is to maintain confidentiality, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the college can keep accurate records of the

number of incidents involving students, employees and visitors; determine where there may be a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential dangers. Reports filed in this manner are disclosed in the Annual Security Report for the institution for statistical purposes. When the report involves allegations of sexual harassment (including sexual violence), it is made available to the campus Title IX Coordinator. You can request MCCCDS DPS to ask that the information remain confidential.

Victims who wish to seek assistance regarding an incident of sexual assault or other gender violence with the maximum confidentiality protections are encouraged to contact Counseling Services or Victim-Witness Services. When University employees who are not subject to a legally recognized privilege receive or become aware of an incident, the University will consider the request of a victim for privacy to the extent consistent with its obligation to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students. It will also seek to limit information sharing to those with a role in evaluating that obligation or handling the University's response, such as the provision of interim measures. Additionally, confidentiality cannot be ensured under circumstances where University members have a Duty to Report as outlined in A.R.S. 13-3620 relating to minors.

University CSAs can meet their Clery obligation to report the crime statistic while maintaining the confidentiality of the victim by utilizing the CSA Crime Statistic Report form located on the NAU PD's web page. This form is submitted to the NAU PD for inclusion in the year's Clery statistics; however it does not include any personally identifiable information. A victim's personally identifying information is not included in any Clery Act reporting and disclosures such as the Daily Crime Log, Annual Security Report or Timely Warnings.

Because police reports are public record under state law, the MCCCDS DPS and / or NAU PD cannot hold reports of crime in confidence.

SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act mandates that convicted sex offenders, required to register under state law, must also disclose their association with institutions of higher education when applicable. Specifically affected are those registered sex offenders who attend as students, are employed by or employed at, or volunteer at institutions of higher education.

The Arizona Department of Public Safety (AZ DPS) has established the Arizona Sex Offender Information Center according to the requirements of ARS 13-3827. AZ DPS is responsible for the maintaining the site and annually verifying the addresses of all registered sex offenders.

For more information go to: http://www.azdps.gov/Services/Sex_Offender/.

MCCCDS DPS may notify the campus community of a registered sex offender as required by law. The notification process could be through safety alerts on the MCCCDS DPS web

page and/or safety alerts posted on campus. The Maricopa County Sheriff's Office also has information available to the public on registered sex offenders through their "Offender Watch" program, which can be accessed at:

http://www.sheriffalerts.com/cap_main.php?office=54780

WEAPONS POLICY

Arizona State law ARS 13-2911 provides for the MCCCDC Governing Board to regulate deadly weapons, which includes firearms, on District campuses. The MCCCDC does not allow firearms or any deadly weapon on any of its campuses. Police officers do have exemptions from these laws. However, contact the campus Public Safety office to ascertain who may have authority to carry a firearm on campus. To view the District weapons policy, go to MCCCDC Administrative Regulation: 4.6 Weapons policy, or click on the link below.

https://www.maricopa.edu/publicstewardship/governance/adminregs/auxiliary/4_6.php

Any person violating the policy shall be ordered to leave the campus. Any person, who refuses to leave, shall be subject to arrest under ARS 13-1502 Third Degree, Criminal Trespass. Any student violating this policy is also subject to applicable college disciplinary procedures. If a person having a weapon appears dangerous, is acting suspicious, is threatening, or is behaving irrationally, stay away from the individual and call MCCCDC DPS at **480-784-0911 or 9-1-1** immediately.

CRIME STATISTICS

Crime statistics are gathered in accordance with the guidelines established under the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. In addition to publishing this Annual Security Report, the NAU Police Department submits the annual crime statistics published in this report to the U.S. Department of Education.

The following are Arizona definitions (Violence against Women Act -VAWA) crimes- include dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking:

Domestic Violence: means any act that is a dangerous crime against children as defined in section 13-705 or an offense prescribed in section 13-1102, 13-1103, 13-1104, 13-1105, 13-1201, 13-1202, 13-1203, 13-1204, 13-1302, 13-1303, 13-1304, 13-1406, 13-1425, 13-1502, 13-1503, 13-1504, 13-1602 or 13-2810, section 13-2904, subsection A, paragraph 1, 2, 3 or 6, section 13-2910, subsection A, paragraph 8 or 9, section 13-2915, subsection A, paragraph 3 or section 13-2916, 13-2921, 13-2921.01, 13-2923, 13-3019, 13-3601.02 or 13-3623, if any of the following applies:

1. The relationship between the victim and the defendant is one of marriage or former marriage or of persons residing or having resided in the same household.
2. The victim and the defendant have a child in common.
3. The victim or the defendant is pregnant by the other party.
4. The victim is related to the defendant or the defendant's spouse by blood or court order as a parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, brother or sister or by marriage as a parent-in-law, grandparent-in-law, stepparent, step-grandparent, stepchild, step-grandchild, brother-in-law or sister-in-law.
5. The victim is a child who resides or has resided in the same household as the defendant and is related by blood to a former spouse of the defendant or to a person who resides or who has resided in the same household as the defendant.
6. The relationship between the victim and the defendant is currently or was previously a romantic or sexual relationship. ***In Arizona, this includes housing roommates.***

Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating Violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Please note that Arizona's domestic violence laws encompass the definition of dating violence.

Stalking: A person commits stalking if the person intentionally or knowingly engages in a course of conduct that is directed toward another person and if that conduct either:

1. Would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of that person's immediate family member and that person in fact fears for the person's safety or the safety of that person's immediate family member.
2. Would cause a reasonable person to fear death of that person or that person's immediate family member and that person in fact fears death of that person or that person's immediate family member.

Sexual assault: A person commits sexual assault by intentionally or knowingly engaging in sexual intercourse or oral sexual contact with any person without consent of such person.

Sexual abuse: A person commits sexual abuse by intentionally or knowingly engaging in sexual contact with any person who is fifteen or more years of age without consent of that person or with any person who is under fifteen years of age if the sexual contact involves only the female breast.

Sexual conduct with a minor (Statutory Rape) A person commits sexual conduct with a minor by intentionally or knowingly engaging in sexual intercourse or oral sexual contact with any person who is under eighteen years of age.

Incest: Persons who are eighteen or more years of age and are within the degrees of consanguinity within which marriages are declared by law to be incestuous and void, who knowingly intermarry with each other, or who knowingly commit fornication or adultery with each other are guilty of a class 4 felony.

Additional information on definitions for Arizona Revised Statute Sex Offenses may be found at:

<http://www.azleg.gov/FormatDocument.asp?inDoc=/ars/13/01401.htm&Title=13&DocType=ARS>

CLERY CRIME DEFINITIONS

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter By Negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned - including joyriding.)

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals for Violations of Weapons, Drugs and Liquor Laws- An **arrest** for Clery Act purposes is when a person is processed by arrest, citation or summons.

Referred for disciplinary action is the referral of any person to any university official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is kept and which may result in the imposition of a sanction.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.

Drug Abuse Violations: The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs.

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of state or local laws or ordinance prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

CLERY GEOGRAPHIC CATEGORIES

On Campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by the institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and any building or property that is within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

On-Campus Residential: Any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution, or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution, and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus student housing facility.

Non-campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property (other than a branch campus) owned or controlled by the institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public Property: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

The campus crime, arrest and referral statistics contained in this report include reports made to the NAU PD / MCCCCD DPS, reports made to University officials who include campus security authorities, and reports made to other law enforcement agencies. It should be noted that not all law enforcement agencies queried either responded to the request for statistics and/or were able to provide statistics for NAU's Clery reportable geography.

HATE CRIMES

Northern Arizona University is also required to report statistics for hate (bias) related crimes by the type of bias. A hate or bias related crime is not a separate, distinct crime; it is a criminal offense committed against a person or property which is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender's bias. Bias is a pre-formed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, ethnicity, or disability. For example, a subject assaults a victim, which is a crime. If the facts of the case indicate that the offender was motivated to commit the offense because of their bias against the victim's race, sexual orientation, etc., the assault is then also classified as a hate/bias crime.

For Clery purposes, Hate Crimes include the following classifications: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sex offenses (rape, fondling, incest, statutory rape), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, and arson (previously defined under Clery Act Crime Definitions) and larceny, vandalism, intimidation, and simple assault (defined below).

Larceny: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Vandalism: To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.

Reported Hate Crimes at MCCCCD campuses for NAU's Clery reportable geography:

2017: (1) Hate Crime related to a Sex Offence occurred at Estrella Mountain Campus, Maricopa County Community College District.

2016: No Hate Crimes reported

2015: No Hate Crimes reported

Chandler/Gilbert CC: Maricopa Community College District Campus			
	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Fondling			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	2	0	0
2017	1	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Glendale CC: Maricopa Community College District Campus			
	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Fondling			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	2	0	0
2017	7	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	2	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	5	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0

Mesa CC: Maricopa Community College District Campus			
	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	2	0	0
Fondling			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	2	0	0
2017	3	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	3	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	1	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	2	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Paradise Valley CC : Maricopa Community College District Campus			
	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Fondling			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	1	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	3	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Phoenix College: Maricopa Community College District Campus			
	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Fondling			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	3	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	1	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	2	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Scottsdale CC: Maricopa Community College District Campus			
	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Fondling			
2015	1	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	4	0	0
2017	2	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	1	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

South Mountain CC: Maricopa Community College District Campus			
	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Fondling			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	1	0	0
2017	2	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	1	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	1	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	1	0	0
2017	4	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0

**West Valley (Estrella Mountain C C): Maricopa Community College
District Campus**

	<u>On Campus</u>	<u>Public Property</u>	<u>Unfounded Crimes</u>
Murder			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	1	0	0
Fondling			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Incest			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Robbery			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Burglary			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Motor Vehicle Theft			
2015	0	0	0
2016	1	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arson			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Weapons Possession			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrest: Drug Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Laws			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
<u>VAWA</u>			
Dating Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0

Domestic Violence			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0
Stalking			
2015	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0